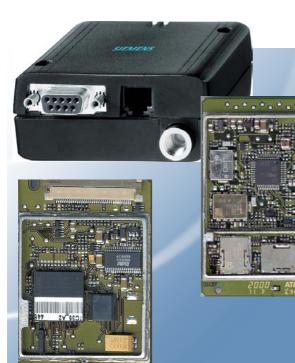
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AT Command Set Siemens Cellular Engines



TC35 Module TC37 Module TC35 Terminal

Version: 03.00 DocID: TC3X-ATC-01-V03.00

Wireless Modules



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0 Version History

This chapter reports modifications and improvements over previous versions of the document.

Chapter	Page	AT command	What is new	
2.2	12	+++	Added: +++ not usable in Multiplex mode	
			3. a transmit inactivity of at least 1000 ms	
2.14	22	ATI[value]	Additional Note added	
2.32	29	ATZ	Instructions on how to manage user defined profile	
2.35	30	AT&F	and default profile	
2.38	32	AT&W	Additional information implemented for multiplexer mode	
2.45	36	AT+IPR	Additional information in the Note to the swiching of the Baudrate.	
3.23	49	AT+FRS	Correction of on-HOOK state	
4.2	53	AT+CALA	Added: No charging functionality provided in Alarm mode. AT^SBC can only be used to query present current consumption, not the battery capacity.	
4.18	67	8 67 AT+CLCK	AT+CLCK	Changing of class 7 to:
			7 all classes except class 8 (default)	
4.24	74	AT+CMUX	Note added how to get information to the multiplexer	
4.41	95	AT+CSNS	Command available after PIN authentication	
5.6	110	AT+CMGS	Note 6 implemented, the meaning of GSM character	
5.7	112	AT+CMGW	set	
5.9	115	AT+CNMA	Notes on Multiplex mode added	
5.10	116	AT+CNMI		
6.5	129	AT^SBC	Added: no charging functionality provided in Alarm mode.	
6.13	137	AT^SLCK	Changing of class 7 to:	
			7 all classes except class 8 (default)	
6.29	148	AT^SPBS	Feature has been bugfixed. Indicates now physical memory locations of active phonebook.	
7.2	166	AT+CSNS	Moved from PIN free to PIN requiring commands	

"AT Command Set" Version 02.10 => 03.00:

Chapter	Page	AT command	What is new	
1.4	11	AT command syntax described in a separate chapter, further details added		
2.5 - 2.10	14ff	Description of ATD	commands revised	
2.45.1	37	AT+IPR	More detailed description of autobauding	
4.2	53	AT+CALA	Alarm mode added	
4.20	70	CLIR	CLIR described	
4.24.1	76	AT+MUX	Description revised	
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4.31	83	AT+CPIN	Further codes added	
			Failed attempts to enter PIN (brief description)	
4.32	85	AT+CPIN2	Description revised	
4.41	95	AT+CSNS	Description added	
4.43	97	AT+CSSN	Description of <code1> and <code2> added.</code2></code1>	
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5	102ff	Length of SMS and	CSCA added	
5.10	116	AT+CNMI	<mode> 2 added</mode>	
6.5	129	AT^SBC	Charge-only mode added	
6.9	134	AT^SCTM	Different URCs for module and battery, description added	
6.22	142	Audio settings	Figure added	
6.24	144	AT^SFNS	Note added that settings not retained after shutdown	
6.28	147	AT^SPBG	Feature in current release only for reading, not for di- aling. Description modified.	
6.29	148	AT^SPBS	See AT^SPBG	
6.35	153	AT^SSYNC	Behaviour of LED in Charge-only and Alarm modes	
7.1.1	155	Error Codes	No. 48 added	
7.1.3	159	URCs	Further URCs added, Examples added	
7.2 / 7.3	166/168	Availability of AT co	mmands with or without PIN authentication	
7.4	170	#31# and *31#	CLIR activation and deactivation added	

"AT Command Set" Version **02.10 => 2.10a**:



1 Introduction

1.1 Scope of the document

This document presents the AT Command Set for the following Siemens cellular engines:

TC35 Module TC37 Module TC35 Terminal

The AT commands detailed in this document are supported by all four products. Where differences occur, they are noted in the chapter that refers to the command. In the present version, the only exception is the AT^SSYNC command that offers various modes depending on the model (see Chapter 6.35).

1.2 Conventions

Throughout the document, the GSM engines are referred to as ME (Mobile Equipment), MS (Mobile Station), TA (Terminal Adapter), DCE (Data Communication Equipment) or facsimile DCE (FAX modem, FAX board).

To control your GSM engine you can simply send AT Commands via its serial interface. The controlling device at the other end of the serial line is referred to as TE (Terminal Equipment), DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) or plainly 'the application' (probably running on an embedded system).

1.3 Supported character sets

The ME uses 2 character sets: GSM 03.38 (7 bit, see character tables in Chapter 7.5, pg. 172) and UCS2 (16 Bit, refer ISO/IEC 10646). Also refer to subclause "AT+CSCS Set TE character set", pg. 94.

With the intention of using an ASCII terminal to enter characters which are coded differently in ASCII and GSM (e.g. Ä, Ö, Ü), these characters have to be entered via escape sequences. Such a character is translated into the corresponding GSM character value and if output later, the GSM character value is issued. Any ASCII terminal then will have to show wrong responses.

For instance:

GSM 03.38 character	GSM character hex. value	Corresponding ASCII character	ASCII Esc sequence	Hex Esc sequence
Ö	5C	١	\5C	5C 35 43
"	22	"	\22	5C 32 32
ò	08	BSP	\08	5C 30 38
@	00 ¹⁾	NULL	\00	5C 30 30

¹⁾ Use of the GSM Null character may cause problems on application level when using a 'C'-function as "strlen()" and should thus be represented by an escape sequence.

1.4 AT command syntax

The "AT" or "at" prefix must be set at the beginning of each command line. To terminate a command line enter <CR>.

Commands are usually followed by a response that includes "<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>". Throughout this document, only the responses are presented, <CR><LF> are omitted intentionally.

Types of AT commands and responses:

Test command	AT+CXXX=?	The mobile equipment returns the list of parameters and value ranges set with the corresponding Write command or by internal processes.
Read command	AT+CXXX?	This command returns the currently set value of the parameter or parameters
Write command	AT+CXXX=<>	This command sets user-definable parameter values.
Execution command	AT+CXXX	The execution command reads non-variable parameters affected by internal processes in the GSM engine.

1.4.1 Using parameters

- Default parameters are underlined throughout this document.
- Optional parameters are enclosed in square brackets. If optional parameters are omitted, the current settings are used until you change them.
- Optional parameters or subparameters can be omitted unless they are followed by other parameters. If you want to omit a parameter in the middle of a string it must be replaced by a comma. Example:

AT+CPBW=,<number>,<type>,<text> writes a phonebook entry to the first free memory location. AT+CPBW=<index>,<number>,<type>,<text> writes a phonebook entry to the memory location specified by <index>.

- When the parameter is a character string, e.g. <text> or <number>, the string must be enclosed in quotation marks, e.g. "Charlie Brown" or "+49030xxxx". Symbols within quotation marks will be recognized as strings.
- All spaces will be ignored when using strings without quotaton marks.
- It is possible to omit the leading zeros of strings which represent numbers.
- In case of using V.25ter commands without giving an optional parameter, its value is assumed to be 0.

1.4.2 Combining AT commands on the same command line

You may enter several AT commands on the same line. This eliminates the need to type the "AT" or "at" prefix before each command. Instead, it is only needed once at the beginning of the command line. Use a semicolon as command delimiter.

The table below lists the AT commands you cannot enter together with other commands on the same line. Otherwise, the responses may not be in the expected order.

V.25ter commands	With	FAX commands, Prefix AT+F
GSM 7.07 commands	With	Siemens commands, Prefix AT^S
GSM 7.05 commands (SMS)		Used standalone
Commands starting with AT&		Used standalone

Note: Generally, appending the same or mixed AT commands should be avoided. If nevertheless you need to do enter several commands on the same line, note that the number of subsequent commands is limited.

2 Standard V.25ter AT Commands

These AT Commands are related to ITU-T (International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication sector) V.25ter document.

The TC35 Module, the TC37 Module and the TC35 Terminal support the registers S0-S29. You can change S0,S3,S4,S5,S6,S7,S8,S10,S18 by using the appropriate ATSn commands. All the other registers are read-only and for internal usage only!

2.1 A/ Repeat previous command line				
Execute command	Response			
A/	Repeats previous command line. Line does not need to end with terminating character. Parameter			
Reference	Note			
V.25ter	 After beginning with the character "a" or "A", a second character "t" ""T" or "/" has to follow. In case of using a wrong second character, it is necessary to start again with character "a" or "A". If autobauding is active (see +IPR, pg. 35) A/ (and a/) cannot be used. 			

2.2 +++ Swi	itch from data mode to command mode
Execute command	Response
+++	If TA receives the characters +++: TA cancels the data flow via the AT interface and switches to command mode.
	ОК
	Note:
	This command is available in data mode only.
	The escape sequence consists of
	1. a transmit inactivity of at least 1000 ms,
	2. three escape characters ('+') in succession all within 1000 ms,
	3. a transmit inactivity of at least 1000 ms
Reference	Note:
V.25ter	 The +++ command is only intended for data calls. In Multiplex mode, the command is not effective. See Chapter 4.24, p. 74 for detail.

2.3 AT\Qn	Flowcontrol
Execute command	Response
AT\Q <n></n>	OK
	Parameter
	$$ <u>0</u> AT\Q0 disables flow control
	1 AT\Q1 XON/XOFF software flow control
	2 AT\Q2 only CTS by DCE
	3 AT\Q3 RTS/CTS
Reference	Note Line state refers to RS-232 levels.

2.4 ATA An	swer a call
Execute command	TA causes remote station to go off-hook (e.g. answer call).
ΑΤΑ	Note1:Any additional commands on the same command line are ignored.Note2:This command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during execution. It can't be aborted in some connection setup states, such as handshaking.
	Response
	Response in case of data call, if successfully connected:
	CONNECT <text> TA switches to data mode.</text>
	Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text>
	Response in case of voice call, if successfully connected: OK
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	Response if no connection:
	NO CARRIER
	Parameter
Reference	Note
V.25ter	See also AT+ATX and chapter 7.1.4 for <text></text>

2.5 ATD M	obile originated call to dial a number
Execute command ATD[<n>]</n>	This command can be used to set up outgoing <i>voice, data or fax calls</i> . It also serves to control <i>supplementary services</i> . Note:
[<mgsm][;]< td=""><td>The command may be aborted generally when receiving an ATH command during execution. It can't be aborted in some connection setup states, such as hand-shaking. Different behavior between voice and data call. Behaviour depends on parameter setting of AT^SM20. Voice call setup terminates immediately with OK. Data call setup terminates when call has been established. Response</td></mgsm][;]<>	The command may be aborted generally when receiving an ATH command during execution. It can't be aborted in some connection setup states, such as hand-shaking. Different behavior between voice and data call. Behaviour depends on parameter setting of AT^SM20. Voice call setup terminates immediately with OK. Data call setup terminates when call has been established. Response
	If no dialtone (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): NO DIALTONE
	If busy (parameter setting ATX3 or ATX4): BUSY
	If a connection cannot be set up: NO CARRIER
	If successfully connected and non-voice call: CONNECT <text> TA switches to data state.</text>
	Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text>
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	If successfully connected and voice call: OK
	Parameter
	<n> String of dialling digits and optionally V.25ter modifiers (dialling digits): 0-9, *, #, +, A, B, C V.25ter modifiers: these are ignored: ,(comma), T, P, !, W, @</n>
	Emergency call:
	<n> = 112 worldwide number (no SIM needed) <mgsm> String of GSM modifiers:</mgsm></n>
	 I Activates CLIR (disables presentation of own phone number to called party) i Deactivates CLIR (enables presentation of own phone number to
	called party)
Reference	<;> Only required to set up voice calls. TA remains in command mode.
V.25ter/GSM 07.07	 Parameter "I" and "i" only if no *#-code is within the dial string. <mgsm> is not supported for data calls.</mgsm> <n> is default for last number that can be dialled by ATDL.</n>
	 See also +ATX and chapter 7.1.4 for <text>.</text> The *#-codes are available for voice calls (i.e. use ´; ´) only. If ATD is used with a USSD command (e.g. ATD*100#;) an AT+CUSD=1 is executed implicitly. (see AT+CUSD, pg. 97).

2.6 ATD><mem><n> Originate call to phone number <n> in memory <mem>

This command allows you to dial a phone number from a specific phonebook. To initiate a call, enter a two letter abbreviation for the phonebook <mem>, followed by the memory location <n> of the desired entry. The location range of each phonebook can be queried by AT+CPBR (see Chapter 4.28).

Execute command	TA attempts	to set up an outgoing call to the specified number.
ATD> <mem> <n>[<mgsm>][;]</mgsm></n></mem>	ex	is command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during ecution. Abortion is not possible during some states of connection tup such as handshaking.
	Response	
		ated to ME functionality:
	+CME ERR	•
	If no dialton	e (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): DNE
	If buey (par	imeter setting ATX3 or ATX4):
	BUSY	
	If connection	n cannot be set up:
	NO CARRII	ČR
		Ily connected and non-voice call: <text> TA switches to data state.</text>
	CONNECT	Note: $<$ text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.
	When TA re OK	turns to command mode after call release:
	If successfu	lly connected and voice call:
	ОК	
	Parameter	achook:
	<mem> pho</mem>	"SM" SIM phonebook (storage depending on SIM card)
		"FD" SIM fixdialling phonebook (pos. 1-7)
		"LD" SIM last-dialling-phonebook (usually the last 10 numbers di-
		aled are stored on the SIM card, no matter whether or not the calls were successfully set up)
		"MC" ME missed (unanswered received) calls list (up to 10 numbers)
		"RC" SIM received calls list
		"ME" ME Phonebook (up to 50 numbers)
		"ON" SIM (or ME) own numbers (MSISDNs) list
		Note: <mem> must be included in quotation marks (""), if parameter <mgsm> is used. If not, quotation marks are optional.</mgsm></mem>
	< <u>n</u> >	Integer type memory location in the range of locations available in the selected memory, i.e. the index number returned by AT+CPBR.



	<mgsm></mgsm>	I Activates CLIR (disables presentation of own phone number to called party)
		i Deactivates CLIR (enables presentation of own phone number to called party)
	<;>	Only required to set up voice calls. TA remains in command mode.
Reference	Note	
V.25ter/GSM	• There is	no <mem> for emergency call ("EN").</mem>
07.07		nd is not supported for data call!
		er < mgsm > only if no *# code is within the dial string.
	• The *# c	odes are only available for voice calls (i.e use ';').
	See also	ATX and chapter 7.1.4 for <text>.</text>
Example	To query th AT+CPBR=1	e location number of the phonebook entry: , xx
	TA returns t	the entries available in the active phonebook.
	cation 15:	umber from the SIM phonebook, for example the number stored to lo-
	ATD>SM15;	
	OK	
	To dial a ph ATD>LD9; OK	one number stored in the last dial memory on the SIM card:

2.7 ATD><n> Originate call to phone number selected from active memory

This command can be used to dial a phone number selected from the active memory. The active memory is the phonebook selected with AT+CPBS (see Chapter 4.29). To set up a call simply enter the memory location of the desired entry. The memory location range of each phonebook can be queried by AT+CPBR (see Chapter 4.28).

Execute command ATD> <n>[<mgsm>][;]</mgsm></n>	 TA attempts to set up an outgoing call to the stored number. Note: This command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during execution. It can't be aborted in some connection setup states, such as handshaking.
	Response
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	If no dialtone (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): NO DIALTONE
	If busy (parameter setting ATX3 or ATX4): BUSY
	If a connection cannot be set up:
	NO CARRIER
	If successfully connected and non-voice call:
	CONNECT <text> TA switches to data state.</text>
	Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text>
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	If successfully connected and voice call:
	OK
	Parameter
	<n> integer type memory location should be in the range of locations available in the memory used, i.e. the index number returned by AT+CPBR.</n>
	<mgsm> I Activates CLIR (disables presentation of own phone number to called party)</mgsm>
	 Deactivates CLIR (enables presentation of own phone number to called party)
	<;> Only required to set up voice calls. TA remains in command mode.
Reference	Note
V.25ter/GSM 07.07	• Parameter <mgsm> only if no *# code is within the dial string.</mgsm>
	 Command is not supported for data call! The *# codes are only available for voice calls (i.e. use ´;´).
	 The # codes are only available for voice calls (i.e. use ,). See also +ATX and chapter 7.1.4 for <text>.</text>

2.8 ATD><str> Originate call to phone number in memory with corresponding field

This command searches the active phonebook for a given string <str> and dials the assigned phone number. The active phonebook is the one set with AT+CPBS.

Execute command ATD> <str>[mgsm][;]</str>	 TA attempts to set up an outgoing call to stored number Note: This command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during execution. It can't be aborted in some connection setup states, such as handshaking. Response If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
	If no dialtone (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): NO DIALTONE
	If busy (parameter setting ATX3 or ATX4): BUSY
	If a connection cannot be set up: NO CARRIER
	If successfully connected and non-voice call:
	CONNECT <text> TA switches to data state.</text>
	Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text>
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	If successfully connected and voice call: OK
	Parameter
	<str> string type value ("x"), which should equal an alphanumeric field in at least one phonebook entry in the searched memories; used char- acter set should be the one selected with Select TE Character Set +CSCS. <str> can contain escape sequences as described in chapter "Supported character sets", pg. 10. <str> must be wrapped in quotation marks (""), if escape sequences or parameter <mgsm> are used or if the alphanumeric strings con- tains a blank. If not, quotation marks are optional.</mgsm></str></str></str>
	<mgsm> I Activates CLIR (disables presentation of own phone number to called party) i Deactivates CLIR (enables presentation of own phone number to called party)</mgsm>
	<;> Only required to set up voice calls. TA remains in command mode.
Reference	Note
V.25ter/GSM 07.07	Command is not supported for data calls! See also ATX and Chapter 7.1.4 for <text></text>

2.9 ATDI Mo	bile originated call to dialable ISDN number <n></n>
Execute command ATDI <n>[;]</n>	 TA attempts to set up an outgoing call to ISDN number. Note: This command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during execution. This command cannot be aborted in some connection setup states, such as handshaking.
	Response If no dialtone (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): NO DIALTONE
	If busy (parameter setting ATX3 or ATX4): BUSY
	If a connection cannot be set up: NO CARRIER
	If successful connected and non-voice call: CONNECT <text> TA switches to data state. Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text></text>
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	If successfully connected and voice call: OK
	Parameter <n> [+]<d> phone number string with maximum length of 20 characters + international dialling format <d> ISDN number string of digits: +,0-9, A, B, C <;> voice call</d></d></n>
Reference V.25ter	

2.10 ATDL R	edial last telephone number used
Execute command ATDL[;]	This command redials the last voice and data call number used in the ATD command.
	 To redial the last data call number simply enter ATD To redial the last voice call number type ATD;
	Note: The command may be aborted generally by receiving a character during execution. This command cannot be aborted in some connection setup states, such as handshaking.
	Response
	If there is no last number or number is not valid: +CME ERROR
	If no dialtone (parameter setting ATX2 or ATX4): NO DIALTONE
	If busy (parameter setting ATX3 or ATX4): BUSY
	If a connection cannot be set up: NO CARRIER
	If successfully connected and non-voice call:
	CONNECT <text> TA switches to data state. Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text></text>
	When TA returns to command mode after call release: OK
	If successfully connected and voice call: OK
	Parameter
	<;> voice call
Reference	Note
V.25ter	In case of voice calls "," is necessary.

2.11 ATE En	able command echo
Write command ATE[<value>]</value>	This setting determines whether or not the TA echoes characters received from TE during command state. Response OK Parameter <value> 0 Echo mode off1 Echo mode on</value>
Reference V.25ter	 Note In case of using the command without parameter, <value> is set to 0.</value> Echo is disabled with the start of multiplex mode (see AT+CMUX, pg. 74). Therefore echo is not available on logical channels: ATE0 responds with OK, ATE1 responds with ERROR.

2.12 ATH Dis	sconnect existing connection
Execute command ATH[n]	Response Disconnect existing call from command line by local TE and terminate call OK Note: OK is issued after circuit 109 (DCD) is turned off (RS-232 level), if it was previously on. Parameter <n> 0 disconnect from line and terminate call</n>
Reference V.25ter	 Note If multiplex mode (AT+CMUX) is used: ATH terminates every data call, even if it is issued via logical channels 2 or 3. This behavior is in accordance with ITU-T V.25 ter; (07/97, see "6.3.6 Hook control": "ATH is terminating any call in progress.")

2.13 ATI Display product identification information		
Execute command	Response	
ATI	ME issues product information text	
	SIEMENS	
	TC35	
	REVISION x.yy	
	ОК	
	Explanation of "Revision" parameter:	
	Version x and variant yy of software release.	
Reference	Note	
V.25ter		

2.14 ATI[value] Display additional identification information	
Execute command	Response
ATI[value]	ок
Reference	Note
V.25ter	All values behind Ati response with OK

2.15 ATL Set monitor speaker loudness		
Execute command	Response	
ATL[val]	ОК	
Reference	Note	
V.25ter	 Commands ATL and ATM are implemented only for V.25ter compatibility reasons, no action takes place. In multiplex mode the command is supported on logical channel 1 only. 	

2.16 ATM Set monitor speaker mode		
Execute command	Response	
ATM[val]	ок	
Reference	Note	
V.25ter	 Commands ATL and ATM are implemented only for V.25ter compatibility reasons, no action takes place. In multiplex mode the command is supported on logical channel 1 only. 	

2.17 ATO Switch from command mode to data mode		
Execute command	Response	
ATO[n]	TA resumes the connection and switches back from command mode to data mode.	
	If connection is not successfully resumed NO CARRIER	
	or	
	TA returns to data mode from command mode CONNECT <text></text>	
	Note: <text> output only if +ATX parameter setting with value > 0.</text>	
	Parameter	
	<n> 0 switch from command mode to data mode</n>	
Reference	Note	
V.25ter		

2.18 ATQ Set result code presentation mode		
Write command	Response	
ATQ[<n>]</n>	This parameter setting determines whether or not the TA transmits any result code to the TE. Information text transmitted in response is not affected by this setting. If <n>=0: OK If <n>=1: (none) Parameter <n> 0 DCE transmits result code 1 Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted</n></n></n>	
Reference V.25ter	Note	

2.19 ATP Select pulse dialling	
Execute command ATP	Response OK
Reference V.25ter	Note No effect for GSM

2.20 ATS0 Set number of rings before automatically answering the ca	2.20	ATS0	Set number of rin	gs before automatically	v answering the call
---	------	------	-------------------	-------------------------	----------------------

Read command ATS0?	Response <n> OK</n>	
Write command ATS0= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the number of rings before automatic answering. Response OK	
	Parameter	
	<n> <u>000</u> automatic answering is disabled</n>	
	001-255 enable automatic answering on the specified ring number	
Reference	Note	
V.25ter	This command works only in data and fax mode.	

2.21 ATS3 Write command line termination character		
Read command	Response	
ATS3? <n> OK</n>		
Write command ATS3= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the character recognized by TA to terminate an incoming command line.	
	Response	
	ОК	
	Parameter	
	<n> 000-013-127 command line termination character</n>	
	Note: Using other value than 13 may cause problems when entering com- mands	
Reference V.25ter	Note	

2.22 ATS4 Set response formatting character		
Read command	Response	
ATS4?	<n> OK</n>	
Write command ATS4= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the character generated by the TA for result code and information text.	
	Response	
	ОК	
	Parameter	
	<n> 000-<u>010</u>-127 response formatting character.</n>	
Reference V.25ter	Note	

2.23 ATS5 Write command line editing character		
Read command ATS5?	Response <n>OK</n>	
Write command ATS5= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the character recognized by TA as a request to delete the immediately preceding character from the command line. Response OK	
	Parameter <n> 000-008-127 command line editing character</n>	
Reference V.25ter	Note	

2.24 ATS6 Set pause before blind dialling		
Read command ATS6?	Response <n> OK</n>	
Write command	No effect for GSM	
ATS6= <n></n>	Response	
	OK	
	Parameter $ 000-255$ number of seconds to wait before blind dialling.	
Reference V.25ter	Note	

2.25 ATS7 Set number of seconds to wait for connection completion		
Read command ATS7?	Response <n> OK</n>	
Write command ATS7= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the amount of time to wait for the connection completion when answering or originating a call. Response OK	
	Parameter $<\mathbf{n}>$ 000 – <u>060</u> no. of seconds to wait for connection completion.	
Reference V.25ter	Note Values bigger than 60 cause no error, but $$ will be set down to maximum value of 60.	

2.26 ATS8 Set number of seconds to wait for comma dial modifier

Read command ATS8?	Response <n> OK</n>
Write command ATS8= <n></n>	No effect for GSM Response OK
	Parameter $<\mathbf{n}>$ 000 – 255 no. of seconds to wait for connection completion.
Reference V.25ter	Note

2.27 ATS10 S	Set disconnect delay after indicating the absence of data carrier
Read command ATS10?	Response <n> OK</n>
Write command ATS10= <n></n>	This parameter setting determines the amount of time, that the TA remains con- nected in absence of a data carrier. If the data carrier is detected before discon- nect, the TA remains connected. Response OK
	Parameter <n> 001-002-254 number of tenths of seconds of delay</n>
Reference V.25ter	Note

2.28 ATS18 E	xtended error	report	
Test command	Response		
ATS18?	<n> OK</n>		
Execute command ATS18= <n></n>	TA returns an extended report of the reason for the last call release and location.		
	<1)>	$\underline{0}$ – 255, odd numbers set extended error report and even numbers disable this feature.	
	Response		
	+CAUSE: <locatio< th=""><th colspan="2">+CAUSE: <location id="">: <reason> OK</reason></location></th></locatio<>	+CAUSE: <location id="">: <reason> OK</reason></location>	
	Parameter		
	<location id=""></location>	Location ID as number code (see subclause 7.1.5).	
	<reason></reason>	Reason for last call release as number code (see subclause 7.1.6).	
Reference	Note		
Siemens	This command wo	orks for data calls only. For voice calls please use AT+CEER.	

2.29 ATT Select tone dialling			
Execute command	Response		
ATT	OK		
Reference	Note		
V.25ter	No effect for GSM		

2.30 ATV Se	t result code format mode					
Write command	Response					
ATV[<value>]</value>	This parameter setting determines the contents of the header and trailer transmit- ted with result codes and information responses. When <value> =0 0 When <value> =1 OK Parameter <value> 0 Information response: <text><cr><lf> Chart result and formation to the CCR></lf></cr></text></value></value></value>					
	Short result code format: <numeric code=""><cr> 1 Information response: <cr><lf><text><cr><lf> Long result code format: <cr><lf><verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose></lf></cr></lf></cr></text></lf></cr></cr></numeric>					
Reference V.25ter	Note In case of using the command without parameter <value> will be set to 0.</value>					
V.20161	Information responses described in chapter 7 (verbose code and numeric code).					

2.31 ATX Se	t CONNECT result code format and call monitoring		
Write command	Response		
ATX[<value>]</value>	This parameter setting determines whether or not the TA detects the presence of dial tone and busy signal and whether or not TA transmits particular result codes.		
	OK		
	Parameter		
	<value></value>		
	0 CONNECT result code only returned, dial tone and busy de- tection are both disabled		
	1 CONNECT <text> result code only returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled</text>		
	2 CONNECT <text> result code returned, dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled</text>		
	3 CONNECT <text> result code returned, dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled</text>		
	4 CONNECT <text> result code returned, dial tone and busy de- tection are both enabled</text>		
Reference	Note		
V.25ter	Related <text> see chapter 7.1.4.</text>		
V.20101	Telaleu Nexiz See Chapter 7.1.4.		

2.32 ATZ Set all current parameters to user defined profile				
Execute command ATZ[<value>]</value>	Response TA sets all current parameters to the user profile stored with AT&W (see Chapter 2.38 on page 32). If a connection is in progess, it will be terminated. The user de- fined profile is stored to the non-volatile memory. Note: If invalid, the user profile will be reset to the factory default profile. Any ad- ditional commands on the same command line may be ignored. A delay of 300 ms is required before next command is sent, otherwise "OK" response may be corrupted. OK			
	Parameter <value> 0 Reset to user profile</value>			
Reference V.25ter	Note The GSM engines referred to in this manual can be assigned two profiles: the factory profile (restored with AT&F) and the user profile (stored with AT&W).			

2.33 AT&C Set circuit Data Carrier Detect (DCD) function mode			
Write command	Response		
AT&C[<value>]</value>	This parameter determines how the state of circuit 109(DCD) relates to the detection of received line signal from the distant end. OK		
	Parameter		
	<value></value>	0	DCD line is always ON.
		<u>1</u>	DCD line is ON in the presence of data carrier only.
Reference V.25ter	Note Line state	refers	to RS-232 levels.

2.34 AT&D Set circuit Data Terminal Ready (DTR) function mode

Write command	Response This parameter determines how the TA responds when circuit 108/2 (DTR) is changed from ON to OFF during data mode.			
AT&D[<value>]</value>				
	ОК			
	Parameter			
	<value></value>	0	TA ignores status on DTR.	
		1	ON->OFF on DTR: Change to command mode while retaining the connected call.	
		<u>2</u>	ON->OFF on DTR: Disconnect call, change to command mode. During state DTR = OFF is auto-answer off.	
Reference	Note			
V.25ter	V.25ter Line state refers to RS-232 levels.		to RS-232 levels.	

2.35 AT&F S	et all current parameters to manufacturer defaults					
Execute command	Response					
AT&F[value]	TA sets all current parameters to the manufacturer defined profile.					
	Note: Any additional commands on the same command line are ignored.					
	ОК					
	Parameter					
	<value> 0 set all TA parameters to manufacturer default</value>					
Reference	Note					
V.25ter	 List of parameters reset to manufacturer default (sorted by the associated A commands): E, Q, V, X, +CBST, +CRLP, +CRC, +CR, +CNMI, +CMEE, +CSMS, ^SCKS, ^SACM, +CREG, +CLIP, the S Parameters, &D, &C, &S In addition to the default profile, you can store an individual one with AT&W. 					
	alternate between the two profiles enter either ATZ (loads user profile) or A (restores factory profile). Refer to Chapter 2.38 for AT&W and Chapter 2.33 ATZ.					

2.36 AT&S Set circuit Data Set Ready (DSR) function mode			
Write command AT&S <value></value>	Response This parameter determines how the TA sets circuit 107 (DSR) depending on the communication state of the TA interfacing TE. OK		
		 <u>0</u> DSR always on. 1 TA in command mode: DSR is OFF. 1 TA in data mode: DSR is ON. 	
Reference V.25ter	Note Line state ref	ers to RS-232 levels.	

2.37 AT&V Di	splay current configuration						
Execute command	Response						
AT&V[<n>]</n>	TA returns the current parameter setting. The following table shows four different kinds of responses depending on whether the PIN is entered or not, and whether channel 1 is used or communication is done via logical channels 2 or 3. This requires the multiplex mode to be enabled (see "AT+CMUX Enter multiplex mode", pg. 74). Parameter						
• •••••	<n> 0 profile number</n>						
Channel 1 (with or without multi-	PIN entered or not required (see AT+CPIN, pg. 82)	Required PIN not entered					
plex mode en- abled)	ACTIVE PROFILE:	ACTIVE PROFILE:					
ableu)	E1 Q0 V1 X4 &C1 &D2 &S0 \Q0	E1 Q0 V1 X4 &C1 &D2 &S0 \Q0					
	S0:000 S3:013 S4:010 S5:008 S6:000 S7:060 S8:000 S10:002 S18:000	S0:000 S3:013 S4:010 S5:008 S6:000 S7:060 S8:000 S10:002 S18:000					
	+CBST: 7,0,1	+CBST: 7,0,1					
	+CRLP: 61,61,78,6	+CRLP: 61,61,78,6					
	+CR: 0 +FCLASS: 0	+CR: 0 +FCLASS: 0					
	+CRC: 0	+ILRR: 0					
	+CMGF: 0	+IPR: 0					
	+CNMI: 0,0,0,0,1	+CMEE: 2					
	+ILRR: 0	^SCKS: 0,1					
	+IPR: 0						
	+CMEE: 2	OK					
	^SMGO: 0,0						
	+CSMS: 0,1,1,1 ^SACM: 0,"000000","000000"						
	^SCKS: 0,1						
	+CREG: 0,1						
	+CLIP: 0,2						
	+CAOC: 0						
	+COPS: 0,0,"operator"						
	ОК						
Logical channels	+CRC: 0	+ILRR: 0					
2 and 3 (Multi-	+CMGF: 0	+IPR: 19200					
plex mode en- abled)	+CNMI: 0,0,0,0,1	+CMEE: 2					
ablea)	+ILRR: 0 +IPR: 19200	^SCKS: 0,1					
	+CMEE: 2	ОК					
	^SMGO: 0,0						
	+CSMS: 0,1,1,1						
	^SACM: 0,"000000","000000"						
	^SCKS: 0,1						
	+CREG: 0						
	+CLIP: 0,2 +CAOC: 0						
	+COPS: 0,0,"operator"						
	ОК						
Reference	Note: Parameter values and order are su	ubject to change.					

2.38 AT&W	Store current configuration to user defined profile
Execute command AT&W[<n>]</n>	Response TA stores the currently set parameters to a user defined profile in the non-volatile memory. OK Parameter <n> 0 number of profile If error is related to ME functionality ERROR/+CME ERROR: <err></err></n>
Reference V.25ter	 Note The user defined profile will be restored automatically after PowerUp. Use ATZ to restore user profile and AT&F to restore factory settings. Until the first use of AT&W, ATZ works as AT&F. See ATZ in Chapter 2.32 and AT&F in Chapter 2.35. List of settings stored to user defined profile: ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT+CRC, AT+CMGF, AT+CSDH, AT+CNMI, AT+ILRR, AT+CMEE, AT^SMGO, AT+CSMS, AT^SACM, ^SCKS, AT+CREG, AT+CLIP, AT+COPS. AT&C, AT&D, AT&S, ATS0, ATS3, ATS4, ATS5, ATS6, ATS7, ATS8, ATS10, ATS18, AT+FCLASS, AT+CBST, AT+CRLP, AT+CR. User defined profiles in multiplex mode: On each multiplexer channel you can save an individual profile. List of settings stored to profile on multiplexer channel 1: ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT+CRC, AT+CMGF, AT+CSDH, AT+CNMI, AT+ILRR, AT+CMEE, AT^SMGO, AT+CSMS, AT^SACM, ^SCKS, AT+CREG, AT+CLIP, AT+COPS. AT&E, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT+CRC, AT+CMGF, AT+CSDH, AT+CNMI, AT+ILRR, AT+CMEE, AT^SMGO, AT+CSMS, AT^SACM, ^SCKS, AT+CREG, AT+CLIP, AT+COPS. AT&C, AT&D, AT&S, ATS0, ATS3, ATS4, ATS5, ATS6, ATS7, ATS8, ATS10, ATS18, AT+FCLASS, AT+CBST, AT+CRLP, AT+CR.

2.39 AT+GCAP Request complete TA capabilities list	
Test command	Response
AT+GCAP=?	ОК
	Parameter
Execute command	Response
AT+GCAP	TA reports a list of additional capabilities.
	+GCAP: <name></name>
	ОК
	Parameter
	<name>e.g.: +CGSM, +FCLASS</name>
Reference	Note
V.25ter	+CGSM: The response text shows which GSM commands of the ETSI standard are supported.

2.40 AT+GMI	Request manufacturer identification
Test command	Response
AT+GMI=?	OK
Execute command AT+GMI	Response TA reports information to identify the manufacturer. SIEMENS OK
Reference	Note
V.25ter	See also "AT+CGMI Request manufacturer identification".

2.41 AT+GMM Request TA model identification	
Test command	Response
AT+GMM=?	ОК
Execute command AT+GMM	TA reports one or more lines of information text which permit the user to identify the specific model of device. TC35 OK
Reference	Note
V.25ter	See also "AT+CGMM Request model identification".

2.42 AT+GMR Request TA revision identification of software status	
Test command	Response
AT+GMR=?	ОК
Execute command	Response
AT+GMR	TA returns product software version identification text. <revision> OK Parameter <revision> x.yy Explanation of "Revision" parameter: Version x and variant yy of software release.</revision></revision>
Reference V.25ter	Note See also "AT+CGMR Request revision identification of software status".

2.43 AT+GSN	Request TA serial number identification(IMEI)
Test command	Response
AT+GSN=?	ОК
Execute command	Response
AT+GSN	TA reports one or more lines of information text which permit the user to identify the individual device.
	<sn></sn>
	ОК
	Parameter
	<sn> IMEI of the telephone(International Mobile station Equipment Identity)</sn>
Reference	Note
V.25ter	The serial number (IMEI) varies for every individual ME device.

2.44 AT+ILR	R Set TE-TA local rate reporting
Test command AT+ILRR=?	Response +ILRR: (list of supported <value>s) OK Parameter See write command</value>
Read command AT+ILRR?	Response +ILRR: <value> OK Parameter See write command</value>
Write command AT+ILRR= <value></value>	This parameter setting determines whether or not an intermediate result code of local rate is reported at connection setup. The rate is reported before the final result code of the connection is transmitted to the TE. Response OK Parameter <value> 0 Disables reporting of local port rate 1 Enables reporting of local port rate</value>
	Intermediate result +ILLR: <rate> Note: Indicates port rate setting on connection. Parameter <rate> port rate setting on call connection in bit per second <u>0</u> (Autobauding, see Chapter 2.45.1) 300 600 1200 2400 4800 9600 14400 19200 28800 38400</rate></rate>
Reference V.25ter	57600 115200 Note

2.45 AT+IPR	Set fixed local rate
Test command AT+IPR=?	Response +IPR: (list of supported auto-detectable <rate>s), (list of supported fixed-only <rate>s) OK Parameter See write command</rate></rate>
Read command AT+IPR?	Response +IPR: <rate> OK Parameter See write command</rate>
Write command AT+IPR= <rate></rate>	This command determines the data rate of the TA on the serial interface. A se- lected bitrate takes effect following the issue of any result code associated with this command (e.g. O.K.). The selected bitrate is stored to the non-volatile memory and will be used again after next power-up. However, in case of autobaud mode (+IPR=0) the actually detected bitrate is not saved and must be re-synchronized when ME is powered up again (see Chapter 2.45.1). Response OK If error is related to ME functionality ERROR/+CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <rate> bit rate per second</rate></err>
Reference V.25ter	115200 Note Factory setting of AT+IPR is autobauding enabled (AT+IPR=0).
	 Your current setting of AT+IPR will be preserved when you download new firmware (i.e. a firmware update does not restore the factory setting of AT+IPR=0); in the event of power failure.

2.45.1 Autobauding

The serial interface of the GSM engines supports autobauding in the range from **1200 to 115200** baud. Factory setting is autobaud mode enabled. To take advantage of autobaud mode specific attention must be paid to the following requirements:

Synchronization between DTE and DCE

Ensure that DTE and DCE are correctly synchronized and the bitrate used by the DTE is detected by the DCE (= ME). To allow the bitrate to be synchronized simply issue an "AT" or "at" string. This is necessary

- after you have activated autobauding
- when you start up the GSM engine while autobauding is enabled.

If you want to use autobauding and autoanswer at the same time, you can easily enable the synchronization, when you activate autobauding first and then configure the autoanswer mode (ATS0=0).

Restrictions on autobauding operation

- The serial interface has to be operated at 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit (factory setting).
- The A/ command (and a/) cannot be used.
- Only the strings "AT" or "at" can be detected (neither "aT" nor "At").
- The Unsolicited Result Code "^SYSSTART" is not indicated when you start up the ME while autobauding is enabled. This is due to the fact that the new bitrate is not detected unless DTE and DCE are correctly synchronized as described above.
- Any other Unsolicited Result Codes that may be issued before the ME detects the new bitrate (by receiving the first AT command string) will be sent at the previous bitrate.
- It is not recommended to switch to autobauding from a bitrate that cannot be detected by the autobaud mechnism (e.g. 300 baud). Responses to +IPR=0 and any commands on the same line might be corrupted.
- When entering several AT commands on the same line, consider the requirements described in the Notes of Chapter 2.45.
- See also AT+ILRR Set TE-TA local rate reporting , pg. 34

Autobauding and multiplex mode

If autobauding is active the multiplex mode (see +CMUX, pg. 74) cannot be activated (and if multiplex mode has been entered, **AT+IPR=<rate>** is not possible).

3 AT Commands for FAX

The following commands can be used for FAX transmission.

If the ME is acting as a Fax-Modem to a PC-based application (e.g. "WinFax") it is necessary to select the proper Service Class (Fax Class) provided by the ME. The ME reports its Service Class capabilities, both the current setting and the range of services available. This is provided by the AT+FCLASS command (see pg. 40).

Currently defind Service Class values (see TIA/EIA-592-A)				
ME	+FCLASS parameter	Service Class	Reference, Standard	
\$	0	data modem	e.g. TIA/EIA-602 or ITU V.25ter	
\$	1	Service Class 1	EIA/TIA-578-A	
	1.0	Service Class 1	ITU-T T.31	
\$	2	manufacture specific	this document and EIA PN-2388 (draft)	
	2.0	Service Class 2	TIA/EIA-592	
	2.1	Service Class 2	TIA/EIA-592-A or ITU-T T.32	
	8	Voice DCE	TIA IS-101	
	Reserved			

Note: Be aware that there is a difference between Service Classes 2 and 2.0! Only the first is applicable to the ME.

3.1 AT+FBADL	3.1 AT+FBADLIN Bad Line Treshold			
Read command AT+FBADLIN?	This command defines the "Copy-Quality-OK"-threshold. If <badline> consecu- tive lines have pixel count errors in normal resolution (98 dpi) mode, then the copy quality is unacceptable. If <badline> * 2 consecutive lines have pixel count errors in fine resolution (196 dpi) mode, then the copy quality is unacceptable. "Copy Quality Not OK" occurs if either the error percentage is too high or too many consecutive lines contain errors. A value of 0 implies that error checking is not present or disabled. Response <badlin> OK Parameter See write command</badlin></badline></badline>			
Write command AT+FBADLIN= <badlin></badlin>	Response OK If error is related to ME functionality:			
	ERROR Parameter <badlin> 0 - 10 - 255 bad lines</badlin>			
Reference	Note			
EIA PN-2388	Used for Fax class 2 only			

3.2 AT+FBADMUL Error Threshold Multiplier

Read command AT+FBADMUL?	This command defines the "Copy-Quality-OK" multiplier. The number of lines received with a bad pixel count is multiplied by this number. If the result exceeds the total number of lines on the page the error rate is considered too high. A threshold multiplier value of 20 corresponds to a 5% error rate. A value of 0 implies that error checking is not present or disabled. Response badmul> OK Parameter See write command
Write command AT+FBADMUL= <n></n>	ResponseOKIf error is related to ME functionality:ERRORParameter $<\mathbf{n}>$ $0 - \underline{20} - 255$
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only

3 3 ATLEROR	Query data bit order			
Test command AT+FBOR=?	Query the bit order for receive-mode. The mode is set by the ME dependent on the selected Service Class, see "AT+FCLASS Fax: Select, read or test service class", pg. 40. Response (list of supported bit order modes <bor>s) OK Parameter See write command</bor>			
Read command	Response			
AT+FBOR?	 bor> OK			
	Parameter			
	See write command			
Write command	Response			
AT+FBOR= <bor></bor>	ОК			
	Parameter			
	<bor> 0 direct bit order for both Phase C and for Phase B/D data.</bor>			
	1 Reversed bit order for Phase C data, direct Bit Order for Phase B/D data.			
Reference	Note			
EIA PN-2388	Used for Fax class 2 only			

3.4 AT+FCIG	Query or set the Local polling id
Test command AT+FCIG =?	Response (max. length of Local Polling ID string) (range of supported ASCII character val- ues) OK Parameter See write command
Read command AT+FCIG?	Response <id> OK Parameter See write command</id>
Write command AT+FCIG = <id></id>	Response OK Parameter <id>> Local Polling ID string, max. length and possible content as reported by test command. Default value is empty string ("").</id>
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note See also "AT+FLID Query or set the Local Id setting capabilities", pg. 46. Used for Faxclass 2 only

3.5 AT+FCLASS Fax: Select, read or test service class				
Test command	See introduction to fax commands, pg. 38.			
AT+FCLASS=?	Response			
	(list of supported < n > s)			
	ОК			
	Parameter			
	See write command			
Read command	Response			
AT+FCLASS?	<n> OK</n>			
	Parameter			
	See write command			
Write command	The ME is set to a particular mode of operation (data, fax). This causes the MA			
AT+FCLASS=		ation in a manner suitable for that type of information.		
<n></n>	Response			
	ОК			
	Parameter			
	<n> <u>0</u></n>	data (e.g. EIA/TIA-602 or ITU V.25ter)		
	1	Fax class 1 (EIA/TIA-578-A, Service Class 1)		
	2	Fax class 2 (EIA/TIA SP-2388, an early draft version of EIA/TIA-592-A – Service class 2.1)		
Reference	Note			
EIA/TIA-592-A	Using Error Corre avoided.	cting Mode (ECM) when sending FAXes over GSM should be		

3.6 AT+FCQ 0	Copy Quality Checking		
Test command AT+FCQ =?	This command controls Copy Quality checking when receiving a fax. Response (list of supported copy quality checking <cq>s) OK Parameter See write command</cq>		
Read command AT+FCQ?	Response <cq> OK Parameter See write command</cq>		
Write command AT+FCQ = <cq></cq>	Response OK OK Parameter <cq> 0 No copy quality checking. The ME will generate Copy Quality OK (MCF) responses to complete pages. 1 ME can check 1-D phase data. The connected application must check copy quality for 2-D phase C data</cq>		
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for for Faxclass 2 only.		

3.7 AT+FCR (Capability to receive
Write command AT+FCR= <cr></cr>	Response OK Parameter <cr></cr>
Reference Note EIA PN-2388 Used for Faxclass 2 only	

3.8 AT+FDCC	Query or set capabilities
Test command AT+FDCC =?	This command allows the connected application to sense and constrain the capabilities of the facsimile DCE (=ME), from the choices defined in CCITT T.30 Table 2. Response (list of $\langle VR \rangle s$), (list of $\langle BR \rangle s$), (list of $\langle WD \rangle s$), (list of $\langle LN \rangle s$), (list of $\langle DF \rangle s$), (list of $\langle EC \rangle s$), (list of $\langle BF \rangle s$), (list of $\langle ST \rangle s$) O K Parameter VR: Vertical Resolution, BR: Bit Rate, WD: Page Width, LN: Page Length, DF: Data Compression Format, EC: Error Correction Mode, BF: Binary File Transfer Mode, ST: Scan Time/Line. Note: For further information see AT+FDIS, pg. 44
Read command AT+FDCC?	Response <dcc> OK Parameter See write command</dcc>
Write command AT+FDCC= <vr>, ,<wd>,<ln>, <df>,<ec>,<bf>, <st></st></bf></ec></df></ln></wd></vr>	Response OK Parameter VR: Vertical Resolution, BR: Bit Rate, WD: Page Width, LN: Page Length, DF: Data Compression Format, EC: Error Correction Mode, BF: Binary File Transfer Mode, ST: Scan Time/Line. Note: For further information see AT+FDIS, pg. 44
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only

3.9 AT+FDFFC	3.9 AT+FDFFC Data Compression Format Conversion			
Test command AT+FDFFC=?	This parameter determines the ME response to a mismatch between the data format negotiated for the facsimile session, reported by the +FDCS:DF sub- parameter, and the Phase C data desired by the controlling application, indi- cated by the optional +FDT:DF subparameter, or the +FDIS=DF subparameter for the +FDR operation. Response (list of supported <df>s) OK Parameter See write command</df>			
Read command AT+FDFFC?	Response <df> OK Parameter See write command</df>			
Write command AT+FDFFC = <df></df>	Response OK Parameter <df> (df) 0 Mismatch checking is always disabled. The controlling application has to check the +FDCS: DF subparameter and transfer matching data.</df>			
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Fax Class 2 only			

3.10 AT+FDIS Query or set session parameters				
Test command AT+FDIS =?	This command allows the controlling application to sense and constrain the capabilities used for the current session. It uses +FDIS to generate DIS or DTC messages directly, and uses +FDIS and received DIS messages to generate DCS messages. Response (list of $\langle VR \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle BR \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle WD \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle LN \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle DF \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle EC \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle BF \rangle$ s), (list of $\langle ST \rangle$ s) Parameter See write command			
Read command AT+FDIS?	Response <cdec> OK Parameter See write command</cdec>			
Write command AT+FDIS = <vr>, ,<wd>,</wd></vr>	S = OK			
<ln>,<df>,<ec>, <bf>,<st></st></bf></ec></df></ln>	Vertical Resolution	VR	0 <u>1</u>	normal, 98 lpi fine, 196 lpi
	Bit Rate	BR	0 1 2 <u>3</u>	2400 bit/s, V.27ter 4800 bit/s, V.27ter 7200 bit/s, V.29 9600 bit/s, V.29
	Page Width	WD	<u>0</u> *) 1 2 3 4	1728 pixels in 215mm 2048 pixels in 255mm 2432 pixels in 303mm 1216 pixels in 151mm 864 pixels in 107mm
	Page Length	LN	0 1 <u>2</u>	A4, 297mm B4, 364mm unlimited length
	Data Compression Format	DF	0 *) 1 2	1-D modified Huffman 2-D modified read 2-D uncompressed mode
	Error correction (Annex A/T.30)	EC	<u>0</u> *) 1 2	disable ECM enable ECM, 64 bytes/frame enable ECM, 256 bytes/frame
	Binary File mode Transfer Mode	BF	<u>0</u> *) 1	disable BFT enable BFT
	Scan Time/Line	ST	0 *) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 ms (at VR= normal) 5 ms 10 ms 10 ms 20 ms 20 ms 40 ms 40 ms
	*) Note: Only the default value needs to be implemented. Use test command to check which parameter values are really possible!			
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only			

3.11 AT+FDR Begin or continue phase C data reception						
Execute command	The +FDR command initiates transition to Phase C data reception.					
AT+FDR	Response CONNECT or OK					
	If error is related to ME functionality: ERROR					
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only					

3.12 AT+FDT Data Transmission						
Execute command AT+FDT	This command requests the ME to transmit a Phase C page. When the ME is ready to accept Phase C data, it issues the negotiation responses and the CONNECT result code to the application. In Phase B, the +FDT command releases the ME to proceed with negotiation, and releases the DCS message to the remote station. In Phase C, the +FDT command resumes transmission after the end of a data stream transmited before. Response CONNECT					
Write command AT+FDT = <dt></dt>	Response CONNECT Parameter <dt> DF,VR,WD,LN Data Compression Format Vertical Resolution Bit Rate</dt>	comma separated parameter listDF01-D modified Huffman12-D modified read22-D uncompressed modeVR0normal, 98 lpi1fine, 196 lpiBR02400 bit/s, V.27ter14800 bit/s, V.27ter				
	Page Width Page Length	WD	2 3 1 2 3 4 0 1 2	7200 bit/s, V.29 9600 bit/s, V.29 1728 pixels in 215mm 2048 pixels in 255 mm 2432 pixels in 303 mm 1216 pixels in 151 mm 864 pixels in 107 mm A4, 297mm B4, 364mm unlimited length		
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only					

3.13 AT+FET End a page or document

Write command AT+FET= <ppm></ppm>	This command indicates that the current page or partial page is complete. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the mode is on-hook.				
	Response				
	ОК				
	Parameter				
	> Post Page Message Codes another document next no more pages or documents another page, procedure interrupt another document, procedure interrupt 				
Reference	Note				
EIA PN-2388	Used for Faxclass 2 only				

3.14 AT+FK Kill operation, orderly FAX abort					
Execute command AT+FK	This command causes the TA to terminate the session in an orderly manner. Response OK				
Reference	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only				

3.15 AT+FLID	Query or set the Local Id setting capabilities
Test command AT+FLID =?	Response (max. character length of Local ID string) (range of supported ASCII character values) OK Parameter See write command
Read command AT+FLID?	Response < lid > OK Parameter See write command
Write command AT+FLID = <lid></lid>	Response OK Parameter Local ID string, max. length and possible content as reported by test command. Default value is empty string ("").
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note See also "AT+FCIG Query or set the Local polling id ", pg. 39. Used for Faxclass 2 only

3.16 AT+FMDL	identify Product Model
Read command AT+FMDL?	Send the model identification to the TA Response Gipsy Soft Protocolstack OK
Reference Siemens	Note Used for Faxclass 2 only

3.17 AT+FMFR	Request Manufacturer Identification
Read command AT+FMFR?	Send the manufacturer identification to the TA Response SIEMENS OK
Reference Siemens	Note Used for Fax class 2 only

3.18 AT+FOPT	Set bit order independently				
Write command	Model specific command to set bit order independently of the understanding				
AT+FOPT= <opt></opt>	which is "mirrored" and which is direct.				
	Response				
	ОК				
	Parameter				
	<pre><opt> 0 non-standard 1 standard</opt></pre>				
Reference	Note				
Siemens	Used for Fax class 2 only				

3.19 AT+FPHCTO DTE Phase C Response Timeout

Read command AT+FPHCTO?	The time-out value <tout> determines how long the DCE will wait for a command after reaching the end of data when transmitting in Phase C. When time-out is reached, the DCE assumes that there are no more pages or documents to send. Response <tout> OK Parameter See write command</tout></tout>			
Write command	Parameter			
AT+FPHCTO= <tout></tout>	<tout></tout> $0 - 30 - 255$ time-out value in 100ms units.			
	Response			
	ОК			
	If error is related to ME functionality:			
	ERROR			
Reference	Note			
EIA PN-2388	Used for Fax class 2 only			

3.20 AT+FREV Identify Product Revision				
Test command	Sends the revision identification to the TA			
AT+FREV?	Response			
	V2.550			
	ОК			
Reference	Note			
Siemens	Used for Fax class 2 only			

3.21 AT+FRH Receive Data Using HDLC Framing

				-	
Execute command AT+FRH= <mod></mod>	This command causes the TA to receive frames using the HDLC protocol and the modulation defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.				
	Response				
	CONNE				
		-			
	If error is	If error is related to ME functionality:			
	ERROR				
	Parameter				
	<mod></mod>	modula	tion mode		
		3	V21 Ch2	300 bps	
		24	V.27ter	2400 bps	
		48	V.27ter	4800 bps	
		72	V.29	7200 bps	
		96	V.29	9600 bps	
Reference	Note				
TIA/EIA-578	Used for	Fax clas	s 1 only		



3.22 AT+FRM	Receive Data			
Test command AT+FRM=?	Response (List of supported modulation modes <mod>s) OK Parameter See write command</mod>			
Write command AT+FRM= <mod ></mod 	See write command This command causes the TA to enter the receiver-mode using the modulation defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook. Response CONNECT If error is related to ME functionality: ERROR Parameter <mod> 96 V.29 9600 bps 72 V.29 7200 bps 48 V.27ter 4800 bps</mod>			
Reference	Note			
TIA/EIA-578	Used for Faxclass 1 only			

3.23 AT+FRS	Receive Silence
Write command AT+FRS= <time></time>	+FRS=n causes the TA to report an OK result code to the TE after <time> 10 mil- lisecond intervals of silence have been detected on the line. This command is aborted if any character is received by the DTE. The modem discards the abort- ing character and issues an OK result code. Response OK If error is related to ME functionality: ERROR Parameter <time> 0 - 255 no. of 10 millisecond intervals</time></time>
Reference	Note
TIA/EIA-578	Used for Faxclass 1 only

3.24 AT+FTH Transmit Data Using HDLC Framing

Write command AT+FTH= <mod></mod>	This command causes the TA to transmit data using HDLC protocol and the modulation mode defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.		
	Response		
	Parameter		
	<mod> 3 V.21 Ch2 300 bps</mod>		
Reference	Note		
TIA/EIA-578	Used for Faxclass 1 only		

3.25 AT+FTM	Transn	nit Da	ta	
Test command AT+FTM=?	Response (List of supported modulation modes) OK Parameter			
	See writ	e comn	hand	
Write command AT+FTM= <mod></mod>	fined be the mod Response CONNE	low. Ar em is o CT s related	ERROR res	TA to transmit data using the modulation mode de- sponse code results if this command is issued while tionality:
	Parameter	r		
	<mod></mod>	modu	lation mode	
		96	V.29	9600 bps
		72	V.29	7200 bps
		48	V.27ter	4800 bps
		24	V.27ter	2400 bps
Reference	Note			
TIA/EIA-578	Used for	r Fax cla	ass 1 only	

3.26 AT+FTS	Stop Transmission and Wait
Write command AT+FTS= <time></time>	This command causes the TA to terminate a transmission and wait for <time> 10 millisecond intervals before responding with the OK result code to the DTE. Response An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.</time>
Defenses	<time> 0 – 85 no. of 10 millisecond intervals</time>
Reference TIA/EIA-578	Note Used for Fax class 1 only

3.27 AT+FVR	FC Vertical resolution format conversion
Test command AT+FVRFC =?	This command determines the DCE response to a mismatch between the vertical resolution negotiated for the facsimile session and the Phase C data desired by the DTE. Response (List of supported mismatch checking modes) OK Parameter See write command
Read command AT+FVRFC?	Response <vrfc> OK Parameter See write command</vrfc>
Write command AT+FVRFC = <vrfc></vrfc>	Response OK Parameter <vrfc> 0 disable mismatch checking. 2 enable mismatch checking, with resolution conversion of 1-D data in the DCE, and an implied AT+FK command executed on 2-D mismatch detection</vrfc>
Reference EIA PN-2388	Note Used for Fax class 2 only

The following AT commands are dummy commands. Invoking these commands will not cause ER-ROR result codes, but these commands have no functionality.

AT+FAA	Auto Answer mode
AT+FECM	Error Correction Mode control
AT+FLNFC	Page Length format conversion
AT+FLPL	Indicate document available for polling
AT+FMINSP	Minimum Phase C speed
AT+FRBC	Phase C data receive byte count
AT+FREL	Phase C received EOL alignment
AT+FSPL	Enable polling
AT+FTBC	Phase C data transmit byte count
AT+FWDFC	Page width format conversion

4 AT Commands originating from GSM 07.07

These AT Commands are according to ETSI (European Telecommunications Standards Institute) GSM 07.07 document.

4.1 AT+CACM	Accumulated call meter (ACM) reset or query
Test command AT+CACM=?	Response OK Parameter
Read command AT+CACM?	Response TA returns the current ACM value. +CACM: <acm> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <acm> string type; three bytes of the current ACM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30) 000000 – FFFFFF</acm></err></acm>
Write command AT+CACM= [<passwd>]</passwd>	Parameter <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> </pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> </pre>
Reference GSM 07.07	

4.2 AT+CALA	Set alarm time / activate Alarm mode		
Test command AT+CALA=?	Test command returns supported array index values <n>, alarm types <type>, and maximum length of the text <tlength> to be output.</tlength></type></n>		
	Response +CALA: (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <type>s), (range of sup- ported <tlength>) OK</tlength></type></n>		
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter See write command		
Read command AT+CALA?	Read command returns the list of current active alarm settings in the ME.		
	Response +CALA: <time>[,<n>[,<type>[,<text>]]] If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></text></type></n></time>		
Write command AT+CALA= <time> [,<n>[,<type>[,<te xt>]]]</te </type></n></time>	The write command sets an alarm time in the ME. When the alarm is timed out and executed the ME returns an Unsolicited Result Code (URC). The alarm call can adopt two functions, depending on whether or not you switch the GSM engine off after setting the alarm:		
	Reminder call: You can use the alarm function as a wake-up or reminder call. For this purpose, set the alarm as described below and do <u>not</u> switch off or power down the ME. When executed the call comes as an Unsolicited Result Code.		
	Alarm mode: You can use the alarm call to restart the ME when powered down. For this purpose, set the alarm as described below. Then power down the ME by entering the AT^SMSO command (pg. 139). When the alarm time is reached, the ME will wake up to Alarm mode. To prevent the ME from unintentionally logging into the GSM network, Alarm mode provides restricted operation. Upon wake-up, the ME indicates an Unsolicited Result Code which reads: ^SYSSTART ALARM MODE". A limited number of AT commands is available during Alarm mode: AT+CCLK, AT+CALA, AT^SBC, AT^SCTM, AT^SMSO. The ME remains deregistered from the GSM network. If you want the ME to return to full operation (normal operating mode) it is necessary to drive the ignition line (IGT pin of ZIF interface) to ground. If your application is battery powered note that charging cannot be started while ME is in Alarm mode. For details please refer to the "Hardware Interface Description" supplied with your GSM engine.		
	In the event of power outage the GSM engine retains the current alarm setting, but the RTC will be reset to $ = "00/01/01,00:00:00"$ and must be restored after resume of power (see also +CCLK, pg. 59. It is only in Power Down mode, that the RTC is kept powered from a dedicated voltage regulator, thus saving the current date and time.		



	Response OK If setting fails: +CME ERROR: <err> Refer Chapter 7.1.1, pg. 155, for <err> values.</err></err>		
	Parameter <time> string type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes. E.g. 6th of May 2001, 22:10:00 hours equals to "01/05/06,22:10:00" (see also +CCLK). Note: if <time> equals current date and time or is to an earlier date, TA returns +CME ERROR: <21>.</time></time>		
	<n> integer type value indicating the array index of the alarm. Index starts with 0. If only this value is returned by the test command, it is default and indicates that only one alarm time is possible; however, if a second alarm time is set, the previous alarm is deleted.</n>		
	<type> integer type value indicating the type of the alarm 0 Alarm indication: text message via serial interface</type>		
	<text> string type value indicating the text to be displayed when alarm time is reached; maximum length is <tlength>. After first connection to power supply <text> is undefined. Note: <text> will be stored to the non-volatile flash memory when the device enters the Power Down mode via AT^SMSO (pg. 139). Once saved, it will be available upon next power-up, until you overwrite it by typing another text. This eliminates the need to enter the full string when setting a fresh alarm and thus, saves memory due to the limited number of flash memory write cycles (e.g. 100.000).</text></text></tlength></text>		
	<tlength> integer type value indicating the maximum length of <text>. The maximum length is 16.</text></tlength>		
Unsolicited result code	Indicates reminder call: +CALA: <text> Indicates ME wake-up into Alarm mode: ^SSYSTART ALARM MODE +CALA: <text></text></text>		
	If autobauding is active (AT+IPR=0) the line ^SSYSTART ALARM MODE does not appear, but your individual <text> message will be displayed.</text>		
Reference GSM 07.07	 Note <text> should not contain characters which are coded differently in ASCII and GSM (e.g. Ä, Ö, Ü), see also "Supported character sets", pg. 10 and "Alphabet tables", pg. 172.</text> Please consider when using multiplex mode (+CMUX, pg. 74): It is possible to use +CALA with every logical channel (1 – 3). The total no. of possible alarm events is shared by all channels. If <n> = 0 is returned by the test command, this indicates that only one common alarm time is possible for all logical channels.</n> 		

	 For every channel a different <text> parameter can be stored.</text> <text> will be output on the same logical channel the alarm was entered. If not in multiplex mode, <text> will be output independent of the related channel.</text></text> The read command returns all pending alarms, independent on which logical channel an alarm was entered. It's up to the user to identify these alarms by specific <text>s.</text>
Examples	Example 1:
	You may want to configure a reminder call for May 31, 2001, at 9.30h, including the message "Good Morning".
	Write command:
	AT+CALA="01/05/31,09:30:00",0,0,"Good Morning" OK
	Do not switch off the GSM engine. When the alarm is executed the ME returns the following URC:
	+CALA: Good Morning
	Example 2:
	To set a fresh alarm using the same message as in Example 1, simply enter date and time. <n>, <type>, <text>, <tlength> can be omitted: AT+CALA="01/05/31,08:50:00"</tlength></text></type></n>
	OK
	When the alarm is executed the URC comes with the same message: +CALA: Good Morning
	Example 3:
	To configure the alarm mode, e.g. for May 20, 2001, at 8.30h, enter AT+CALA="01/05/20,08:30:00"
	OK
	Next, power down the ME: AT^SMSO
	^SMSO: MS OFF
	When the alarm is executed the ME wakes up to Alarm mode and displays a URC. If available, this line is followed by the individual <text> most recently saved. If no individual message was saved only the first line appears. ^SYSSTART ALARM MODE +CALA: Good Morning</text>

Table 1: Summary of AT commands available in Alarm mode

AT command	Use
AT+CALA	Set alarm time
AT+CCLK	Set date and time of RTC
AT^SBC	In Alarm mode, you can only query the present current consumption and check whether or not a charger is connected. The battery capacity is returned as 0, re- gardless of the actual voltage (since the values measured directly on the cell are not delivered to the module).
AT^SCTM	Query temperature of GSM engine
AT^SMSO	Power down GSM engine

4.3 AT+CAMM Ad	ccumulated call meter maximum (ACMmax) set or query
Test command AT+CAMM=?	Response OK Parameter
Read command AT+CAMM?	Response TA returns the current ACMmax value. +CAMM: <acmmax> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></acmmax>
Write command AT+CAMM= [<acmax>[,<passwd>]]</passwd></acmax>	Response TA sets the Advice of Charge related to the accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF (ACMmax). ACMmax contains the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <acmmax> string type; three bytes of the max. ACM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30) 000000 disable ACMmax feature 000001-FFFFFF <passwd> string type SIM PIN2</passwd></acmmax></err>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note

4.4 AT+CAOC	Advice of Charge information				
Test command AT+CAOC=?	Response +CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>				
AT+0A00-!	Parameter				
	See write command				
Read command	Response				
AT+CAOC?	+CAOC: <mode> OK Parameter</mode>				
	See write command				
Write command	Response				
AT+CAOC= <mode></mode>	TA sets the Advice of Charge supplementary service function mode.				
	If error is related to ME functionality:				
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				
	If <mode>=0, TA returns the current call meter value</mode>				
	ОК				
	Parameter				
	<mode> 0 query CCM value</mode>				
	<ccm> string type; three bytes of the current CCM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); bytes are simi- larly coded as ACMmax value in the SIM 000000-FFFFFF</ccm>				
Execute command	Response				
AT+CAOC	TA returns the current call meter value				
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>				
	If <mode>=0, TA returns the current call meter value</mode>				
	+CAOC: <ccm> OK</ccm>				
	Parameter				
	See write command				
Reference	Note				
GSM 07.07					

4.5 AT+CBST	Select bearer service type		
Test command AT+CBST=?	Response +CBST: (list of supported <speed>s),(list of supported <name>s),(list of supported <ce>s) OK Parameter See write command</ce></name></speed>		
Read command AT+CBST?	Response +CBST: <speed>,<name>,<ce> OK Parameter See write command</ce></name></speed>		
Write command AT+CBST= [<speed>[,<name> [,<ce>]]]</ce></name></speed>	Response TA selects the bearer service <name>, the data rate <speed> and the connection element <ce> to be used when data calls are originated. The settings also apply to mobile terminated data calls, especially when single numbering scheme calls or calls from analog devices are received (see also Chapter 4.41). OK Parameter <speed> 0 auto bauding</speed></ce></speed></name>		
	4 2400 bps(V.22bis) 6 4800 bps(V.32) 7 9600 bps(V.32) 68 2400 bps (V.110) 70 4800 bps (V.110) 71 9600 bps (V.110)		
	<name> 0 asynchronous modem <ce> 1 non-transparent Transparent mode is not supported.</ce></name>		
Reference GSM 07.07	 Note GSM 02.02[1]: List of allowed combinations of subparameters. The PLMN influences the second air interface (to the terminator), therefore another mode may be established by the network. If multiplex mode is active, the bearer capability automatically switches to +CBST=7,0,1. 		

4.6 AT+CCFC	Call forwarding number and conditions control				
Test command	Response				
AT+CCFC=?	+CCFC: (list/range of supported <reas>s) OK</reas>				
	Parameter				
	See execute command				
Execute command	Response				
AT+CCFC= <reas>, <mode>[,<number> [,<type>[,<class> [,<time>]]]]</time></class></type></number></mode></reas>	TA controls the call forwarding supplementary service. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode> = 2), the response line for 'not active' (<status> = 0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. If <mode> <>2 and command successful OK If <mode> = 2 and command successful (only in connection with <reas> 03)</reas></mode></mode></class></status></mode>				
	+CCFC: <status>, <class1>[, <number>, <type> [, <time>]] [<cr><lf>+CCFC:] OK</lf></cr></time></type></number></class1></status>				
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>				
	Parameter <reas> 0 unconditional 1 mobile busy 2 no reply 3 not reachable 4 all call forwarding 5 all conditional call forwarding</reas>				
	<pre><mode> 0 disable 1 enable 2 query status 3 registration 4 erasure</mode></pre>				
	<number> string type phone number of forwarding address in format speci- fied by <type></type></number>				
	<type> type of address in integer format; default 145 when dialling string in- cludes international access code character "+", otherwise 129</type>				
	<class> 1 voice 2 data 4 fax 7 all classes 8 short message service</class>				
	<time> time to wait before call is forwarded, rounded to a multiple of 5 sec. Default is 20. 12030 (only for <reas>=no reply)</reas></time>				
	<status> 0 not active 1 active</status>				
Reference	Note				
GSM 07.07	If status is "not active" parameter <class> can be ignored (0)</class>				

4.7 AT+CCLK	Real Time Clock
Test command	Response
AT+CCLK=?	ОК
Read command	Response
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: <time></time>
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
	Parameter:
	<time>: string type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes; e.g. 6th of May 2001, 22:10:00 hours equals to "01/05/06,22:10:00"</time>
Write command	Response
AT+CCLK= <time></time>	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
	Parameter:
	<time> see read command</time>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.07	 <time> is retained if the device enters the Power Down mode via AT^SMSO (pg. 140).</time> <time> is lost if power is totally disconnected and if no separate battery</time>
	 back-up for the clock is provided via the ZIF cable. In this case, the clock starts with <time> = "00/01/01,00:00" upon next power-up.</time> See AT+CALA, pg. 53.

4.8 AT+CEER	Extended error report		
Test command AT+CEER=?	Response OK		
Execute command AT+CEER	location. Response	ID>, <reason> , <ss_release>OK Location ID as number code (see subclause 7.1.5) Reason for last call release as number code (see subclause 7.1.6) Release cause for last Supplementary Service Call (see subclause 7.1.7)</ss_release></reason>	
Reference GSM 07.07		ot avalable for data calls, please use ATS18=1. In the case of a no-error-situation is +CEER: 0,0,0.	

4.9 AT+CFUN	Set phon	e fun	octionality	
Test command AT+CFUN=?	functionality ity" is where +CFUN: (lis If error is re	The write command selects the level of functionality <fun> in the ME. Level "full functionality" is where the highest level of power is drawn. "Minimum functional- ity" is where minimum power is drawn. +CFUN: (list of supported <fun>s), (list of supported <rst>s) If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err></rst></fun></fun>		
Read command AT+CFUN?	If error is re +CME ERF Parameter See below	+CFUN: <fun> If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err></fun>		
Execute command AT+CFUN=[<fun> [,<rst>]]</rst></fun>	OK If error is re	Response OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter <fun></fun>	0	Minimum functionality (SLEEP mode) Note: If command AT+CFUN=0 is input, do not send further characters until the device has entered SLEEP mode. Oth- erwise these characters remain in the input buffer and will delay output of an URC (see pg. 159, e.g. " RING "). Note: Any established connection will be terminated.	
	<rst></rst>	<u>1</u> <u>0</u> 1	 Full functionality (only used as placeholder for +CFUN=1,1). Do not reset the ME before setting it to <fun> power level. (only used as placeholder for +CFUN=0,0).</fun> ME resets and restarts in full functionality mode. If <rst> = 1 the first parameter <fun> has no effect.</fun></rst> 	
Reference GSM 07.07	 Note To check the current operation mode see "AT^SSYNC Configure SYNC Pin", pg. 153. To check that ME has entered SLEEP mode it is necessary to measure the supply current. SLEEP mode actually starts after remaining network activities were terminated. After restart it is necessary to use AT+CPIN again. GSM module wakes up by incoming call, Real Time Clock alarm, falling edge of RTS (RS-232 levels) and upon receipt of an unsolicited result code (URC, see chapter 7.1.3). 			

4.10 AT+CGMI Request manufacturer identification				
Test command	Response			
AT+CGMI=?	ОК			
Execute command	Response			
AT+CGMI	TA returns manufacturer identification text.			
	SIEMENS			
	ОК			
Reference	Note			
GSM 07.07	See also "AT+GMI Request manufacturer identification".			

4.11 AT+CGMM Request model identification			
Test command	Response		
AT+CGMM=?	ОК		
Execute command	Response		
AT+CGMM	TA returns product model identification text.		
	TC35		
	ОК		
Reference	Note		
GSM 07.07	See also "AT+GMM Request TA model identification".		

4.12 AT+CGM	R Request revision identification of software status
Test command	Response
AT+CGMR=?	ОК
Execute command	Response
AT+CGMR	TA returns product firmware version identification text. <revision> OK</revision>
	<prevision> x.yy Explanation of "Revision" parameter: Version x and variant yy of software release.</prevision>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note See also "AT+GMR Request TA revision identification of software status".

4.13 AT+CGSN Request product serial number identification (IMEI) identical to GSN			
Test command	Response		
AT+CGSN=?	ОК		
Execute command	Response		
AT+CGSN	TA returns identification text for determination of the individual ME. <sn> OK Parameter <sn> IMEI of the telephone (International Mobile station Equipment Identity)</sn></sn>		
Reference GSM 07.07	Note See also "AT+GSN Request TA serial number identification".		

4.14 AT+CHLD Call hold and multiparty				
Test command	Response			
AT+CHLD=?	+CHLD: (li	+CHLD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>		
	ОК			
Execute command	Response			
AT+CHLD=[<n>]</n>	TA controls the supplementary services Call Hold, MultiParty and Explicit Call Transfer. Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released, added to conversation and transferred.			
	Note: Supple phony). OK			
	If error is re	elated t	to ME functionality:	
	+CME ERF	ROR: <	<err></err>	
	Parameter			
	<n></n>	0	Terminate all held calls; or set UDUB (User Determined User Busy) for a waiting call, i.e. reject the waiting call.	
		1	Terminate all active calls (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call)	
		1X	Terminate the active call X (X= 1-7)	
		2	Place all active calls on hold (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call) as the active call	
		2X	Place all active calls except call X (X= 1-7) on hold	
		3	Add the held call to the active calls	
Reference	Note			
GSM 07.07	held calls,	the al	ations, e.g. when a waiting call comes while there are already bove procedures apply to the waiting call only. For example, waiting call, but does not affect the held calls.	

4.15 AT+CHUP Hang up call		
Test command AT+CHUP=?	Response OK	
Execute command AT+CHUP	Cancels all active and held calls. Response OK/ERROR	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note	

4.16 AT+CIMI	Request international mobile subscriber identity
Test command	Response
AT+CIMI=?	ОК
Execute command	Response
AT+CIMI	TA returns < IMSI> for identifying the individual SIM which is attached to ME. <imsi> OK</imsi>
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<imsi> International Mobile Subscriber Identity (string without quotes)</imsi>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.07	

4.17 AT+CLCC	List curre	nt calls of ME	
Test command AT+CLCC=?	Response OK Parameters		
Execute command AT+CLCC	Response TA returns a list of current calls of ME. If command successful, but no calls are available, no information response is sent to TE. [+CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>, [<number>,<type>,[<alpha>]]] [<cr><lf>+CLCC: <id2>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>, [<number>,<type>,[<alpha>]]] []]] OK</alpha></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id2></lf></cr></alpha></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id1>		
	If error is related to the terror is related t	ated to ME functionality: OR: <err></err>	
	Parameters <idx></idx>	Integer type; call identification number as described in GSM	
	<dir></dir>	 02.30[19] subclause 4.5.5.1; this number can be used in +CHLD command operations 0 mobile originated (MO) call 1 mobile terminated (MT) call 	
	<stat></stat>	state of the call: 0 active 1 held 2 dialing (MO call) 3 alerting (MO call) 4 incoming (MT call) 5 waiting (MT call)	
	<mode></mode>	bearer/teleservice: 0 voice 1 data 2 fax 9 unknown	
	<mpty></mpty>	 call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties 	
	<number></number>	string type phone number in format specified by <type></type>	
	<type></type>	type of address octet in integer format; 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129	
	<alpha></alpha>	string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corre- sponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS</number>	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note		

Execute commandParameterAT+CLCK= <fac>, <mode> [,<passwd> [,<class>]]This cor <fac>. W line for a active for work fac</fac></class></passwd></mode></fac>	: (list of supported <fac>s) OK</fac>
AT+CLCK= <fac>, <mode> [,<passwd> [,<class>]]</class></passwd></mode></fac>	/hen querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response a 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not</status></mode>
OK If <mode +CLCK +CLCK If error is +CME F Paramete <fac></fac></mode 	<pre>>> <> 2 and command is successful >> = 2 and command is successful : <status>[,<class1>[<cr><lf> : <status>, class2]] OK s related to ME functionality: CRROR: <err></err></status></lf></cr></class1></status></pre>



		0 unlock 1 lock 2 query status
	<passwd> </passwd>	password
	:	 voice data fax all classes except class 8 (default) short message service
	<status></status>	0 off 1 on
Reference	Note	
GSM 07.07		rd is needed before the first use of <fac>"PS" and therefore has to be AT+CPWD.</fac>

4.19 AT+CLIP	Calling line identification presentation		
Test command AT+CLIP=?	This command refers to the GSM supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call. Response + CLIP: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write command</n>		
Read command AT+CLIP?	Response +CLIP: <n>, <m> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></m></n>		
Write command AT+CLIP= <n></n>	Set command enables or disables the presentation of the CLI at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service CLIP in the network. Response OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <n> 0 suppress unsolicited result codes 1 display unsolicited result codes <m> 0 CLIP not provisioned 1 CLIP provisioned</m></n></err>		
Unsolicited result code	2 unknown When CLIP is enabled at the TE (and is permitted by unsolicited result code is returned after every RING mobile terminating call. Voice call response format: +CLIP: <number>, <type>,,,,<cli validity=""> Data/FAX call response format: +CLIP: <number>, <type> Parameter <number> string type phone number of calling addre <type> <type> <type 14<br="" address="" format;="" in="" integer="" octet="" of="">cludes international access code characte <cli validity=""> 0 CLI valid 1 CLI has been withheld by the origin 3 CLI is not available due to interworf of originating network. <number> s and <type> value will not be signific</type></number></cli></type></type></type></number></type></number></cli></type></number>	(or +CRING: <type>) at a ess in format specified by I5 when dialling string in- er "+", otherwise 129. hator. king problems or limitations hall be an empty string ("")</type>	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note		

4.20 AT+CLIR Calling line identification restriction (by *# sequence)

The AT+CLIR command is not supported. Instead, you can handle CLIR on a call-by-call basis using the ATD command and a *# sequence.

Read command	Due the De		
ATD*#31#	Run the Read command to query status:		
	Response		
	+CLIR: <n></n>	~, ~ m~	
	Defined val		
	Defined val		<i></i>
	<n></n>		neter shows the settings for outgoing calls):
			presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service
		1	CLIR invocation
		2	CLIR suppression
	<m></m>	N	neter shows the subscriber CLIR service status in twork):
		0	CLIR not provisioned
		1	CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
		2	unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
		3	CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted
		4	CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed
Execute commands			nands allow you to enable or disable the presenta- number to the called party when you set up a call:
ATD*31# <phonenumber>[;]</phonenumber>	Deactivate to called pa		= enable presentation of own phone number
ATD#31# <phonenumber>[;]</phonenumber>	Activate C called party		suppress presentation of own phone number to
	Note:		
	<phonenun< td=""><td>nber> =</td><td>phone number of called party</td></phonenun<>	nber> =	phone number of called party

4.21 AT+CLVL Loud	dspeaker volume level
Test command	Response
AT+CLVL=?	+CLVL: (list of supported <level>s) OK</level>
Read command	Response
AT+CLVL?	+CLVL: <level></level>
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
Write command	Response
AT+CLVL= <level></level>	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
	Parameter
	<level> Loudspeaker Volume Level (0-<u>4</u>)</level>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.07	 The volume level cannot be modified in audio mode 1. The changed volume level will not be saved with AT^SNFW, instead it will be saved after AT^SMSO only.

4.22 AT+CMEE Re	port mobile equipment error
Test command AT+CMEE=?	Response +CMEE: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write command</n>
Read command AT+CMEE?	Response +CMEE: <n> OK Parameter See write command</n>
Write command AT+CMEE= <n></n>	This command controls the presentation of the result code +CME ERROR: <err>that indicates errors relating to ME functionality.The setting is not stored upon Power Down, i.e. after restart, only the default level $\underline{0}$ will be restored. The levels 1 or 2 need to be selected once again after reboot.ResponseOKParameter<n>$\underline{0}$ disable result code (only 'ERROR' will be displayed)1enable result code and use numeric values2enable result code and use verbose values</n></err>
Example	To obtain enhanced error messages it is recommended to choose <n>=2. AT+CMEE=2 OK</n>
Reference GSM 07.07	 Note The possible error result codes are listed in chapter 7 In multiplex mode (see "AT+CMUX Enter multiplex mode", pg. 74) the setting applies only to the logical channel where selected. The setting on the other channels may differ.



4.23 AT+CMUT Mut	e control
Test command AT+CMUT=?	Response +CMUT: (list of supported <n>s) OK</n>
Read command AT+CMUT?	Response +CMUT: <n> OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR</n>
Write command AT+CMUT= <n></n>	Response OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR Parameter <n>: 0 mute off 1 mute on</n>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note

4.24 AT+CMUX E	nter multiplex mode
Test command AT+CMUX=?	This command is used to start the multiplexing protocol control channel, as described in detail in ETSI standard GSM 07.10 (See download area at "www.etsi.org". The document can be obtained for free, however, a registration procedure may be necessary.)
	Supplied by Siemens AG additional customer information regarding the im- plementation of multiplex mode is available, see document "Multiplexer Protocol GSM 07.10 for GSM-Engines".
	The GSM 07.10 multiplexer protocol operates between the MS and a TE and allows a number of simultaneous sessions over one normal serial asynchronous interface. Each session consists of a stream of bytes transferring various kinds of data; for instance, voice, fax, data, SMS, phonebook maintenance, battery status etc.
	This permits, for example, SMS to be transferred to a TE when a voice call is in progress. Many other combinations are possible. The multiplexer allows a complete system to be partitioned in a flexible way between a MS and TE.
	Response +CMUX: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>
Read command AT+CMUX?	Response +CMUX: <mode> OK</mode>
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write command AT+CMUX= <mode></mode>	Response OK
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<mode> multiplexer transparency mechanism</mode>
	0 basic option
	Subparameters defined in GSM07.07 are adjusted for control and logical channels as follows:
	<subset> 0 UIH frames used only (control channel)</subset>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.07	1. This command is used to enter the multiplex mode. The setup of any logical channel has to be initiated by the TE, thus it acts always as the initiator. Therefore the TE has to ensure that logical channels are established before any further actions on the channels can be started.
	2. There is a timeout of five seconds, if the multiplexer protocol is enabled and no multiplexer control channel is established. The GSM engine returns to AT command mode.
	3. '+++' is not available in multiplex mode.

4.	There are different possibilities to switch from data mode to command mode:
	a) Circuit 108/2 (DTR) changes from ON to OFF, reaction depends on command at&d (caution: at&d0: TA ignores status on DTR).
	b) The message Modem Status Command (MSC) for control channel is defined by the multiplexer protocol GSM07.10. MSC conveys V.24 signals. Bit 3 of Control Signal Octet is DTR, reaction depends on command at&d (caution: at&d0: TA ignores status on DTR).
5.	The parameter maximum frame size (N1) of at+cmux in GSM07.07 is fixed to 97, the parameter is not changeable. All other parameters are not available.
6.	Echo is disabled with the start of multiplex mode (see ATE , pg. 21). Therefore echo is not available on logical channels: ATE0 responds with OK, ATE1 responds with ERROR.
7.	Multiplex mode cannot be activated if autobauding is enabled (+IPR=0, see "AT+IPR Set fixed local rate", pg. 35).
8.	In multiplex mode, AT+IPR= <rate> cannot be used.</rate>
9.	Multiplex mode can be terminated by AT^SMSO (,AT^SMSO Switch off mobile station" pg. 139). It has to be reestablished after power-on.

Note: For further information of tools to the multiplexer please contact you local distributor.

4.24.1 Restrictions on Multiplex mode

When the serial interface is in multiplex mode, data calls can only be set up on logical channel 1. Due to this restriction, AT commands have a different behaviour on channels 2+3 compared to channel 1. Several commands are not available, others return different responses. These commands are listed in the table below:

Command	Behaviour on channel 1	Differences on channel 2+3
AT+CBST	as described	not usable
AT+CR	as described	not usable
AT+CRLP	as described	not usable
AT+F (Fax commands)	as described	not usable
+++	not usable	not usable
AT&C	as described	not usable
AT&D	as described	not usable
AT&F	as described	Data Call parameters not changed
AT&S	as described	not usable
AT&V	as described	Data Call parameters not displayed
ATA	as described	no Data Calls
ATD	as described	no Data Calls
ATDI <n></n>	as described	not usable
ATO	as described	not usable
ATL	Dummy	not usable
ATM	Dummy	not usable
ATS0 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS3 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS4 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS5 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS6 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS7 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS8 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS10 ¹)	as described	not usable
ATS18 ¹)	as described	not usable
AT\Q	as described	not usable
ATZ	as described	Data Call parameters not changed
+CMEE	ERROR	+CME ERROR: <value></value>

¹) Siemens GSM engines support the registers S0 - S29. You can change S0,S3,S4,S5,S6,S7,S8,S10 and S18 using the related ATSn commands (see starting from pg. 24). The other registers are read-only and for internal use only!

4.25 AT+COPN	Read operate	or names
Test command	Response	
AT+COPN=?	ОК	
Execute command AT+COPN	mericn> that has returned. Response +COPN: numeric +COPN:OK	ist of operator names from the ME. Each operator code <nu- s an alphanumeric equivalent <alphan> in the ME memory is c <numeric1>,long alphanumeric <alpha1><cr><lf> to ME functionality: <err></err></lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1></alphan></nu-
	<numericn></numericn>	string type; operator in numeric form; GSM location area iden-
		tification number
	<alphan></alphan>	string type; operator in long alphanumeric format; can contain up to 16 characters
Reference GSM 07.07	Note See also AT [^] SP	LM, pg. 149

4.26 AT+COPS	Operator s	select	ion	
Test command	Response			
AT+COPS=?	TA returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network. Any of the formats may be unavailable and will then be an empty field (,,). The list of operators comes in the following order: Home network, networks referenced in SIM, and other networks.			
	< oper >\$) [,(list of s	supported <stat>, long alphanumeric <oper>,, numeric supported <mode>s), (list of supported <format>s)] OK</format></mode></oper></stat>	
	If error is re +CME ERR Parameter		o ME functionality: err>	
	See write co	ommar	nd	
Read command	Response			
AT+COPS?	tor is select	ed, <fo< td=""><td>rrent mode and the currently selected operator. If no opera- rmat> and <oper> are omitted. <format>[, <oper>]] OK</oper></format></oper></td></fo<>	rrent mode and the currently selected operator. If no opera- rmat> and <oper> are omitted. <format>[, <oper>]] OK</oper></format></oper>	
	If error is re +CME ERR		D ME functionality:	
	Parameter	UR. ~		
	See write co	ommar	nd	
Write command	Response			
AT+COPS=			npt to select and register the GSM network operator. If the	
<mode> [,<format>[,<oper>]]</oper></format></mode>		The s	is not available, no other operator shall be selected (except selected operator name format shall apply to further read PS?), too.	
	Parameters	•	<i>"</i>	
	ОК			
	If error is related to ME functionality:			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			
	Parameter			
	<stat></stat>	0	unknown	
		1	operator available	
		2	operator current	
		3	operator forbidden	
	<oper></oper>	•	ator in format as in per <format></format>	
	<mode></mode>	<u>0</u>	automatic mode; <oper> field is ignored</oper>	
		1	<pre>manual operator selection; <oper> field shall be present <format> can only be = 2)</format></oper></pre>	
		2	manual deregister from network and remain unregistered until mode 0,1,4 is selected	
		3	set only <format> (for read command +COPS?)</format>	
		4	automatic, manual selected; if manual selection fails, automatic mode (<mode>=0) is entered (<oper> field shall be present)</oper></mode>	
	<format></format>	<u>0</u>	long format alphanumeric <oper>; up to 16 characters</oper>	
		2	numeric <oper>; GSM Location Area Identification number</oper>	
Reference	Note			
GSM 07.07				



4.27 AT+CPAS	Mobile equipment activity status
Test command	Response
AT+CPAS=?	+CPAS: (list of supported <pas>s) OK</pas>
	Parameter
	See execute command
Execute command	Response
AT+CPAS	TA returns the activity status of ME.
	+CPAS: <pas> OK</pas>
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<pre><pas> 0 ready</pas></pre>
	3 incoming call (ringing)
	4 call in progress or call hold
Reference	Note
GSM 07.07	

4.28 AT+CPBI	R Read curre	nt phonebook entries		
Test command	Response			
AT+CPBR=?	TA returns location range supported by the current storage as a compound value and the maximum length of $<$ number> and $<$ text> fields.			
	Note: If SIM storage is selected, the length may not be available. If storage does n offer format information, the format list should be empty parentheses.			
	+CPBR: (list of	supported <index>s), <nlength>, <tlength> OK</tlength></nlength></index>		
	If error is related	d to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR:	: <err></err>		
	Parameter			
	<index></index>	location number		
	<nlength></nlength>	max. length of phone number, normally 20, for a small num- ber of locations 40		
	<tlength></tlength>	max. length of text for number		
Execute command	Response			
AT+CPBR= <ind ex1>[,<index2>]</index2></ind 	TA returns phonebook entries in location number range <index1> <in< td=""></in<></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1></index1>			
	+CPBR: <index1>, <number>, <type>, <text>[<cr><lf>+CPBR:+CPBR: <in- dex2>, <number>, <type>, <text>] OK</text></type></number></in- </lf></cr></text></type></number></index1>			
	If error is related +CME ERROR	d to ME functionality:		
	Parameter			
	<index1></index1>	location number where reading starts		
	<index2></index2>	location number where reading ends		
	<number></number>	phone number		
	<type></type>	type of address octet in integer format; 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129.		
	<text></text>	string type field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified with +CSCS</tlength>		
Reference	Note			
GSM 07.07				

4.29 AT+CPBS	Select ph	ionebook memory storage	
Test command AT+CPBS=?	Response +CPBS: (list of supported <storage>s) OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></storage>		
Read command	Response		
AT+CPBS?		currently selected memory:	
		orage>, <used>,<total> OK</total></used>	
		lated to ME functionality:	
	+CME ERR Parameter	COR: <err></err>	
	See write co	ommand	
Write command	Response		
AT+CPBS= <storage></storage>	book comm OK	lated to ME functionality:	
	Parameter		
	<storage></storage>		
		"SM" SIM phonebook (storage depends on SIM Card)	
		"FD" SIM fixdialling phonebook (FD Phonebook storage pos.1-7)	
		"LD" SIM last-dialling-phonebook (LD Phonebook storage pos.1- 10) (+CPBW not be applicable to this storage)	
		"MC" ME missed (unanswered received) calls) (MC Phonebook storage pos.1-10) list (+CPBW not applicable to this storage	
		"RC" ME received calls list (+CPBW not applicable for this stor- age) (RC Phonebook storage pos.1-10)	
		"ON" SIM (or ME) own numbers (MSISDNs) list	
		"ME" ME Phonebook ME Phonebook storage pos.1-50	
	<used></used>	Integer type value indicating the number of used locations in se- lected memory	
	<total></total>	Integer type value indicating the maximum number of locations al- lowed in the selected memory	
Reference GSM 07.07	Since data	and can be used right after power-on to get selected <storage>. need to be loaded from the SIM, values of <used> and <total> might able for the first 20 seconds.</total></used></storage>	

4.30 AT+CPBW	Write pho	onebook entry
Test command	Response	,
AT+CPBW=?	TA returns length of <r< td=""><td>location range supported by the current storage, the maximum number> field, supported number formats of the storage and the ngth of <text> field.</text></td></r<>	location range supported by the current storage, the maximum number> field, supported number formats of the storage and the ngth of <text> field.</text>
		ength may not be available while SIM storage is selected. If storage fer format information, the format list should be empty parenthe-
	+CPBW: (lis <tlength> Ol</tlength>	st of supported <index>s), <nlength>, (list of supported <type>s), K</type></nlength></index>
	If error is related to the terror is related t	ated to ME functionality: OR: <err></err>
	Parameter	
	See write co	ommand.
Write command AT+CPBW=	This comma active memo	and writes a phonebook entry to the memory location <index> of the pry.</index>
[<index>] [,<number> [[,<type>]</type></number></index>		y location number <index> is followed by the phone number <num- format <type>) and the associated <text>.</text></type></num- </index>
[, <text>]]]</text>	If writing fails	s, an ME error +CME ERROR: <err> is returned.</err>
	Parameter	
	<index></index>	Location number within phonebook memory, range is given in test command response
	<number></number>	Phone number, range is given as <nlength> in test command re- sponse</nlength>
	<type></type>	Type of phone number (address octet in integer format); 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129 (refer GSM 04.08 subclause 10.5.4.7)
	<text></text>	Text assigned to the phone number, range is given in test com- mand response <tlength>, character set as specified with +CSCS. See note below.</tlength>
	<nlength></nlength>	Max. length of phone number, normally 20, for a small number of locations 40
	<tlength></tlength>	Max. length of text corresponding to the telephone number
	Response	
	OK/ERROR	/+CME ERROR
	To delete a	phonebook entry simply enter the location number:
	AT+CPBW=	<index></index>
	To write a pl	nonebook entry to the first free location number:
		, <number>,<type>,<text></text></type></number>
Reference	Note	
GSM 07.07	(e.g. Ä, Ö, Ü	ntains characters which are coded differently in ASCII and GSM J), these characters have to be entered via escape sequences as chapter "Supported character sets", pg. 10.

4.31 AT+CPIN	Enter PIN	
Test command	Response	
AT+CPIN=?	ОК	
Read command	Response	
AT+CPIN?	TA returns an alphanumeri quired or not.	c string indicating whether some password is re-
	+CPIN: <code> OK</code>	
	If error is related to ME funct	tionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	
	Parameter	
	<code></code>	
	READY	no further entry needed
	SIM PIN	ME is waiting for SIM PIN
	SIM PUK	ME is waiting for SIM PUK
	PH-SIM PIN	ME is waiting for phone-to-SIM card password (antitheft)
	PH-SIM PUK	ME is waiting for SIM PUK (antitheft)
	SIM PIN2	PIN2, e.g. for editing the FD phonebook, only if preceding command was acknowledged with +CME ERROR:17
	SIM PUK2	only if preceding command was acknowledged with error +CME ERROR:18.
	PH-FSIM PIN	ME is locked to very first SIM card and waiting for phone-to-very-first-SIM card password (fac- tory personalisation)
	PH-FSIM PUK	ME is waiting for phone-to-very-first-SIM card unblocking password to be given
	PH-NET PIN	ME is waiting for network personalisation pass- word
	PH-NET PUK	ME is waiting for network personalisation un- blocking password
	PH-NS PIN	ME is waiting for network subset personalisation password
	PH-NS PUK	ME is waiting for network subset unblocking password
	PH-SP PIN	ME is waiting for service provider personalisa- tion password
	PH-SP PUK	ME is waiting for service provider personalisa- tion unblocking password
	PH-C PIN	ME is waiting for coporate personalisation password
	PH-C PUK	ME is waiting for coprorate personalisation un- blocking password

Write command AT+CPIN= <pin> [, <new pin="">]</new></pin>	Response TA stores a password, which is necessary before it can be operated on (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE. If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the second PIN must be entered. This second pin, <newpin>, is used to replace the old PIN in the SIM.</newpin>		
	OK		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	<pin> password (string type) E.g.: AT+CPIN=9515<cr></cr></pin>		
	<new pin=""> if the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2: new password</new>		
Reference	Note		
GSM 07.07	 Caution: After entering a password with AT+CPIN all other commands that need access to the data on the SIM card may be blocked for up to 20 sec- onds! 		
	 Wait 10 seconds after PIN input before using SMS related commands. <pin> and <new pin=""> can also be entered in quotes (e.g. "1234").</new></pin> 		
	 See also Chapter 7.2 "Summary of PIN requiring AT Commands". 		
	 Caution: After three failures to enter the PIN, the SIM card is blocked. To 		
	unblock the card +CMEE Error: 18 will prompt you to enter the PUK (PIN unblocking key).		
	After ten failed attempts to enter the PUK the SIM card is invalidated, and ME returns +CMEE Error: 48, i.e. ME is waiting for the Master Phone Code. This is a 10-digit code based on the IMEI number of the module which can only by obtained from the manufacturer or provider. Therefore contact Siemens AG and request the Master Phone Code of the specific module.		
	This behavior applies to all "PIN" Commands and also for +CPWD and ^SPWD		

4.32 AT+CPIN	V2 Enter PIN2				
Test command	Response				
AT+CPIN2=?	ОК				
Read command	Response				
AT+CPIN2?	TA returns an alphanumeric string indicating whether some password is required or not.				
	+CPIN2: <code> OK</code>				
	If error is related to ME function	nality:			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				
	Parameter				
	<code> READY</code>	ME is not pending for any password			
	SIM PIN2	ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given (this <code></code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentica-tion failure (i.e. +CME ERROR:17)).			
		ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given (this < code > is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentica- tion failure (i.e. +CME ERROR:18)).			
Write command	Response				
AT+CPIN2= <pin< td=""><td>TA stores a password, which is</td><td>s necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN2,</td></pin<>	TA stores a password, which is	s necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN2,			
>[, <new pin="">]</new>	SIM PUK2, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE.				
	If the PIN required is SIM PUK2, the second pin is required. This second pin, < newpin >, is used to replace the old pin2 in the SIM.				
	ОК				
	If error is related to ME function	nality:			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				
	Parameter				
	<pin> password (string ty AT+CPIN2="9515"</pin>	ype) should be entered in quotes. E.g.:			
	<new pin=""> if the PIN required</new>	is SIM PUK2: new password			
Reference	Note				
	Functions accessible only after	PIN2 authentication:			
	AT+CACM: Accumula	ated call meter (ACM) reset or query			
	AT+CAMM: Accumulated call meter maximum (ACMmax) set or query				
	AT+CLCK: Facility lock to "FD" (Fixed dialling phonebook)				
	AT^SLCK: Facility lock to "FD" (Fixed dialling phonebook)				
	AT+CPWD: Change "P2"password				
	AT^SPWD: Change "P2"password				
		unit and currency table			
		PUK2 is requested by ME (e.g. when you attempt bk and ME returns +CMEE Error 17 or +CPIN: SIM			



	 Explanation: With the AT+CPIN command, PIN2 can only be set if expected (+CPIN: SIM PIN2). To edit the "FD" Phonebook, PIN2 has to be entered before. 					
Examples	To change PIN2:					
In these exam- ples PIN2 is	AT+CPWD=P2,0000,8888 (where 0000 = old PIN2 and 8888 = new PIN2)					
supposed to be 8888	To write to "FD" phonebook:					
	AT+CBPS="FD"					
	ОК					
	AT+CPBW=2,"+493012345678",145,"Charly"					
	+CMEE Error 17 (access denied due to missing PIN2 authentication)					
	AT+CPIN2=8888					
	OK					
	AT+CPBW=2,"+493012345678",145,"Charly"					
	OK					
	To change price per unit:					
	AT+CPUC="dm","5",8888					

4.33 AT+CPUC	Price per u	nit and currency table	
Test command AT+CPUC=?	Response OK		
Read command AT+CPUC?	Response Read command returns the current parameters of PUC. +CPUC: <currency>, <ppu> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></ppu></currency>		
Write command AT+CPUC= <curre ncy>,<ppu>[, <passwd>]</passwd></ppu></curre 	Response Write command sets the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per or and currency table. SIM PIN2 is usually required to set the parameters. If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter <currency></currency>	string type; three-character currency code (e.g. "GBP", "DEM"); character set as specified with AT+CSCS. If the currency name is longer than three characters, all characters will be cut off after the third position. Before they are written to the SIM Card, these characters are converted to the standard GSM alphabet.	
	<ppu></ppu>	string type; price per unit; dot is used as a decimal separator (e.g. "2.66"). The length is limited to 20 characters. If the string length is exceeded, the command is terminated with an error. This string may only contain digits and a dot. Leading zeros are removed from the string. The minimum and maximum value are determined by the structure of the SIM-PUCT file. The maximum price per unit value is 999 999 999.00. When successfully entered, this value is rounded to maximum accuracy.	
		Note: Due to storage in mantisse (range 0-4095) and exponent (-7 to 7) it is possible that rounding errors occur.	
	<passwd></passwd>	string type; SIM PIN2. String parameter which can contain any combination of characters. The maximum string length is limited to 8 characters. If this value is exceeded, the command terminates with an error message. If the PIN2 is incorrect, a CME error (+CME ERROR: incorrect password) is output.	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note		

4.34 AT+CPWD	Change password			
Test command AT+CPWD=?	Response TA returns a list of pairs which represent the available facilities and the maximum length of their password. +CPWD: (list of supported (<fac>, <pwdlength>)s) OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <fac> see execute command <pwdlength> integer max. length of password</pwdlength></fac></err></pwdlength></fac>			
Execute command AT+CPWD = <fac>, [<oldpwd>], <newpwd></newpwd></oldpwd></fac>	Response TA sets a new password for the facility lock function. OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err>			
	<fac> "SC" SIM (lock SIM card) (SIM asks password in ME power-up and when this lock command issued) "AO" BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls) "OI" BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls) "OX" BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) "AI" BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls) "IR" BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) "AB" All Barring services (applicable only for <mode> = 0) "AG" All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <mode> = 0) "AC" All inComing barring services (applicable only for <mode> = 0) "P2" SIM PIN2 "PS" Phone locked to SIM (device code) "PF" lock Phone to the very first SIM card "PN" Network Personalisation "PC" Corporate Personalisation</mode></mode></mode></fac>			
	<pre><oldpwd> password specified for the facility. If an old password has not yet been set, <oldpwd> has not to be entered. Note: A password may have already been set, depending on the provider. Please check with your provider. <newpwd> new password</newpwd></oldpwd></oldpwd></pre>			
Reference GSM 07.07	Note If you only want to delete a password, use the following syntax: at+cpwd=<fac>,<oldpwd></oldpwd></fac> +CPWD can only used by cusomer for the <fac> "SC", "P2" and "PS" the other locks are depend by factory. See also ^SPWG on pg. 152</fac>			

4.35 AT+CR Se	ervice reporting control
Test command AT+CR=?	Response +CR: (list of supported <mode>s) OK Parameter See write command</mode>
Read command AT+CR?	Response +CR: <mode> OK Parameter See write command</mode>
Write command AT+CR= <mode></mode>	Response TA controls whether or not intermediate result code +CR: <serv> is returned from the TA to the TE at call setup. OK Parameter <mode> 0 disable 1 enable</mode></serv>
	Intermediate result code When enabled, an intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation when the TA has determined the speed and quality of service to be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before any final result code (e.g. CONNECT) is transmitted. +CR: <serv> Parameter <serv> REL ASYNC asynchronous non-transparent</serv></serv>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note The PLMN influences the second air interface (to the terminator), therefore an- other mode may be established from the network

4.36 AT+CRC	Set Cell	ular Result Co	odes for incomi	ng call indication
Test command AT+CRC=?	Response +CRC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK Parameter See write command</mode>			
Read command AT+CRC?	Response +CRC: <mode> OK Parameter See write command</mode>			
Write command AT+CRC= [<mode>]</mode>	Response TA controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication is used. OK Parameters <mode> 0 disable extended format 1 enable extended format</mode>			
	When e	RING: <type> ins</type>	tead of the normal I	d to the TE with unsolicited result RING. s non-transparent
Reference GSM 07.07	Note			

4.37 AT+CREG	Network	regis	tration	
Test command AT+CREG=?	Response +CREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter</n>			
	See write command			
Read command AT+CREG?	Response TA returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the ME. Location information elements <lac> and <ci> are returned only when <n>=2 and ME is registered in the network. +CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write command</err></ci></lac></stat></n></n></ci></lac></stat>			
Write command	Response			
AT+CREG=[<n>]</n>	OK TA controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status, or code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell.</n></ci></lac></stat></n></stat>			
	Parameter			
	<n></n>	<u>0</u>	disable network registration unsolicited result code	
		1	enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat></stat>	
		2	Enable network registration and location information unso- licited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>	
	Note: Option	al para	ameters will not be displayed during call	
	<stat></stat>	0	not registered, ME is not currently searching for a new op- erator at which to register	
		1	registered, home network	
		2	not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new op- erator at which to register	
		3	registration denied	
		4	unknown	
		5	registered, roaming	
	<lac></lac>		y type; two byte location area code in hexadecimal format "00C3" equals 193 in decimal)	
	<ci></ci>		type; two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format	
	Unsolicited result code When <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status: +CREG: <stat> When <n>=2 and there is a change in the ME network registration status or a change of the network cell: +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat></n></stat></n>			
Reference GSM 07.07	Note Optional parameters will not be displayed during a call.			

4.38 AT+CRLP data call	Select radio link protocol param. for orig. non-transparent		
Test command AT+CRLP=?	Response TA returns values supported by the TA as a compound value. +CRLP: (list of supported <iws>s), (list of supported <mws>s), (list of supported <t1>s), (list of supported <n2>s) OK Parameter See write command</n2></t1></mws></iws>		
Read command AT+CRLP?	Response TA returns current settings for the supported RLP version 0. +CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<t1>,<n2>[,<verx>] OK Parameter See write command</verx></n2></t1></mws></iws>		
Write command AT+CRLP= [<iws> [,<mws> [,<t1> [,<n2>]]]]</n2></t1></mws></iws>	Response TA sets radio link protocol (RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated. OK Parameter <iws> 0-61 Interworking window size (IWF to MS) <mws> 0-61 Mobile window size (MS to IWF) <t1> 48-78-255 Acknowledgement timer (T1 in 10 ms units) <n2> 1-6-255 Re-transmission attempts N2 <verx> 0 RLP version number in integer format; when version indication is not present it shall equal 0.</verx></n2></t1></mws></iws>		
Reference GSM 07.07	 Note RLP version 0: single-link basic version; RLP version 1: single-link extended version (e.g. extended by data compression); RLP version 2: multi-link version. Compression and multi-link are not supported. 		

4.39 AT+CRSM	Restricted SIM access				
Test command AT+CRSM=?	Response OK				
Write command AT+CRSM= <com mand>[,<fileid> [,<p1>,<p2>,<p3> [,<data>]]]</data></p3></p2></p1></fileid></com 	Response By using this command instead of generic SIM Access TE application has eas- ier but more limited access to the SIM database. As response to the command, ME sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data. +CRSM: <sw1>, <sw2> [,<response>] OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></response></sw2></sw1>				
	Parameter				
	<command/>	176	READ BINARY		
	communu	178	READ RECORD		
		192	GET RESPONSE		
		214	UPDATE BINARY		
		220	UPDATE RECORD		
		242	STATUS		
	all other values are reserved				
	<fileid></fileid>	data file on SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS			
	<p1>,<p2>,<p3></p3></p2></p1>				
	<data></data>		nation which shall be written to the SIM (hexa- nal character format)		
	<sw1>, <sw2></sw2></sw1>	integer type; information from the SIM about th cution of the actual command. These paramet delivered to the TE in both cases, on successf failed execution of the command			
	<response></response>	response of a successful completion of the comma previously issued (hexadecimal character format)			
Reference GSM 07.07	Note				

4.40 AT+CSCS S	et TE character set		
Test command AT+CSCS=?	Response +CSCS: (list of supported <chset>s)</chset>		
	OK		
Read command	Response		
AT+CSCS?	+CSCS: <chset></chset>		
	ОК		
Write command	Response		
AT+CSCS=[<chset>]</chset>	Write command informs TA which character set <chset> is used by the TE. TA is then able to convert character strings correctly between TE and ME character sets.</chset>		
	ОК		
	Parameters		
	<chset>:</chset>		
	<u>"GSM"</u> GSM default alphabet (GSM 03.38 subclause 6.2.1); Note: This setting may cause software flow control problems due to values of XON/XOFF characters.		
	"UCS2" 16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC10646 [32]); UCS2 character strings are converted to hexadecimal numbers from 0000 to FFFF; e.g. "004100620063" equals three 16-bit characters with decimal values 65, 98 and 99, \$(AT R97)\$		
Reference	Note Also see chanter. Supported character sets" pg. 10		
GSM 07.07	 Also see chapter "Supported character sets", pg. 10. When TA-TE interface is set to 8-bit operation and used TE alphabet is 7-bit, the highest bit will be set to zero. 		

4.41 AT+CSNS Single Numbering Scheme

The AT+CSNS command enables the ME to accept incoming calls when no bearer capability information is provided with the call, e.g. single numbering scheme calls or calls originitating from analog devices.

The command must be set before the call comes. By default, when you do not modify the settings, all calls received without bearer element are assumed to be voice.

Please note that you can use the command if PIN authentication has been done during current session. The setting will be automatically saved when you power down the GSM engine with AT^SMSO.

Test command	Response	Response		
AT+CSNS=?	+CSNS: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>			
	ОК			
Read command	Response			
AT+CSNS?	+CSNS: <mod< td=""><td>le></td><td></td></mod<>	le>		
	ОК			
Write command	Response			
AT+CSNS=[<mode>]</mode>	Write comma	nd		
	OK			
	Parameters			
	<mode>:</mode>			
	<u>0</u>	Voice	Each call received without bearer element is as- sumed to be speech.	
	2	Fax	Each call received without bearer element is as- sumed to be an incoming fax.	
	4	Data	Each call received without bearer element is as- sumed to be a data call. Please take into account that the bearer service parameters set with AT+CBST apply to all data calls including those received without bearer ca- pability. To avoid conflicts see Chapter 4.5.	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note			

4.42 AT+CSQ	Signal quality			
Test command	Response			
AT+CSQ=?	+CSQ: (list	of supported <rssi></rssi>	>s), (list of supported <ber>) OK</ber>	
	Parameter			
	See execut	te command		
Execute command	Response			
AT+CSQ	TA returns <ber> from</ber>		rength indication <rssi> and channel bit error rate</rssi>	
	+CSQ: <rss< td=""><td>si>, <ber> OK</ber></td><td></td></rss<>	si>, <ber> OK</ber>		
	Parameter			
	<rssi></rssi>	Receive level:		
		0	-113 dBm or less	
		1	-111 dBm	
		230	-10953 dBm	
		31	-51 dBm or greater	
		99	not known	
	<ber></ber>	Bit error rate:		
		07	as RXQUAL values in the table in GSM 05.08 section 8.2.4 not known	
Reference GSM 07.07	Note			

4.43 AT+CSSN S	upplemen	ntary s	service notifications
Test command AT+CSSN=?	Response +CSSN: (lis Parameter	+CSSN: (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <m>s)OK</m></n>	
	<n></n>	0	Suppresses the +CSSI messages
		1	Activates the +CSSI messages
	<m></m>	0	Suppresses the +CSSU messages
		1	Activates the +CSSU messages
Read command	Response		
AT+CSSN?	+CSSN: <n< td=""><td>>,<m></m></td><td>ОК</td></n<>	>, <m></m>	ОК
	Parameter	_	
	<n></n>		Test command
	<m></m>	See	Test command
Write command AT+CSSN= <n>[,<m>]</m></n>	Response OK		
	Parameter		
	<n></n>		read command
	<m></m>	See	read command
	Unexpected n	nessage	
	+CSSI: <co< td=""><td>ode1></td><td>When <math><n>=1</n></math> and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: <math><code1></code1></math> is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes</td></co<>	ode1>	When $=1$ and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: $$ is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes
	+CSSU: <code2></code2>		When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, unsolicited result code +CSSU: code2>is sent to TE.</m>
	Parameter		
	<code1></code1>	Inter	mediate result code
		3	Waiting call is pending
	<code2></code2>		blicited result code
		0	The incoming call is a forwarded call.
		5	Held call was terminated
Reference	Note		
GSM 07.07			

4.44 AT+CUSD	Unstructu	red s	supplementary service data
Test command	Response		
AT+CUSD=?	+CUSD: (lis	st of su	upported <n>s) OK</n>
	Parameter		
	See write c	omma	ind
Read command	Response		
AT+ CUSD?	TA returns +CUSD: <n< td=""><td></td><td>rrent <n> value.</n></td></n<>		rrent <n> value.</n>
		011	to ME functionality:
	+CME ERF		•
Write command AT+ CUSD= <n>[,<str>[,<dcs>]]</dcs></str></n>	This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to GSM 02.90. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. Parameter $\langle n \rangle$ is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (USSD response from the network, or network initiated operation) +CUSD: $\langle m \rangle$ [, $\langle str \rangle$, $\langle dcs \rangle$] to the TE.		
	string to a	netwo g from	iven, a mobile initiated USSD string or a response USSD ork initiated operation is sent to the network. The response in the network is returned in a subsequent unsolicited $+CUSD$
			f this command with other commands based on other GSM ervices is described in the GSM standard.
	<n></n>	0	disable the result code presentation in the TA
		<u>0</u> 1	·
		2	enable the result code presentation in the TA
		2	cancel session (not applicable to read command re- sponse)
	<str></str>		g type USSD-string (when <str> parameter is not given, net- c is not interrogated).</str>
		ME/	cs> indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set ac- ing to rules of GSM 07.05 Annex A.
	<dcs></dcs>		1 03.38 Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer for- (default 15)
	<m></m>	0	no further user action required (network initiated USSD- Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initi- ated operation)
		1	further user action required (network initiated USSD- Request, or further information needed after mobile initi- ated operation)
		2	USSD terminated by network
	Response		
	OK		
	If error is re +CME ERF		to ME functionality: <err></err>
Reference	Note		
GSM 07.07	• On an u	nsolic r actic	command $=15$ is supported only. ited result code with parameter $=1$ a '> ' is given for fur- on. The user action is finished with a $$ or aborted with
	200-		

4.45 AT+VTD= <r< th=""><th>> Tone duration</th></r<>	> Tone duration
Test command AT+VTD=?	This command refers to an integer <duration> that defines the length of tones emitted as a result of the +VTS command. Response (list of supported <duration>s) OK Parameter See write command</duration></duration>
Read command AT+VTD?	Response <duration> OK Parameter See write command</duration>
Write command AT+VTD= <duration></duration>	Response OK Parameter <duration> <u>1</u> - 255 duration of the tone in 1/10 second</duration>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note

4.46 AT+VTS D	ΓMF and tone generation (<tone> in {0-9, *, #, Α, Β, C, D})</tone>
Test command AT+VTS=?	Response +VTS: (list of supported <dtmf>s)[, (list of supported <duration>s)] OK Parameter See write command</duration></dtmf>
Write command 1. AT+VTS= <dtmf- string> 2. AT+VTS=<dt- mf>,<duration></duration></dt- </dtmf- 	Response This command allows the transmission of DTMF tones and arbitrary tones in voice mode. These tones may be used (for example) when announcing the start of a recording period. • This is interpreted as a sequence of DTMF tones whose duration is set with the +VTD command. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • This is interpreted as a DTMF tone whose duration is determined by <duration>. • OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <dtmfstring> <dtmfstring> String of ASCII characters in the set 0-9,#,*,A, B, C, D. Maximal length of the string is 29. The string has to be entered between double-quote characters (""). <dtmf> ASCII character in the set 0-9,#,*, A, B, C, D. <dturation> 1-255</dturation></dtmf></dtmfstring></dtmfstring></err></duration></duration></duration></duration></duration></duration></duration>
Reference GSM 07.07	Note This command only works during active voice call

4.47 AT+WS46 S	Select wireless network
Test command	Response
AT+WS46=?	(list of supported <n>s)</n>
	ОК
Read command	Response
AT+WS46?	<1)>
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
	Parameter
	<n>> 12 GSM digital cellular</n>
Write command	Response
AT+WS46=[<n>]</n>	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR
Reference GSM 07.07	Note

5 AT commands originating from GSM 07.05 for SMS

These AT Commands are according to ETSI (European Telecommunications Standards Institute) GSM 07.05 document.

5.1 AT+CMGC Send an	n SMS (command	
Test command	Response	9	
AT+CMGC=?	OK		
Write command if text mode (AT+CMGF=1):	Response if text mode (+CMGF=1) and sending successful:		
AT+CMGC= <fo>,<ct>[,<pid></pid></ct></fo>	+CMGC	C: <mr>[,<scts>]</scts></mr>	
[, <mn>[,<da>[,<toda>]]]]<cr> text is entered <ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z></cr></toda></da></mn>	if sendir	•	
		ERROR: <err></err>	
Write command if PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0):	Response if PDU r	e mode (+CMGF=0) and sending successful:	
AT+CMGC= <length><cr></cr></length>		C: <mr>[,<ackpdu>]</ackpdu></mr>	
PDU is given <ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	if sendir	•	
+CMGC=?	+CMS I	ERROR: <err></err>	
	Paramete	ar -	
	<length< td=""><td>>Length of PDU</td></length<>	>Length of PDU	
	<pdu></pdu>	See "AT+CMGL"	
	<mr></mr>	Message reference	
	<fo></fo>	depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS- STATUS-REPORT, or SMS -COMMAND (default 2) in integer format	
	<ct></ct>	GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format (default 0)	
	<pid></pid>	GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0)	
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of $\langle da \rangle$ is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)	
	<da></da>	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <toda></toda>	
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer to <dt>)</dt>	
Reference	Note		
GSM 07.05	essa be s • At ba term befo ter fo	r invoking of the command CMGW, CMGS, CMGC it is nec- ary to wait for the ">" symbol and only afterwards the text can ent to the module audrates below 19200 it is recommended to use the line ination character only (refer to +ATS3, default <cr>, pg. 24) re entering the text/pdu. Use of the line termination charac- blowed by the response formating character (refer to +ATS4,</cr>	
	defa	ult <lf>, pg. 24) can cause problems.</lf>	



5.2 AT+CMGD	Delete SMS message
Test command	Response
AT+CMGD=?	ОК
	Parameter
Execute command	Response
AT+CMGD=	TA deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <in-< td=""></in-<></mem1>
<index></index>	dex>.
	OK
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CMS ERROR <err></err>
	Parameter
	<index> integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory</index>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.05	If there is no SMS stored at the selected index, the response is OK too.

5.3 AT+CMGF	Select SMS message format
Test command AT+CMGF=?	Response +CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>
	Parameter See write command
Read command AT+CMGF?	Response +CMGF: <mode> OK</mode>
	Parameter
	See write command
Write command	Response
AT+CMGF = [<mode>]</mode>	TA sets parameter which specifies the input and output format of messages to be used. OK
	Parameter
	<mode> 0 PDU mode</mode>
	1 text mode
Reference GSM 07.05	Note

5.4 AT+CMGL	List SMS messages from preferred store			
Test command AT+CMGL=?	Response +CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s) OK Parameter See execute command</stat>			
Execute command AT+CMGL[= <stat>]</stat>	Parameter 1) If text mode: <stat> "REC UNREAD" Received unread messages (default) "REC READ" Received read messages "STO UNSENT" Stored unsent messages "STO SENT" Stored sent messages "ALL" All messages</stat>			
	2) If PDU mode: <stat> 0 Received unread messages (default) 1 Received read messages 2 Stored unsent messages 3 Stored sent messages 4 All messages 4 All messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. Note: If the selected <mem1> can contain different types of SMs (e.g. SMS-DELIVERs, SMS- SUBMITs, SMS- STATUS-REPORTs and SMS-COMMANDs), the response may be a mix of the responses of different SM types. TE application can recognize the response format by examining the third response parameter.</mem1></mem1></stat></stat>			
	Response 1) If text mode (+CMGF=1) and command successful: for SMS- SUBMITs and/or SMS-DELIVERs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa da="">,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa toda="">, <length>]<cr><lf><data>[<cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da oa="">,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa toda="">, <length>]<cr><lf><data>[<cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da oa="">,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa toda="">, <length>]<cr><lf> for SMS-STATUS-REPORTs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st>,<dt>,<st> <<cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> i]] OK</st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index></lf></cr></st></dt></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index></lf></cr></length></tooa></scts></alpha></da></stat></index></lf></cr></data></lf></cr></length></tooa></scts></alpha></da></stat></index></lf></cr></data></lf></cr></length></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></stat></index>			



for SMS-COMMANDs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[<cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[]] OK</ct></fo></stat></index></lf></cr></ct></fo></stat></index>
for CBM storage: +CMGL: <in- dex>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages><cr><lf><data>[<cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages> <cr><lf><data>[]]OK</data></lf></cr></pages></page></mid></sn></stat></index></lf></cr></data></lf></cr></pages></page></mid></sn></stat></in-
2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and command successful: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu> [<cr><lf>+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,[alpha],<length><cr><lf><pdu> []] OK</pdu></lf></cr></length></stat></index></lf></cr></pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></stat></index>
for CBM storage: +CMGL: <index>,<length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length></index>
3) If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Parameter <alpha> string type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific. <ct> GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format (default 0) <da> GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <toda></toda></da></ct></oa></da></alpha>
<data> In case of SMS: GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format: if <dcs> indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:</fo></dcs> ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set:</fo></dcs> ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) </data>
 In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format: if <dcs>indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used: ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A</dcs> if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters</dcs>

	Parameter	
	<dt></dt>	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/ dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. For example, 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"
	<f0></f0>	depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS- STATUS- REPORT, or SMS -COMMAND (default 2) in integer format
	<length></length>	integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)</cdata></data>
	<index></index>	integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory
	<mid></mid>	GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format
	<mr></mr>	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format
	< <u>0</u> a>	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tooa></tooa>
	<pages></pages>	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
	<pdu></pdu>	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)). In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in hexadecimal format.
	<page></page>	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
	<ra></ra>	GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tora></tora>
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP- Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)</dt>
	<sn></sn>	GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format
	<st></st>	GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in inte- ger format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)</da>
	<tooa></tooa>	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in inte- ger format (default refer <toda>)</toda>
	<tora></tora>	GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)</toda>
Reference	Note	
GSM 07.05		

5.5 AT+CM0	GR Read SMS message
Test command	Response
AT+CMGR=?	OK
Execute command	Parameter
AT+CMGR= <index></index>	<index> integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory</index>
	Response
	TA returns SMS message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'.</mem1></index>
	1) If tout mode (ICMCE-1) and command successful
	1) If text mode (+CMGF=1) and command successful:
	for SMS-DELIVER: +CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,[<alpha>],<scts> [,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,</dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></stat>
	<pre>sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></pre>
	sear, stostar, stength j serve shi r statar
	for SMS-SUBMIT:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<da>,[<alpha>] [,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],</vp></dcs></pid></fo></toda></alpha></da></stat>
	<pre><sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></pre>
	for SMS-STATUS-REPORT:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat>
	for SMS- COMMAND:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<ct> [,<pid>,[<mn>],[<da>],[<toda>],<length></length></toda></da></mn></pid></ct></fo></stat>
	<cr><lf><cdata>]</cdata></lf></cr>
	for CBM storage:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn></stat>
	2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and command successful:
	+CMGR: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu> OK</pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></stat>
	for CBM storage:
	+CMGR: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>
	3)If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<alpha> string type alphanumeric representation of <math><da></da></math> or <math><oa></oa></math> corresponding</alpha>
	to the entry found in phonebook; implementation of this feature is manu-
	facturer specific
	<stat> integer type in PDU mode (default 0), or string type in text mode (default "REC UNREAD"); indicates the status of message in memory: defined</stat>
	values:

0	3 (3)	
1	5	
3		
<ct> GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format (default 0)</ct>		
BCE	M 03.40 TP- Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; D numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into cha- ers; type of address given by <toda></toda>	
<data></data>		
	In case of SMS: GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:	
-if <dcs< b="">></dcs<>	indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used and <fo> indi- cates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set ac- cording to rules covered in Annex A</fo>	
-if ≺dcs >	indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into hexadecimal numbers con- taining two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is pre- sented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)</fo>	
In case of CBS: GSM 03.41 CBM Content of Message in text mode re- sponses; format:		
- if <dcs< td=""><td>indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used: ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules cov- ered in Annex A</td></dcs<>	indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used: ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules cov- ered in Annex A	
-if <dcs></dcs>	indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters	
ir	depending on the command or result code: GSM 03.38 SMS Data Cod- ng Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in inte- ger format	
V (1	GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Data in text mode responses; ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A IRA 50 and 65))	
d	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/ dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), nonth, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. For example, 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"	
S	depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS- DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format	
< length > ir n (nteger type value indicating in text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the nessage body <data> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode +CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP ayer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).</cdata></data>	
l	n text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used	

		coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used, and 140 characters according to the 8 bit GSM coding scheme.
	<index></index>	integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory
	<mid></mid>	GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format
	<mr></mr>	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format
	<08>	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string for- mat; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tooa></tooa>
	<page></page>	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
	<pages></pages>	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
	<pdu></pdu>	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)). In the case of CBS: <ra> GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tora></tora></ra>
	<pid></pid>	GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0)
	<ra></ra>	GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command AT+CSCS Select TE character set.); type of address given by <tora></tora>
	<sca></sca>	GSM 04.11 RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command AT+CSCS Select TE character set); type of address given by <tosca></tosca>
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)</dt>
	<sn></sn>	GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format
	<st></st>	GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)</da>
	<tooa></tooa>	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)</toda>
	<tora></tora>	GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer for- mat (default refer <toda>)</toda>
	<tosca></tosca>	GSM 04.11 RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)</toda>
	<vp></vp>	depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: GSM 03.40 TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167) or in time-string format (refer <dt>)</dt></fo>
Reference	Note	
GSM 07.05	•	e to a CMGR to an empty record index: +CMGR: 0,,0 e to a CMGR to a not existing record index: +CMS ERROR: invalid index

5.6 AT+CMGS S	Send SM	S message				
Test command	Response					
AT+CMGS=?	OK					
	Parameter					
Execute command	Response	Response				
1) If text mode (+CMGF=1): +CMGS= <da> [,<toda>]<cr> text is entered <ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z></cr></toda></da>	reference	mits SMS message from TE to network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message e value $< mr >$ is returned to TE on successful message delivery. In be used to identify message upon unsolicited delivery status related to code.				
2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0):	1) If text mode (+CMGF=1) and sending successful: +CMGS: <mr>[,scts>] OK</mr>					
+CMGS= <length></length>		2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and sending successful:				
<cr> PDU is given <ctrl-< td=""><td></td><td><pre>c <mr>[,ackpdu>] OK</mr></pre></td></ctrl-<></cr>		<pre>c <mr>[,ackpdu>] OK</mr></pre>				
Z/ESC>	3) If erro	r is related to ME functionality:				
ESC aborts message	+CMS E	RROR: <err></err>				
	Parameter					
	<da></da>	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <toda></toda>				
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in in- teger format (when first character of $\langle da \rangle$ is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)				
	<length></length>	integer type value indicating in text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length) In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used, and 140 characters according to the 8 bit GSM coding scheme.</cdata></data>				
	<mr></mr>	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format				
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)</dt>				
	<dt></dt>	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/ dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. For example, 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"				
	<ackpdu< td=""><td>>GSM 03.40 RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without GSM 04.11 SC address field and parameter shall be enclosed in double quote characters like a normal string type parameter</pdu></td></ackpdu<>	>GSM 03.40 RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without GSM 04.11 SC address field and parameter shall be enclosed in double quote characters like a normal string type parameter</pdu>				
	<pdu></pdu>	For SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)). In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in he- xadecimal format.				

Reference	Note
GSM 07.05	1. Use CTRL-Z at the end of input to send the message and return OK.
	2. Use ESC at the end of message input to abort message send operation. NO message is sent although display returns OK!
	3. Sending e-mails via SMS: Note that some providers do not recognise @ symbol. Possible alternative "!" for "@"
	4. After invoking of the command CMGW, CMGS, CMGC it is necessary to wait for the ">" symbol and only afterwards the text can be sent to the module
	5. At baudrates lower than 19200 it is recommended to use the line termi- nation character only (refer to +ATS3, default <cr>, pg. 24) before en- tering the text/pdu. Use of the line termination character followed by the response formating character (see +ATS4, default <lf>, pg. 24) can cause problems.</lf></cr>
	6. All characters to write a SMS after the symbol ">" will be recognized as GSM character settings. As example the "Backspace" will not delete the character which was entered before. It will be send or stored in the SMS itself as an additional character. See also chapter 7.5 there you can find the character setting (GSM) of the module.

5.7 AT+CMGW	Write SM	IS message to memory		
Test command	Response	Response		
AT+CMGW=?	OK			
Execute command 1) If text mode (+CMGF=1): +CMGW[= <oa da=""> [,tooa/toda>[,stat>]]] <cr> text is entered ctrl-Z/ESC><esc></esc></cr></oa>	memory is return given in	smits SMS (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) from TE to storage <mem2>. Memory location <index> of the stored message ed. Message status will be set to 'stored unsent' unless otherwise parameter <stat>.</stat></index></mem2>		
quits without sending	Note: SM text mod	IS-COMMANDs and SMS-STATUS-REPORTs cannot be stored in le.		
2) If PDU mode	If writing	is successful:		
(+CMGF=0): +CMGW= <length></length>	-	/: <index> OK</index>		
[,stat] <cr></cr>		s related to ME functionality:		
PDU is given <ctrl- Z/ESC></ctrl- 		RROR: <err></err>		
2/2002				
	Parameter			
	<0a>	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Address value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tooa></tooa>		
	<da></da>	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <toda></toda>		
	<tooa></tooa>	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in inte- ger format (default refer <toda>)</toda>		
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in in- teger format (when first character of $$ is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)		
	<length></length>	 integer type value indicating in the text mode (+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).</cdata></data> In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used, and 140 characters according to the 8 bit GSM coding scheme. 		
	<stat></stat>	integer type in PDU mode (default 0), or string type in text mode (defauld "REC UNREAD"); indicates the status of message in memory; defined values:		
		0 "REC UNREAD" Received unread messages (default)		
		1 "REC READ" Received read messages		
		2 "STO UNSENT" Stored unsent messages		
		3 "STO SENT" Stored sent messages		
	<pdu></pdu>	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into hexadecimal numbers containing two IRA characters (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)). In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41		



	TPDU in hexadecimal format.
	<index> Index of message in selected storage <mem2></mem2></index>
Reference	Note
GSM 07.05	1. Use CTRL-Z at the end of input to send the message and return OK.
	2. Use ESC at the end of message input to abort message send operation. NO message is sent although display returns OK!
	3. Sending e-mails via SMS: Note that some providers do not recognise @ symbol. Possible alternative "!" for "@"
	 After invoking of the command CMGW, CMGS, CMGC it is necessary to wait for the ">" symbol and only afterwards the text can be sent to the module
	5. At baudrates lower than 19200 it is recommended to use the line termi- nation character only (refer to +ATS3, default <cr>, pg. 24) before en- tering the text/pdu. Use of the line termination character followed by the response formating character (refer to +ATS4, default <lf>, pg. 24) can cause problems.</lf></cr>
	6. All characters to write a SMS after the symbol ">" will be recognized as GSM character settings. As example the "Backspace" will not delete the character which was entered before. It will be send or stored in the SMS itself as an additional character. See also chapter 7.5 there you can find the character setting (GSM) of the module

5.8 AT+CMSS S	end SMS mess	age from storage	
Test command AT+CMSS=?	Response OK Parameter		
Execute command +CMSS= <index>[,<da> [,<toda>]]</toda></da></index>	<pre><mem2> to the ne ent address <da> one stored with th on successful me upon unsolicited of 1) If text mode (+0)</da></mem2></pre>	age with location value <index> from message storage etwork (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). If new recipi- is given for SMS-SUBMIT, it shall be used instead of the ne message. Reference value <mr> is returned to the TE essage delivery. Values can be used to identify message delivery status report result code.</mr></index>	
	+CMSS: <mr>[,scts>] OK 2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and send successful: +CMSS: <mr>[,ackpdu>] OK</mr></mr>		
	3) If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	<ackpdu></ackpdu>	GSM 03.40 RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without GSM 04.11 SC address field and parameter shall be bounded by double quote characters like a normal string type parameter.</pdu>	
	<index></index>	integer type; value in the range of location numbers sup- ported by the associated memory	
	<da></da>	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of ad- dress given by <toda></toda>	
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time- string format.	
	<toda></toda>	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of $\langle da \rangle$ is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)	
	<mr></mr>	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format	
Reference GSM 07.05	Note		

5.9 AT+CNMA	New SMS message acknowledge to ME/TE, only phase 2+
Test command AT+CNMA=?	Response 1) If text mode (+CMGF=1): OK
	2) If PDU mode (+CMGF=0): +CNMA: (list of supported <n>s) OK</n>
	Parameters See execute command
Execute command	Response
1) If text mode: AT+CNMA	TA confirms successful receipt of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS- STATUS-REPORT) which is routed directly to the TE. TA shall not send an- other +CMT or +CDS result code to TE until previous one is acknowledged.
2) If PDU mode: AT+CNMA[= <n>]</n>	If ME does not receive acknowledgment within required time (network time- out), ME sends RP-ERROR to the network. TA shall automatically disable routing to TE by setting both $$ and $$ values of +CNMI to zero.
	Note: The command shall only be used when +CSMS parameter <serv- ice> equals 1 (= phase 2+).</serv-
	1) If text mode:
	ОК
	2) If PDU mode:
	ОК
	3) If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameters
	<pre><n> 0 command operates similarly as defined for the text mode</n></pre>
Reference GSM 07.05	Note If multiplex mode is activated (+CMUX=0) the +CNMI parameter in all chan- nels will be set to zero, if one channel fails to acknowledge an incoming mes- sage within the required time.

5.10 AT+CNM	II New SN	IS me	essage indications
Test command AT+CNMI=?	Response +CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <mt>s), (list of supported <bm>s), (list of supported <ds>s), (list of supported <bfr>s) OK Parameter See set command</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>		
Read command AT+CNMI?	Response +CNMI: <m Parameter See set con</m 	,	<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr> OK</bfr></ds></bm></mt>
Write command AT+CNMI = [<mode>] [,<mt>][,<bm>] [,<ds>][,<bfr>]</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>	Response TA selects t is indicated (e.g. DTR s 03.38. Note1: If th (V.2 usir Note2: The pha Note3: The OK	he prod to the ignal is e DTR 25ter cong to the se 2+ of e parameters 0 1 2 3 Rules setting Note: I ME m	cedure how the receipt of new SMS messages from the network TE when TE is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If TE is inactive s OFF), message receiving should be done as specified in GSM a signal is not available or the state of the signal is ignored ommand &D0), reliable message transfer can be assured by IMA acknowledgment procedure. <mt>2 and <mt>3 for storing received SM are possible only if compatibility is activated with +CSMS=1 neter <ds>=1 is only available in phase 2+ D ME functionality: err> Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications. Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is re- served (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE. Buffer unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode. For storing received SMS depend on the relevant data coding od (refer to GSM 03.38 [2]), preferred memory storage (+CPMS) g and this value f AT command interface is acting as the only display device, the bust support storage of class 0 messages and messages in the</ds></mt></mt>
		<u>0</u> 1	age waiting indication group (discard message) No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE. If SMS-DELIVER is stored in ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem>,<index></index></mem>

		2	the message wa routed directly to +CMT: , <length> +CMT: <oa>,, <s< td=""><td>, except class 2 messages and messages in iting indication group (store message) are the TE using unsolicited result code: <cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) cts> [,<tooa>, <fo>, <pid>, <dcs>, <sca>, <to- CR> <lf> <data> (text mode enabled)</data></lf></to- </sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></pdu></lf></cr></td></s<></oa></length>	, except class 2 messages and messages in iting indication group (store message) are the TE using unsolicited result code: <cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) cts> [,<tooa>, <fo>, <pid>, <dcs>, <sca>, <to- CR> <lf> <data> (text mode enabled)</data></lf></to- </sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></pdu></lf></cr>
		3	unsolicited result	LIVERs are routed directly to the TE using codes defined in $=2$. Messages of other emes result in indication as defined in $=1$.
	<bm></bm>	meth		ed CBMs depend on the relevant data coding 03.38 [2]), the setting of Select CBM Types e:
		<u>0</u>	No CBM indication	ons are routed to the TE.
		2	sult code: +CBM abled) or +CBM:	outed directly to the TE using unsolicited re- : <length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode en- <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><cr> t mode enabled).</cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn></pdu></lf></cr></length>
		3	Class 3 CBMs ar codes defined in	e routed directly to TE using unsolicited result bm>=2.
	<ds></ds>	<u>0</u>	No SMS-STATU	S-REPORTs are routed to the TE.
		1	SMS-STATUS-R ited result code:	EPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolic- +CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode 5: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></pdu></lf></cr></length>
		2		-REPORT is routed into ME/TA, indication of tion is routed to the TE using unsolicited result nem>, <index></index>
	<bfr></bfr>	<u>1</u>		blicited result codes defined within this com- when <mode> 13 is entered.</mode>
Unsolicited result code	Syntax of re +CMTI: <n< td=""><td></td><td>es output when Sl findex></td><td>MS is received: Indicates that new message has been re- ceived</td></n<>		es output when Sl findex>	MS is received: Indicates that new message has been re- ceived
	+CBMI: <n< td=""><td>1em>,<</td><td>index></td><td>Indicates that new CB message has been re- ceived</td></n<>	1em>,<	index>	Indicates that new CB message has been re- ceived
	+CMT: , <le< td=""><td>ngth><</td><td><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></td><td>Short message is output directly</td></le<>	ngth><	<cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr>	Short message is output directly
	+CBM: <ler< td=""><td>ngth><</td><td>CR><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></td><td>Cell broadcast message is output directly</td></ler<>	ngth><	CR> <lf><pdu></pdu></lf>	Cell broadcast message is output directly
	During eacl for one sec		or Cell Broadcast	Messages the Ring Line will remain Logic "0"

Reference	Note
GSM 07.05	Parameters $\langle mt \rangle = 2,3$ and $\langle ds \rangle = 1$ are only available with GSM phase 2+ (see +CSMS=1). Incoming SMs or Status Reports have to be acknowledged with AT+CNMA=0 when using these phase 2+ parameters.
	Requirements specific to Multiplex mode:
	• In multiplex mode (AT+CMUX=0) only one channel can use a phase 2+ para- meter. The parameter for <mt> and <ds> on the other channels have to be set to zero.</ds></mt>
	• If either a SM or a Status Report is not acknowledged, all +CNMI parameter in all channels will be set to zero.

5.11 AT+CPM	IS Preferred SMS message storage
Test command AT+CPMS=?	Response +CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s), (list of supported <mem2>s), (list of sup- ported <mem3>s) Parameter See write command</mem3></mem2></mem1>
Read command AT+CPMS?	Response +CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>, <mem3>,<used3>,<total3> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR Parameter See write command</total3></used3></mem3></total2></used2></mem2></total1></used1></mem1>
Write command AT+CPMS= <mem1> [,<mem2> [,<mem3>]]</mem3></mem2></mem1>	Response TA selects memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc. +CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR:<err> Parameter <mem1> Messages to be read and deleted from this memory storage "SM" SIM message storage <mem2> Messages will be written and sent to this memory storage "SM" SIM message storage <mem3> Received messages will be placed in this memory storage if routing to PC is not set ("+CNMI") "SM" SIM message storage <usedx> Number of messages currently in <memx> <totalx> Number of messages storable in <memx></memx></totalx></memx></usedx></mem3></mem2></mem1></err></total3></used3></total2></used2></total1></used1></mem3></mem2></mem1>
Reference GSM 07.05	Note

5.12 AT+CSCA	SMS service centre address				
Test command	Response				
AT+CSCA=?	ОК				
Read command AT+CSCA?	Response +CSCA: <sca>,<tosca> OK Parameter See write command</tosca></sca>				
Write command AT+CSCA= <sca> [,<tosca>]</tosca></sca>	TA updates the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMs are transmitted. In text mode, setting is used by send and write commands. In PDU mode, setting is used by the same commands, but only when the length of the SMSC address coded into <pdu> parameter equals zero. Note: this command writes the service centre address to non-volatile memory. Response OK Parameter <sca> GSM 04.11 RP SC address Address value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted into characters; type of address given by <tosca> Maximum length of address: 20 characters <tosca> Service centre address format GSM 04.11 RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)</toda></tosca></tosca></sca></pdu>				
Reference GSM 07.05	Note In case of using no parameter after AT+CSCA= the content of <sca> will be deleted.</sca>				

5.13 AT+CSCB S	elect cell	broad	Icast messages
Test command AT+CSCB=?	Response +CSCB: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>		
	Parameter See write c	commar	nd
Read command AT+CSCB?	Response +CSCB: <n< td=""><td>node>,<</td><td><mids>,<dcss></dcss></mids></td></n<>	node>,<	<mids>,<dcss></dcss></mids>
	Parameter See write c	commai	nd
Write command AT+CSCB=[<mode> [,<mids>[,<dcss>]]]</dcss></mids></mode>	Parameter	0	Accepts messages that are defined in <mids> and <dcss></dcss></mids>
		<u>0</u> 1	Does not accept messages that are defined in <mids> and <dcss></dcss></mids>
	<mids></mids>	"0,1,8	g type; combinations of CBM message IDs (e.g. 5,320-478,922"). The number of ranges in < mids > pa- ter string is limited to 6
	<dcss></dcss>	String "0-3,	g type; combinations of CBM data coding schemes (e.g. 5")
	Note:		
	lf <mode>= area (e.g. "</mode>		elected the parameter $<$ mids $>$ has to be given as only one
Reference GSM 07.05	Note		

5.14 AT+CSDH	Show SMS text mode parameters
Test command AT+CSDH=?	Response +CSDH: (list of supported <show>s) OK Parameter See write command</show>
Read command AT+CSDH?	Response +CSDH: <show> OK Parameter See write command</show>
Write command AT+CSDH= <show></show>	Response TA sets whether or not detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes. OK Parameter <show> 0 do not show header values defined in commands +CSCA and +CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dcs>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMT, +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <cdata></cdata></length></toda></da></mn></pid></tooa></toda></length></dcs></pid></vp></fo></tosca></sca></show>
Reference GSM 07.05	1 show the values in result codes Note

5.15 AT+CSM	IP Set S	SMS text mode parameters		
Test command	Response			
AT+CSMP=?	ок			
Read command AT+CSMP?	Response +CSMP: <fo>,<vp scts="">,<pid>,<dcs> OK Parameter See set command</dcs></pid></vp></fo>			
Set command AT+CSMP= [<fo>[,<vp scts=""> [,<pid> [,<dcs>]]]]</dcs></pid></vp></fo>	Response TA selects values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the net- work or placed in a storage when text format message mode is selected. It is pos- sible to set the validity period starting from when the SM is received by the SMSC ($\langle vp \rangle$ is in range 0 255) or define the absolute time of the validity period termi- nation ($\langle vp \rangle$ is a string). The format of $\langle vp \rangle$ is given by $\langle fo \rangle$. If TA supports the enhanced validity period format, see GSM 03.40), it shall be given as a hexadezi- mal coded string (refer e.g. $\langle pdu \rangle$) with quotes.			
	Note: When storing a SMS_DELIVER from the TE to the preferred memory storage in text mode (refer write command to Message Memory +CMGW), <vp> field can be used for <scts></scts></vp>			
	Parameter			
	<f0></f0>	depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS- DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format		
	<scts></scts>	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)</dt>		
	<vp></vp>	depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: GSM 03.40 TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167)), in time-string format (refer <dt>), or if is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with quotes)</dt></fo>		
	<pid></pid>	Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0), refer GSM 03.40		
	<dcs></dcs>	SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format depending on the command or result code: GSM 03.38		
Reference	Note			
GSM 07.05	The com	mand writes the parameters to the non-volatile memory.		

5.16 AT+CS	MS Select	Mess	age Service	
Test command AT+CSMS=?	Response +CSMS: (list of supported <service>s) OK Parameter See write command</service>			
Read command AT+CSMS?	Parameter	+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK</bm></mo></mt></service>		
Write command AT+CSMS= <service></service>	Response +CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CMS ERROR: <err></err></bm></mo></mt>			
	Parameter <service></service>	<u>0</u> 1	GSM 03.40 and 03.41 (the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with GSM 07.05 Phase 2 version 4.7.0; Phase 2+ features which do not require new command syntax may be supported, e.g. correct routing of messages with new Phase 2+ data coding schemes) GSM 03.40 and 03.41 (the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with GSM 07.05 Phase 2+ version; the requirement of <service> setting 1 is mentioned under corresponding com- mand descriptions).</service>	
	<mt> <mo></mo></mt>	0 <u>1</u> Mobil 0 <u>1</u> Broad	le Terminated Messages: Type not supported Type supported le Originated Messages: Type not supported Type supported dcast Type Messages: Type not supported Type not supported	
Reference GSM 07.05	rameter ar	e Phas ded to	Type supported switched from Phase 2+ to Phase 2 and one or more CNMI Pa- e 2+ specific a '+CMS ERROR: unknown error' will apear. It is switch the CNMI Parameters to Phase 2 specific values before	

6 Siemens defined AT commands for enhanced functions

Self-defined commands do not have to be implemented in accordance with the official syntax. The "+C" string can therefore be replaced by "^S" ("^" = 0x5E). If a self-defined command with the same syntax will be included in future in the GSM recommendations, the command can be addressed with both strings.

6.1 AT+CXXCID	Display card ID (identical to AT^SCID)
Test command	Response
AT+CXXCID=?	ОК
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
Execute command	Response
AT+CXXCID	TA returns the card identification number in SIM (SIM file EF ICCID, see
	GSM 11.11 Chap.10.1.1) as string type.
	See ^SCID
	Parameter
	See ^SCID
Reference	Note
Siemens	See also GSM Engine A1: ^SCID

6.2 AT^MO	NI Monitor idle mode and dedicated mode			
Test command	Response			
AT^MONI=?	^MONI: (list of supported < period >s) OK			
Write command	This command can be used to retrieve information of the serving/dedicated cell			
AT^MONI[= <pe riod>]</pe 	<i>automatically</i> every <i>n</i> seconds. It is cancelled by any character sent to serial port except if autobauding is enabled (+IPR=0). Then type character 'a' to abort. Note:			
	The two header lines (see below) are output after every ten data lines. Response See execute command Parameter			
	<pre><period> 1 - 254 Display period in seconds</period></pre>			
Execute command AT^MONI	This command can be used to retrieve the cell parameters of the serving/dedicated cell <i>on request</i> .			
	The length of following output lines exceeds 80 characters. Therefore a termina program may draw a carriage return on a screen. However, this is not part of the response.			
Response (Example	s)			
ME is not conne	cted:			
Serving Cell chann rs dB ChMod				
	1 26203 0049 01CF 3 7 30 -105 44 I No connection			
ME is connected	: :			
Serving Cell chann rs dB				
ChMod 428 26 -6 S_EFR	1 26203 0049 01CF 3 7 30 -105 43 I 428 3 0 7 -61 0			
ок				
Parameters	Serving Cell:			
	chann traffic channel number			
	rs RSSI value 0 – 63 (RSSI = Received signal strength indication)			
	dBm receiving level in dBm			
	PLMN PLMN ID code			
	LAC location area code, see note below.			
	cell Cell ID, see note below.			
	NCC PLMN colour code			
	BCC Base Station colour code			

- RXLev minimal receiving level (in dBm) to allow registration
- C1 coefficient for base station selection

	Dedicate	ed channel:	
	channtraffic channel numberNote: <chann> = 0 signals frequency hopping.</chann>		
	TS timeslot no.		
	timAdv	timing advance in bits	
	PWR	current power level	
	dBm	receiving level in dBm	
	Q	receiving quality (0–7)	
	ChMod	channel mode (S_HR: Half rate, S_FR: Full rate, S_EFR: Enhanced Full Rate)	
Reference	Note		
Siemens	 will ne As a any n To ine usual 	ing a connection the radio cell is changed, the parameters LAC and Cell ot be updated (see also +CREG, pg 90). result of this command the requested output may be issued by the ME at noment (related to <period>). dicate such unsolicited result codes to a connected application, the ME ly activates it's Ring Line (Logic "0") for one second. This is not true for nsolicited output of AT^MONI and AT^MONP.</period>	

6.3 AT^MONP M	onitor neighbour cells		
Test command AT^MONP=?	Response ^MONP: (list of supported < period >s) OK		
Write command AT^MONP[= <period>]</period>	This command can be used to retrieve information of up to six neighbour cells automatically every n seconds. It is cancelled by any character sent to the serial port except if autobauding is enabled (+IPR=0). Then type character 'a' to abort.Response See execute command Parameter <period>1 - 254Display period in seconds</period>		
Execute command AT^MONP	This command can be used to obtain information of up to six neighbour cells <i>on request</i> . Response (Example)		
	chann rs dBm PLMN BCC C1 C2 504 18 -78 26203 1 27 27 476 15 -83 26203 3 22 22 421 13 -88 26203 1 17 17 440 10 -93 26203 7 12 12 446 9 -95 26203 7 10 10 417 8 -97 26203 4 8 8 OK OK		
	Parameter:ChannelChannel numberrsRSSI value 0 – 63 (RSSI = Received signal strength indication)dBmReceiving level in dBmPLMNPLMN ID codeBCCBase Station colour codeC1coefficient for base station selectionC2coefficient for base station selection		
Reference Siemens	 As a result of this command the requested output may be issued by the ME at any moment (related to<period>). To indicate such unsolicited result codes to a connected application, the ME usually activates it's Ring Line (Logic "0") for one second. This is <u>not true</u> for output of AT^MONI and AT^MONP.</period> 		

6.4 AT^SAC	M Advice	of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax	
Test command AT^SACM=?	Response ^SACM: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write command</n>		
Execute command	Response		
AT^SACM	SIM values for mum (ACMm	·	
		, <acm>,<acm_max> OK</acm_max></acm>	
	t error is rela	ted to ME functionality:	
	Parameter		
	See write con	nmand	
Write command	Response		
AT^SACM= <n></n>	TA sets the Advice of Charge supplementary service function mode.		
	If error is rela	ted to ME functionality:	
	+CME ERRO)R: <err></err>	
	Parameter		
		 <u>0</u> suppress unsolicited result code display unsolicited result code 	
		ACM, string type; three bytes of the current ACM value in hexadeci-	
	r	mal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30) 000000– FFFFFF	
	_ (ACMmax, string type; three bytes of the max. ACM value in hexade- cimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30) 000000 dis- able ACMmax feature 000001-FFFFFF	
	r	string type; three bytes of the current CCM value in hexadecimal for- mat (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); bytes are coded in the same way as ACMmax value in the SIM 000000-FFFFFF	
	Unsolicited resul	t code	
		ed, an unsolicited result code is sent when the CCM value changes, often than every 10 seconds $m>$	
	Parameter		
	See write con	nmand	
Reference	Note		
Siemens	See also GSN	M07.07: AT+CACM, AT+CAMM, AT+CAOC	

6.5 AT^SBC Battery charge and Charger Control

Responses returned by this command vary with the operating mode of the ME:			
Normal mode:	ME is switched on by Ignition pin and running the SLEEP, IDLE or TALK mode. Charger is not connected. AT^SBC can be used to query the battery capacity and the power consumption of ME and application (if value of application was specified before as <cur- rent>).</cur- 		
Normal mode + charging:	Allows charging while ME is switched on by Ignition pin and running the SLEEP, IDLE or TALK mode. AT^SBC returns charger status and power consumption of ME / application. Battery parameters are not available.		
Charge-only mode:	 Allows charging while ME is detached from GSM network. AT^SBC returns charger status and power consumption of ME / application. Percentage of battery capacity is not available. In Charge-only mode a limited number of AT commands is accessible (see Table 2). There are several ways to activate Charge-only mode: a) from Power Down mode: Connect charger while ME was powered down with AT^SMSO b) from Normal mode: Connect charger, then enter AT^SMSO. 		
Alarm mode:	No charging functionality, i.e. charging does not start even though the charger connects to the POWER lines. Battery parameters are not available.		

Charging begins once the charger connects to the POWER pins of the ZIF connector (except for the Alarm mode). Please refer to the "Hardware Interface Despription" supplied with your GSM engine and the Application Note "Charging the Battery Pack" for details on the charging process.

Test command	Response		
AT^SBC=?	^SBC: (list of supported <bcs>s),(list of supported <bcl>s),<mpc> module pow consumption</mpc></bcl></bcs>		
	Defined va	lues	
	<bcs></bcs>	0	No charging adapter is connected
		1	Charging adapter is connected
		2	Charging adapter is connected, charging in progress
		3	Charging adapter is connected, charging has finished
		4	Charging error, charging is interrupted
		5	False charging temperature, charging is interrupted while temperature is beyond allowed range
	<bcl> Battery</bcl>		apacity
		0, 2	0, 40, 60, 80, 100 percent of remaining capacity (6 steps)
			dicates that either the battery is exhausted or the capacity value ot available
	<mpc> Ave</mpc>	erage (power consumption
		cou con	the (05000) of average power consumption (mean value over a ple of seconds) in mA. $$ is obtained from the ME's power sumption and the value you have specified for the application by the AT^SBC write command.

Read command	Response
AT^SBC?	^SBC: <bcs>,<bcl>,<mpc></mpc></bcl></bcs>
AT ODC:	Command returns battery connection status $$, battery charge level $$ and module power consumption $$ of the ME.
	While charging is in progress (charging adapter is connected) the battery capacity is not available! To query battery capacity disconnect the charger.
Write command AT^SBC= <current></current>	Use the write command to specify the actual power consumption of your external application. This information enables the ME to calculate the average power consumption $$ and thus, to properly control the charging process.
	The write command registers the serial port as the output channel for unsolicited result codes related to charging.
	Response
	ОК
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<current> Enter the current consumption of your application in mA (05000). If used, the current provided over the by 2.9V VDD pin of the ZIF interface (maximum 70mA) should be included, too.</current>
	Unsolicited result code ^SBC: Undervoltage
	This Unsolicited Result Code is enabled by the write command. If undervoltage is recognized the string is sent to the registered output channel three or more times. If the module is in IDLE mode it takes typically one minute to deregister from the network and to switch off.
Reference	Note
Siemens	While charging is in progress, it is not possible to determine the capacity of the battery. Consequently, parameter $=0$.

Table 2: Summary of AT commands available in Charge-only and Alarm mode

AT command	Use
AT+CALA	Set alarm time
AT+CCLK	Set date and time of RTC
AT^SBC	Monitor charging process
	Note: While charging is in progress, no battery parameters are available. To query the battery capacity disconnect the charger. If the charger connects <i>externally</i> to the host device no charging parameters are transferred to the module. In this case, the command cannot be used.
AT^SCTM	Query temperature of GSM engine, enable or disable URCs
AT^SMSO	Power down GSM engine

6.6 AT^SCI	D Display SIM card identification number
Test command AT^SCID=?	Response OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err>
Execute command AT^SCID	Response TA returns the identification number of the SIM card (see GSM 11.11 Chapter 10.1.1). ^SCID: <cid> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter <cid> string type: card identification number in SIM</cid></err></cid>
Reference Siemens	Note

6.7 AT^SCK nection	S Set SIM connection presentation mode and query SIM con- status			
Test command AT^SCKS=?	Response ^SCKS: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write command</n>			
Read command AT^SCKS?	Response TA returns SIM connected presentation mode and SIM connected status. ^SCKS: <n>, <m> OK Parameter See write command</m></n>			
Write command AT^SCKS= <n></n>	Response TA sets SIM connected presentation mode whether or not an unsolicited result code is to be sent to TE when SIM is not connected. OK Parameter <n> 0 Suppress unsolicited result codes 1 Output unsolicited result codes <m> 0 I Card in card reader</m></n>			
	Unsolicited result code When the status SIM connected has changed, an unsolicited result code is sent to TE ^SCKS: <m> Parameter See write command</m>			
Reference Siemens	Note			

6.8 AT^SCN	List Call N	Number Information			
Test command	Response				
AT^SCNI=?	ОК				
Execute command	Response				
AT^SCNI	TA returns a	list of current calls of ME.			
	[^SCNI: <id1< td=""><td>>[,<cs>[,<number>,<type>]]]</type></number></cs></td></id1<>	>[, <cs>[,<number>,<type>]]]</type></number></cs>			
	[^SCNI: <id2< td=""><td>!>[,<cs>[,<number>,<type>]]]</type></number></cs></td></id2<>	!>[, <cs>[,<number>,<type>]]]</type></number></cs>			
	[] OK				
	If error is rela	ated to ME functionality:			
	+CME ERRO	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			
	Parameter				
	<idx></idx>	 1–7 integer type; call identification number as described in GSM 02.30[19] subclause 4.5.5.1; this number can be used in +CHLD command operations 			
	< <u>cs</u> >	Call status of respective call number (first parameter)			
		0 call hold			
		1 call in progress			
		2 Waiting call			
	<number></number>	string type phone number in format specified by <type></type>			
	<type></type>	type of address octet in integer format; 145 when dialling string in- cludes international access code character "+", otherwise 129			
Reference	Note				
Siemens	See also GS	M 07.07: AT+CLCC			

6.9 AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature

Use this command to monitor the temperature range of the module and the battery. The write command enables or disables the presentation of URCs to report critical temperature limits.

Test command AT^SCTM=?	Response ^SCTM: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write command</n>		
Read command AT^SCTM?	Response TA returns the URC presentation mode and information about the current tem- perature range of the module (not the battery). ^SCTM: <n>, <m> OK Parameter See write command</m></n>		
Write command AT^SCTM= <n></n>	Select <n> to enable or disable the presentation of the URCs: Response OK Parameters <n> 0 Suppress unsolicited result codes. 1 Output unsolicited result codes. <m> -2 Below lowest-temperature limit (causes immediate switch-off) -1 Below low-temperature-alert limit 0 Normal operating temperature 1 Above upper-temperature-alert limit 2 Above upper-temperature limit (causes immediate switch-off)</m></n></n>		
	Unsolicited result code URCs will be automatically sent to TA when the temperature reaches or exceeds the critical level: ^SCTM_A: <m> for battery (accumulator) temperature ^SCTM_B: <m> for module (board) temperature Parameter See write command</m></m>		

Reference	Note	Note		
Siemens	Important:			
	 Please refer to the "Hardware Inferface Description" supplied with your GSM engine for specifications on critical temperature ranges. To avoid damage the module will shut down once the critical temperature is exceeded. The procedure is equivalent to the power-down initiated with AT^SMSO. The shutdown takes effect no matter whether URCs are enabled or disabled: URCs indicating the alert level "2" or "-2" are followed by immediate shutdown. If <n> is 0 the user is not informed before the module shuts down.</n> URCs indicating the alert level "1" or "-1" are intended to enable the user to take appropriate precautions, such as protect the module or battery from exposure to extreme conditions, or save or back up data etc. 			
Examples	URCs issued in the	e event of undertemperature or overtemperature:		
	^SCTM_A: -1	Caution: Battery close to undertemperature limit.		
	—	Alert: Battery below undertemperature limit. Engine switches off.		
	^SCTM_B: -1	Caution: Engine close to undertemperature limit.		
	^SCTM_B: -2	Alert: Engine is below undertemperature limit and switches off.		

6.10 AT^SDLD Delete the "last number redial" memory		
Test command	Response	
AT^SDLD=?	ОК	
Execute command	Response	
AT^SDLD	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR	
Reference	Note	
Siemens		

6.11 AT^SHOM Display Homezone			
Test command	Response		
AT^SHOM=?	ОК		
	Parameter		
	See execute command		
Execute command	Response		
AT^SHOM	TA returns homezone state		
	^SHOM: <homezonestate> OK</homezonestate>		
	Parameters		
		0	
	<homezonestate></homezonestate>	0	ME is out of Homezone
		1	ME is within the Homezone
Reference	Note		
Siemens			

C 40 ATACLO	D. Dianlay Loot Call Duration			
6.12 AT^SLC	D Display Last Call Duration			
Test command	Response			
AT^SLCD=?	ОК			
	Parameter			
	See execute command			
Execute command	Response			
AT^SLCD	TA returns last call duration or current call duration			
	^SLCD: <time> OK</time>			
	Parameter			
	<time> string type value; format is "hh:mm:ss", where characters indicate hours, minutes, seconds; e.g. 22:10:00 "22:10:00", max values are 9999:59:59</time>			
Reference	Note			
Siemens				

Test command	CK Facility lock (including self-defined locks) Response			
AT^SLCK=?	^SLCK: (list of supported <fac>s) OK</fac>			
	Parameter			
	See write command			
Write command	Response			
AT^SLCK= <fac>,<mode></mode></fac>	This command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate a ME or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed for such actions. When querying the status of</fac>			
[, <passwd></passwd>	a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0)</status></mode>			
[, <class>]]</class>	should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. It should be possible to abort the command when network facilities are set or interrogated.</class>			
	If <mode><>2 and command is successful</mode>			
	ОК			
	If <mode>=2 and command successful</mode>			
	^SLCK: <status>[,<class1>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></class1></status>			
	^SLCK: <status>, class2]] OK If error is related to ME functionality:</status>			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			
	Parameter			
	<fac> "CS" Keypad lock (not supported since keypad cannot be connected) "PS" Phone locked to SIM card (phone code). ME requests password when other than current SIM card inserted; ME may remember certain number of previously used cards thus not requiring pass- word when they are inserted.</fac>			
	"SC" SIM (lock SIM cards). SIM requests password upon ME power-up and when this lock command issued.			
	"FD" SIM fixed dialling memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been performed during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)</passwd>			
	"AO" BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls)			
	"OI" BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls) "OX" BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home			
	Country)			
	"AI" BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls) "IR" BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home			
	"IR" BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)			
	"AB" All Barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)</mode>			
	"AG" All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0) "AC" All inComing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)</mode></mode>			
	The following parameters depend on the factory settings: "PF" lock Phone to the very First SIM card			
	"PF" lock Phone to the very First SIM card "PN" Network Personalisation			
	"PU" Network subset Personalisation			
	"PP" Service Provider Personalisation "PC" Corporate Personalisation			



	<mode></mode>	0	unlock
		1	lock
		2	query status
	<passwd></passwd>	>pa	assword
	<class></class>	1	voice
		2	data
		4	fax
		<u>7</u>	all classes except class 8 (default)
		8	short message service
	<status></status>	0	off
		1	on
Reference	Note		
Siemens	See also	GS	SM 07.07: AT+CLCK

6.14 AT^SMC	GL List SMS messages from preferred storage			
Test command	Response			
AT^SMGL=?	See write command + CMGL			
	Parameters			
	See command +CMGL			
Execute/Write	Response			
command AT^SMGL [= <stat>]</stat>	TA returns messages with status value $\langle stat \rangle$ from message storage $\langle mem1 \rangle$ to the TE. The status of the messages is u n c h a n g e d (unread remains unread).			
	Otherwise: See command +CMGL			
	Parameters			
	See command +CMGL			
Reference	Note			
Siemens	See also GSM 07.05: +CMGL			

Test command AT^SMGO=?Response ^SGMO: (list of supported <n>s) OK Parameter See write commandRead commandResponse TA returns overflow presentation mode and SMS overflow status ^SGMO: <n>,<mode> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write commandWrite commandResponse TA sets overflow presentation mode OK</err></mode></n></n>	
AT^SMGO?TA returns overflow presentation mode and SMS overflow status ^SGMO: <n>,<mode> OK If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter See write commandResponseWrite command AT^SMGO=<n>Response TA sets overflow presentation mode</n></err></mode></n>	
AT^SMGO= <n> TA sets overflow presentation mode</n>	
Parameter <n> SMS overflow presentation mode 0 disable (default) 1 enable <mode> SMS overflow status 0 space available 1 SMS buffer full (chip card) 2 Buffer full and new message waiting in SC for delivery to Unsolicited result code When the status SIM overflow changes, an unsolicited result code is ^SMGO: <mode> Parameter Parameter</mode></mode></n>	
Reference Note Siemens Indication during data transfer via break (100ms). Data transmission interrupted by a break and for only 100ms.	ion will only be

6.16 AT^SMSO	Switch off mobile station
Test command	Response
AT^SMSO=?	OK
Execute command AT^SMSO	Response ^SMSO: MS OFF OK Device will be switched off (power down mode)
Reference	Note
Siemens	Don't send any command after this command

6.17 AT^SMGR	Read SMS message without set to REC READ
Test command	Response
AT^SMGR=?	ОК
Execute command	Parameter
AT^SMGR= <index></index>	See AT+CMGR
Reference	Note
GSM 07.05	The AT^SMGR command is a specific Siemens command with the same syn- tax as "AT+CMGR Read SMS message". The only difference is that the SMS Message, which has REC_UNREAD status, is not overwritten to REC_READ.

6.18 AT^SM20	Set M20 Compatibility		
Test command	Response		
AT^SM20=?	ОК		
Read command	Response		
AT^SM20?	^SM20: <n></n>		
	ОК		
	Parameters		
	See write command		
Write command	Response		
AT^SM20= <n></n>	TA switch the compatibility to other GSM modules		
	ОК		
	Parameters		
	<n>> 0 Compatible to x35/37 Mobile Phones</n>		
	<u>1</u> Compatible to M20		
Reference	Note		
Siemens	There is a difference during call establishing (e.g. ATD):		
	If x35/37 selected, the The GSM engine will respond always OK after attempting a call. If M20 is selected, it will respond OK only in case of a successful connection.		

6.19 AT^SNFD Set audio parameters to manufacturer default values		
Test command	Response	
AT^SNFD=?	ОК	
Execute command	Response	
AT^SNFD	TA sets the active audio parameters to manufacturer defined default values.	
	ОК	
Reference	Note	
Siemens	The restored values are: <inbbcgain>, <incalibrate>, <outbbcgain>, <outcalibrate[0 4]="" to="">, <sidetone> of all audio modes</sidetone></outcalibrate[0></outbbcgain></incalibrate></inbbcgain>	

6.20 AT^SNFI Set microphone path parameters		
Test command AT [^] SNFI=?	Response ^SNFI: (list of supported <inbbcgain>s), (list of supported <incali- brate>s) OK Parameters See write command</incali- </inbbcgain>	
Read command AT^SNFI?	Response +SNFI: < inBbcGain >, <incalibrate> OK Parameters See write command</incalibrate>	
Write command AT^SNFI= <inbbcgain>, <incalibrate></incalibrate></inbbcgain>	Response TA sets microphone path amplifying. OK	
	Parameters <inbbcgain> <incalibrate></incalibrate></inbbcgain>	Setting for ADC gain Amplifier 0 - 7 (0=0dB, 7=42dB, 8 steps of 6 dB) Multiplication factor 0 – 32767 for input samples at- tenuation=20*log (inCalibrate/32767)
Reference Siemens	 Note Write command works only in audio modes 2 to 6! Read and write options of this command refer to the active audio mode. The range of <incalibrate> is up to 65535 but will be suppresed to 32767. Values above <incalibrate> = 65535 will cause a failure</incalibrate></incalibrate> Changed values have to be stored with ^SNFW. Attention! When you adjust audio parameters avoid exceeding the maximum allowed level. Bear in mind that exposure to excessive levels of noise can cause physical damage to users! The default values are customer specific. 	

6.21 AT^SNFM Mute microphone		
Test command	Response	
AT^SNFM=?	^SNFM: (list of supported <mute>s) OK</mute>	
	Parameter	
	See write command	
Read command	Response	
AT^SNFM?	+SNFM: <mute> OK</mute>	
	Parameter	
	See write command	
Write command	Response	
AT^SNFM= <mute></mute>	TA switches on/off the microphone	
	ОК	
	Parameter	
	<mute> 0 Mute microphone</mute>	
	<u>1</u> Microphone on	
Reference	Note	
Siemens	This command can be used in all audio modes and during a voice call only.	

6.22 Audio programming model

The following figure illustrates how the signal path can be adjusted with the AT command parameters described in the Chapters 6.19 to 6.26

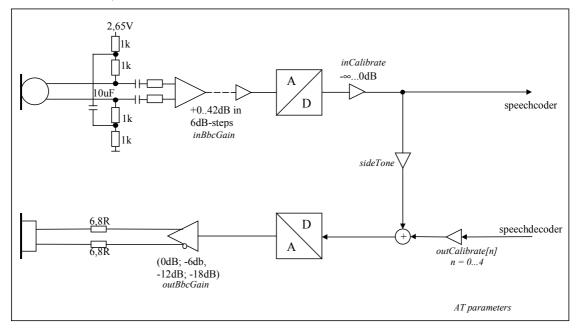


Figure 1: AT audio programming model

6.23 AT^SNFO	Set audio outp	ut (= loudspeaker path) parameter
Test command AT^SNFO=?	Response ^SNFO: (list of supported <outbbc gain="">), (list of supported <outcali- brate[04] >), (list of supported <outstep>), (list of supported <sidetone>s) OK Parameter See write command</sidetone></outstep></outcali- </outbbc>	
Read command AT^SNFO?	Response +SNFO: <outbbcgain>, <outcalibrate[0]>,<outcalibrate[4]>, <outstep>, <sidetone> OK Parameter See write command</sidetone></outstep></outcalibrate[4]></outcalibrate[0]></outbbcgain>	
Write command AT^SNFO= <out- BbcGain>,<outcali- brate[0]>,<outcali brate[4]>,<out- Step>,<sidetone></sidetone></out- </outcali </outcali- </out- 	Response	aker path parameters. utCalibrate[0]> <outcalibrate[4]> <(outStep)> <sidetone> Setting for DAC gain amplifier attenuation 0 – 3 (0=0 dB, 3=-18 dB, 4 steps of 6 dB)</sidetone></outcalibrate[4]>
	<outcalibrate[0]> <outstep> <sidetone></sidetone></outstep></outcalibrate[0]>	<outcalibrate[4]> Multiplication factor 0 – 32767 for output samples Attenuation = 20 * log (outCalibrate[n]/32767) Setting of actual volume; 0 – $\underline{4}$, i.e. outCalibrate[n] Multiplication factor 0 – 32767 determining how much of the original microphone signal is added to the earpiece signal. Side Tone Gain/dB = 20 * log (sideTone/32767)</outcalibrate[4]>
Reference Siemens	 Note Write command works only in audio modes 2 to 6! Read and write options of this command refer to the active audio mode. The values <outstep> can be changed also by ^SNFV.</outstep> The range of <outcalibrate> is up to 65535 but will be suppresed to 32767. A value above <outcalibrate> = 65535 will cause a error</outcalibrate></outcalibrate> Changed values will not be stored automatically, but via the AT command AT^SNFW except <outstep>. The parameter <outstep> will be saved after AT^SMSO only.</outstep></outstep> The volume level as well as mute affects all audio modes. In case of audio mode 1 the parameter <outstep> has no effect.</outstep> CAUTION! When you adjust audio parameters avoid exceeding the maximum allowed level. Bear in mind that exposure to excessive levels of noise can cause physical damage to users! 	

6.24 AT^SN	FS Select audi	o hardware set	
Test command AT^SNFS=?	Response ^SNFS: (list of supported <audmode>s) OK Parameter See write command</audmode>		
Read command AT^SNFS?	Response ^SNFS: <audmode> OK Parameter See write command</audmode>		
Write command AT^SNFS= <audmode></audmode>	The write command serves to set the audio mode required for the connected equipment. Please note that the selected mode is not saved to the non-volatile store and needs to be restored manually, if the GSM engine was powered down. Response OK If error is related to ME functionality: + CME ERROR: <error></error>		
	Parameters <audmode> <u>1</u></audmode>	Audio mode 1: Standard mode optimized for the default handset, that can be connected to the analog interface 1 (see your "Hardware Interface Description" for information on this hand- set.) To adjust the volume use the knob of the default handset. This handset can be used in audio mode 4 with user defined pa- rameters. Note: The default parameters are determined for type approval and are not adjustable with AT commands.	
	2	Audio mode 2: Customer specific mode for a basic handsfree device (Siemens Car Kit Portable) connected to the analog in- terface 2. Audio parameters can be adjusted with AT commands	
	3	Audio mode 3: Customer specific mode for a mono-headset that connects to the analog interface 2. Audio parameters can be adjusted with AT commands.	
	4	Audio mode 4: Customer specific mode for a user handset that connects to the analog interface 1. Audio parameters can be adjusted with AT commands.	
	5	Audio mode 5: Customer specific mode intended for the analog interface 1. Audio parameters can be adjusted with AT commands.	
	6	Audio mode 6: Customer specific mode intended for the analog interface 2. Audio parameters can be adjusted with AT commands.	
Reference Siemens	Note		

6.25 AT^SNF	V Set loudspeaker volume	
Test command AT^SNFV=?	Response ^SNFV: (list of supported <outstep>s) OK Parameter See write command</outstep>	
Read command AT^SNFV?	Response ^SNFV: <outstep> OK Parameter See write command</outstep>	
Write command AT^SNFV= <out Step></out 	Response TA sets the volume of the loudspeaker to the value <outcalibrate> addressed by <outstep>. OK Parameter <outstep> Volume range 0 to 4</outstep></outstep></outcalibrate>	
Reference Siemens	 Note Read and write commands are related to the active audio mode. The changes are allowed in audio modes 2 to 6. <outstep> can be changed by AT^SNFO, too.</outstep> <outcalibrate> can be changed by AT^SNFO.</outcalibrate> AT^SNFW does no save the changed <outstep> value. The setting will be saved when you switch off the module with AT^SMSO.</outstep> 	

6.26 AT^SN	W Write audio setting in non-volatile store
Test command	Response
AT^SNFW=?	ОК
Execute command	Response
AT^SNFW	TA writes the active audio parameters in non-volatile store related to the active mode.
	ОК
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+ CME ERROR: <error></error>
	<error> memory failure Flash write error</error>
Reference	Note
Siemens	 Execute command works only in audio mode 2 to 6. TA writes the following audio parameter values in non-volatile store: <inbbcgain>, <incalibrate>, <outbbcgain>, <outcalibrate[0]> <outcalibrate[4]>, <side tone=""></side></outcalibrate[4]></outcalibrate[0]></outbbcgain></incalibrate></inbbcgain>

6.27 AT^SPBC	Search the first entry in the sorted telephone book	
Test command	Response	
AT^SPBC=?	^SPBC: (list of sorted telephone books supported <mem>s)</mem>	
	See AT+CPBS/AT^SPBS	
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR	
Write command	Parameter	
AT^SPBC= <char></char>	<char> First letter of searched entry</char>	
	<index> Index in the sorted telephone book (access via AT^SPBG)</index>	
	Response	
	^SPBC: <index></index>	
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR	
Reference	Note	
Siemens	There is no difference between small and capital letters.	

6.28 AT^SPBG Read entry from active telephone book via sorted index

This command sorts the active phonebook records by name, in alphabetical order. Please note that the alphabetical order is assigned an index of its own which is *not identical with the location numbers used in the various phonebooks*.

CAUTION: The AT^SBPG command is *intended for reading only*. For example, it helps you find entries starting with matching characters. However, do not use the listed index numbers to dial out or modify entries.

,			
Test command	Response		
AT^SPBG=?	^SPBG: (list of used <index>s), <nlength>, <tlength></tlength></nlength></index>		
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR		
	Parameter		
	<index> Total number of entries stored in the active phonebook; displayed as a range of serial numbers $(1 - n)$.</index>		
	<nlength> Max. length of phone number</nlength>		
	<tlength> Max. length of the text associated with the phone number</tlength>		
Execute command	Response		
AT^SPBG=	^SPBG: <index1>, <number>, <type>, <text>[<cr><cl></cl></cr></text></type></number></index1>		
<index1></index1>	^SPBG:		
[, <index2>]</index2>	^SPBG: <index2>, <number>, <type>, <text>]</text></type></number></index2>		
	OK/ERROR/+CME ERROR		
	Parameter		
	<index1> Serial number assigned to the position in the alphabetical list where reading of entries starts</index1>		
	<index2> Serial number assigned to the position in the alphabetical list where reading of entries ends</index2>		
	<number> Phone number</number>		
	<type> Type of phone number</type>		
	<text> Text associated with phone number</text>		
Reference	Note		
Siemens	The AT^SPBG feature is able to sort by the first 6 matching characters only. All the following characters will be ignored.		
Example	 First, run the <i>Test command</i> to find out the range of phonebook entries stored in the active phonebook: AT^SPBG=? TA returns the number of entries in the format: ^SPBG: (1-33),20,17 where 33 		
	is the total number of entries.		
	 Now, run the Write command to display the phonebook entries by alphabetical order. It is recommended to enter the full range to obtain best results. AT^SPBG=1,33 TA returns phonebook entries by alphabetical order: 		
	^SPBG: 1,"+999999",145,"Arthur" ^SPBG: 2,"+77777",145,"Bill" ^SPBG: 3,"+888888",145,"Charlie"		
	The numbers at the beginning of each line are not the memory locations in the phonebook, but only serial numbers assigned to the alphabetical list.		

6.29 AT^SPBS Steps the selected phonebook alphabetically

This command can be used to flick through the active phonebook records in alphabetical order by name. Proceeding from a given index, you can step up and down to view the next three entries that start with matching characters. You can start either from an index selected with AT^SPBC or straight from the first memory location of the active phonebook.

In contrast to the ^SPBG command, ^SPBS displays the physical index numbers of the phonebook memory locations. This allows you to use the listed index numbers to dial out or modify entries.

Test command	Response
AT^SPBS=?	^SPBS: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	ОК
	Parameter
	See write command
Write command	Parameter
AT^SPBS=	<value> 1 to make a step downward in the alphabetically sorted phonebook</value>
<value></value>	2 to make a step upward in the alphabetically sorted phonebook
	Response
	If <value>=1</value>
	TA steps down one entry.
	^SPBS: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index2>
	^SPBS: <index3>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index3>
	^SPBS: <index4>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf>,<cr,lf></cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index4>
	ОК
	If <value>=2 (after <value>=1)</value></value>
	TA steps up one entry.
	^SPBS: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index1>
	^SPBS: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index2>
	^SPBS: <index3>,<number>,<type>,<text> <cr,lf>,<cr,lf></cr,lf></cr,lf></text></type></number></index3>
	ОК
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	The response parameters are explained in the specification of the "AT^SPBG"
	command.
Reference	Note
Siemens	This command can be used for the ME, SM and FD phonebook.

6.30 AT^SPI	C Display PIN counter
Test command	Response
AT^SPIC=?	OK
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err>
Execute command AT^SPIC	TA returns the number of attempts still available for entering the required pass- word.
	Note: Use command "AT+CPIN?" to check if password entry is currently required.
	Response ^SPIC: <counter> OK</counter>
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	Parameter
	<counter> Number of attempts still available for entering the required password.</counter>
Reference	Note
Siemens	

6.31 AT^SPL	M Read the PLMN list		
Test command	Response		
AT^SPLM=?	OK		
	Parameter		
	See execute command		
Execute command	Response		
AT^SPLM	TA returns the list of operator names from the ME. Each operator code < numericn > that has an alphanumeric equivalent < alphan > in the ME memory is returned.		
	^SPLM: numeric <numeric1>,long alphanumeric <alpha1><cr><lf> ^SPLM:OK</lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1>		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	<numericn> string type; operator in numeric form; GSM location area identification number</numericn>		
	<alphan> string type; operator in long alphanumeric format; can contain up t 16 characters</alphan>		
Reference	Note		
Siemens	See also GSM 07.07: +COPN, +COPS		

6.32 AT^SPL	R Read entry from the preferred operators list		
Test command	Response		
AT^SPLR=?	TA returns the whole index range supported by the SIM. ^SPLR: (list of supported <index>s) OK</index>		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	See write command		
Write command	Response		
AT^SPLR= <index1>[, <index2>]</index2></index1>	TA returns used entries from the SIM list of preferred operators with <index> be- tween <index1> and <index2>. If <index2> is not given, only entry with <index1> is returned.</index1></index2></index2></index1></index>		
	^SPLR: <index1>, <oper> ^SPLR:</oper></index1>		
	^SPLR: <index2>, <oper> OK</oper></index2>		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	<index1> location number to read from</index1>		
	<index2> location number to read to</index2>		
	<oper> string type; operator in numeric form; GSM location area identification number</oper>		
Reference	Note		
Siemens	GSM 07.07: AT+CPOL		

6.33 AT^SPL	W Write an entry to the preferred operators list		
Test command	Response		
AT^SPLW=?	TA returns the whole index range supported by the SIM.		
	^SPLW: (list of supported <index>s) OK</index>		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
	Parameter		
	See write command		
Write command	Parameter		
AT^SPLW= <index> [,<oper>]</oper></index>	TA writes an entry to the SIM list of preferred operators at location number <index>. If <index> is given but <oper> is left out, the entry is deleted. If <oper> is given but <index> is left out, <oper> is inserted in the next free location.</oper></index></oper></oper></index></index>		
	<index> location number</index>		
	<pre><oper> string type; operator in numeric form; GSM location area identification number</oper></pre>		
	Note: <oper> is a 5 digit number, 3 digits country code and 2 digits for the Network provider.</oper>		
	Response		
	ОК		
	If error is related to ME functionality:		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
Reference	Note		
Siemens	See also GSM 07.07: AT+CPOL		

6.34 AT^SPWD Change password for a lock (including locks defined by Siemens AG)			
Test command	Response		
AT^SPWD=?	^SPWD: (list of supported (<fac>, <pwdlength>)s) OK</pwdlength></fac>		
	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Parameter</err>		
	<fac></fac>	"P2" PIN2	
	140	otherwise see write command without "FD"	
	<nwdlength< td=""><td>>integer, max. length of password</td></nwdlength<>	>integer, max. length of password	
Write command	Parameter		
AT^SPWD =	<fac></fac>	"SC" SIM card (PIN)	
<fac>, <oldp-< td=""><td></td><td>"AO" BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls)</td></oldp-<></fac>		"AO" BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls)	
wd>, <newpwd></newpwd>		"OI" BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls)	
		"OX" BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country)	
		"AI" BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls)	
		"IR" BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)	
		"AB" All Barring services	
		"AG" All outGoing barring services	
		"AC" All inComing barring services	
		"P2" PIN 2	
		"PS" Phone locked to SIM (device code)	
		"PF" lock Phone to the very first SIM card	
		"PN" Network Personalisation	
		"PU" Network subset Personalisation	
		"PP" Service Provider Personalisation	
		"PC" Corporate Personalisation	
	<oldpwd></oldpwd>	password specified for the facility from the user interface or with command. If an old password has not yet been set, <oldpwd> is not to enter.</oldpwd>	
		if <fac> = "SC" then PIN</fac>	
		if <fac> = "AO""AC" (barring) then network password</fac>	
		if <fac> = "P2" then PIN2</fac>	
	<newpwd></newpwd>	new password	
	Response Facility locks: AO, OI, OX, AI, IR, AB, AG, AC, have the same ME <password> to lock and unlock. The <password> depends on the network provider. TA sets a new password for the facility lock function. OK</password></password>		
	If error is re +CME ERR	lated to ME functionality: cOR: <err></err>	
Reference	Note		
Siemens	See also G	SM 07.07: AT+CPWD	

6.35 AT^SSYNC Configure SYNC Pin

The ^SSYNC command serves to configure the SYNC pin in the ZIF connector of the GSM engine. Please note that the pin may be assigned different functions, depending on the type of GSM engine. The following AT commands apply to the TC35, TC37 and MC35 modules and the TC35 Terminal, however the options available for mode 0 and 1 vary with the model.

For detailed information on the SYNC pin refer to the "Hardware Interface Description" supplied with your GSM engine. Before changing the mode of the SYNC pin, carefully read the technical specifications.

cations.			
Test command	Response		
AT^SSYNC=?	^SSYNC: (list of supported		
	Parameter: See write command		
Read command	Response		
AT^SSYNC?	+SSYNC: <mode> OK</mode>		
	Parameter: See write command		
Write command	Response		
AT^SSYNC= <mode></mode>	OK		
<mode></mode>	Parameter <mode></mode> 0 TC35/TC32	7 MO25 modules Enchlos the CV/NC sin to indicate	
	growing pow use of the si is your conce processing t incoming sig short, this al thus, supply <i>TC35 Termin</i>	7 MC35 module: Enables the SYNC pin to indicate ver consumption during a transmit burst. You can make gnal generated by the SYNC pin, if power consumption ern. To do so, ensure that your application is capable of he signal. Your platform design must be such that the nal causes other components to draw less current. In lows your application to accomodate current drain and sufficient current to the GSM engine if required. nal: not applicable (do not select mode 0).	
	 Enables the SYNC Pin to control a status LED. On the TC35 minal, this is the LED placed on the front panel. If you use a TC37 or MC35 module, the SYNC pin can control an LED insin your application. The options described below are applicated both to the module and the terminal. Note: Mode 1 is the default mode for the TC35 Terminal. 		
	Operating modes of the ME LED	E indicated to the user (if <mode> = 1): ME Mode</mode>	
	Off	ME is off, in SLEEP, Alarm or Charge-only mode	
	600ms On / 600ms Off	No SIM card inserted, or no PIN entered, or network search in progress, or ongoing user authentication, or network login in progess.	
	75ms High / 3s Low	Logged to a network (therefore monitoring control channels and user interactions), but no call in progress.	
	On	<i>Voice call:</i> Connected to remote party. <i>Data call:</i> Connected to remote party or exchange of parameters between both parties while setting up or disconnecting a call.	
Note	The SYNC pin mode is sto after Power Down.	red to the non-volatile Flash memory, and thus retained	

6.36 AT^STC	D Display Total Call Duration	
Test command	Response	
AT^STCD=?	ок	
Execute command	Response	
AT^STCD	TA returns total call duration (accumulated duration of all calls)	
	^STCD: <time> OK</time>	
	Parameter	
	<time> string type value; format is "hh:mm:ss", where characters indicate hours, minutes, seconds; E.g. 22:10:00 "22:10:00" max value is 9999:59:59</time>	
Reference	Note	
Siemens	The Total Call Duration will not be reset by power off or other means.	

7 APPENDIX

7.1 Summary of ERRORS and Messages

Final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to ERROR result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither ERROR nor OK result code are returned.

<err> values used by common messaging commands:

7.1.1 Summary of CME ERRORS related to GSM 07.07

Code of <err></err>	Meaning
0	phone failure
1	no connection to phone
2	phone-adapter link reserved
3	Operation not allowed
4	Operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	Memory full
21	invalid index
22	not found
23	Memory failure
24	text string too long
25	invalid characters in text string
26	dial string too long
27	invalid characters in dial string
30	no network service
31	Network timeout
32	Network not allowed emergency calls only
40	Network personalization PIN required
41	Network personalization PUK required

Code of <err></err>	Meaning
42	Network subset personalization PIN required
43	Network subset personalization PUK required
44	service provider personalization PIN required
45	service provider personalization PUK required
46	Corporate personalization PIN required
47	Corporate personalization PUK required
48	Master Phone Code required
100	Unknown
256	Operation temporary not allowed
257	call barred
258	phone is busy
259	user abort
260	invalid dail string
261	ss not executed
262	SIM blocked

Note: Values below 256 are reserved.

7.1.2 Summary of CMS ERRORS related to GSM 07.05

Code of <err></err>	Meaning
1	Unassigned (unallocated) number
8	Operator determined barring
10	Call barred
21	Short message transfer rejected
27	Destination out of service
28	Unidentified subscriber
29	Facility rejected
30	Unknown subscriber
38	Network out of order
41	Temporary failure
42	Congestion
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified
50	Requested facility not subscribed
69	Requested facility not implemented
81	Invalid short message transfer reference value
95	Invalid message, unspecified
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented
98	Message not compatible with short message protocol state
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented



Code of <err></err>	Meaning
111	Protocol error, unspecified
127	Interworking, unspecified
128	Telematic interworking not supported
129	Short message Type 0 not supported
130	Cannot replace short message
143	Unspecified TP-PID error
144	Data coding scheme (alphabet) not supported
145	Message class not supported
159	Unspecified TP-DCS error
160	Command cannot be actioned
161	Command unsupported
175	Unspecified TP-Command error
176	TPDU not supported
192	SC busy
193	No SC subscription
194	SC system failure
195	Invalid SME address
196	Destination SME barred
197	SM Rejected-Duplicate SM
198	TP-VPF not supported
199	TP-VP not supported
208	D0 SIM SMS storage full
209	No SMS storage capability in SIM
210	Error in MS
211	Memory Capacity Exceeded
212	SIM Application Toolkit Busy
213	SIM data download error
255	Unspecified error cause
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	Operation not allowed
303	Operation not supported
304	Invalid PDU mode parameter
305	Invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy



Code of <err></err>	Meaning
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	Memory failure
321	Invalid memory index
322	Memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	no network service
332	Network timeout
340	NO +CNMA ACK EXPECTED
500	Unknown error
512	User abort

7.1.3 Summary of all Unsolicited Result Codes (URC)

A URC is a report message sent from the ME to the TE. An unsolicited result code can either be delivered automatically when an event occurs or as a result of a query the ME received before. However, a URC is not issued as a *direct* response to an executed AT command.

Typical URCs may be information about incoming calls, received SMS, changing temperature, status of the battery etc. A summary of all URCs is listed below. For each of these messages, you can configure the ME whether or not to send an unsolicited result code.

For the URC to be sent the ME activates its Ring Line (Logic "0"), i.e. the line goes active low for 1s.

Message	Meaning	How to activate URC
+CCCM: <ccm></ccm>	Current call meter value	AT^CACM=1
+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>	Registration to ME network changed	AT+CREG=1 or
		AT+CREG=2
+CRING: <type></type>	Indication of an incoming call	AT+CRC=1
+CLIP: <number>, <type></type></number>	Telephone number of caller	AT+CLIP=1
+CMTI: <mem>,<index></index></mem>	Indication of a new short message	AT+CNMI=1,1
+CMT: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>	Short message is output directly to the TE (in PDU mode)	Example: AT+CNMI=1,2
+CBMI: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page> ,<pages><cr> <lf><data></data></lf></cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn>	Cell broadcast message is output directly to the TE (in text mode)	Example: AT+CNMI=1,0,2
+CBM: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>	Cell broadcast message is output directly to the TE (in PDU mode)	Examples: AT+CNMI=1,
+CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>	SMS status report routed directly to TE (in PDU mode)	Example: AT+CNMI=1,0,0,1
+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>], <scts>,<dt>, <st></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo>	SMS status report routed directly to TE (in text mode)	
+CDSI: <mem>,<index></index></mem>	SMS status report routed ME/TA. Can be queried from the memory with location index number	Example: AT+CNMI=1,0,0,2
+CSSI: <code1> +CSSU: <code2></code2></code1>	Supplementary service intermedi- ate/unsolicited result code	AT+CSSN=1,1
^SMGO: <mode></mode>	SMS overflow indicator	AT^SMGO=1
^SCKS: <m></m>	Indicates whether card has been re- moved or inserted	AT^SCKS=1
^SCTM_A: <m> ^SCTM_A: <m></m></m>	Battery or module is close to or beyond critical temperature limit. URC is issued repeatedly. If <m>=2 or <m>-2, ME switches off.</m></m>	AT^SCTM=1
^SBC: Undervoltage	Undervoltage of battery detected. ME will be switched off within a minute.	AT^SBC= <current></current>
^SYSSTART	Indicates that ME has successfully been started. Note that this URC will not appear if autobauding is enabled.	Not defined by user
^SYSSTART CHARGE-ONLY MODE	Only applicable to battery operated MEs: URC indicates that ME has entered the Charge-only mode.	Not defined by user

Message	Meaning	How to activate URC
	Charge-only mode allows charging while ME is detached from network. Limited number of AT commands is accessible. Mode can be launched by connecting the battery charger to the POWER pins of the ZIF connector, before or after pow- ering down ME with AT^SMSO. Note that this URC will not appear if autobauding is enabled.	
^SYSSTART ALARM MODE or, if individual text available: ^SYSSTART ALARM MODE +CALA: <text></text>	Indicates that ME has entered Alarm mode. RTC alert set with the AT+CALA com- mand. Executed when ME has been powered down. Causes ME to wake up from Power Down mode. Preventing ME from unintentionally registering to the network, Alarm mode allows limited op- eration. Limited number of AT com- mands is accessible. Do not confuse with wake-up or reminder call. Note that this URC will not appear if autobauding is enabled.	Enabled when you configure Alarm mode
+CALA: <text></text>	Wake-up or reminder call set with AT+CALA command. Executed while ME is in normal operation. Do not confuse with Alarm mode.	Enabled when you set wake-up call
+FHNG: <code></code>	Returns Fax T.30 Error codes (defined in TR.29)	FAX oriented URC
+FPTS: <code></code>	Page Transfer Status <code>=[15]</code>	FAX oriented URC

7.1.4 Result codes

Indication	Numeric	Meaning
ОК	0	Command executed, no errors, Wake up after reset
CONNECT	1	Link established
RING	2	Ring detected
NO CARRIER	3	Link not established or disconnected
ERROR	4	Invalid command or command line too long
NO DIALTONE	6	No dial tone, dialling impossible, wrong mode
BUSY	7	Remote station busy
CONNECT 2400	10	Link with 2400 bps
CONNECT 4800	30	Link with 4800 bps
CONNECT 9600	32	Link with 9600 bps
CONNECT 2400/RLP	47	Link with 2400 bps and Radio Link Protocol
CONNECT 4800/RLP	48	Link with 4800 bps and Radio Link Protocol
CONNECT 9600/RLP	49	Link with 9600 bps and Radio Link Protocol
ALERTING		Alerting at called phone
DIALING		Mobile phone is dialing

7.1.5 Cause Location ID for the extended error report (AT+CEER)

ID	Description
0	No error (default)
2	GSM cause for L3 Radio Resource Sublayer
4	GSM cause for L3 Mobility Management Sublayer
6	GSM cause for L3 Mobility Management Sublayer via MMR-SAP
8	GSM cause for L3 Call Control Entity
12	GSM cause for L3 SMS CP Entity
14	GSM cause for L3 SMS RL Entity
16	GSM cause for L3 SMS TL Entity
21	GSM cause for L3 Call-related SS



7.1.6 Release causes for the Extended Error Report (AT+CEER)

 No Error (default) UNASSIGNED NUMBER NO ROUTE TO DESTINATION CHANNEL UNACCEPTABLE OPERATOR DETERMINED BARRING NORMAL CLEARING 	
 3 NO ROUTE TO DESTINATION 6 CHANNEL UNACCEPTABLE 8 OPERATOR DETERMINED BARRING 	
6 CHANNEL UNACCEPTABLE8 OPERATOR DETERMINED BARRING	
8 OPERATOR DETERMINED BARRING	
16 NORMAL CLEARING	
17 USER BUSY	
18 NO USER RESPONDING	
19 USER ALERTING, NO ANSWER	
21 CALL REJECTED	
22 NUMBER CHANGED	
26 NON SELECTED USER CLEARING	
27 DESTINATION OUT OF ORDER	
28 INCOMPLETE NUMBER	
29 FACILITY REJECTED	
30 RESPONSE TO STATUS ENQUIRY	
31 NORMAL, UNSPECIFIED	
34 NO CIRCUIT/CHANNEL AVAILABLE	
38 NETWORK OUT OF ORDER	
41 TEMPORARY FAILURE	
42 SWITCHING EQUIPMENT CONGESTION	
43 ACCESS INFORMATION DISCARDED	
44 REQUESTED CHANNEL NOT AVAIL.	
47 RESOURCES UNAVAILABLE, UNSPEC.	
49 QUALITY OF SERVICE UNAVAILABLE	
50 REQ. FACILITY NOT SUBSCRIBED	
55 INCOMING CALLS BARRED IN CUG	
57 BEARER CAPABILITY NOT AUTH.	
58 BEARER CAP. NOT PRES.AVAIL.	
63 SERVICE OR OPTION NOT AVAIL.	
65 BEARER SERVICE NOT IMPLEM.	
68 ACM EQUAL OR GREATER ACM-MAX	
69 REQ. FACILITY NOT IMPLEMENTED	
70 ONLY RESTRICTED DIGITAL INFORMATION BEARER CAP. AVAIL	L.
79 SERVICE OR OPTION NOT IMPL.	
81 INVALID TI	
87 USER NOT MEMBER OF CUG	
88 INCOMPATIBLE DESTINATION	
91 INVALID TRANSIT NETWORK SELECTION	



Number	Description
95	SEMANTICALLY INCORRECT MESSAGE
96	INVALID MANDATORY INFORMATION
97	MESSAGE TYPE NOT IMPLEMENTED
98	MESSAGE NOT COMP W. CC STATE
99	IE NOT IMPLMENTED
100	CONDITIONAL IE ERROR
101	MESSAGE NOT COMP W. CC STATE
102	RECOVERY ON TIMER EXPIRY
111	PROTOCOL ERROR, UNSPECIFIED
127	INTERWORKING, UNSPECIFIED
	Notification
300	Called party barred incoming call



Number Description Error Codes 0 No error (default) 1 UnknownSubscriber 9 IllegalSubscriber **BearerServiceNotProvisioned** 10 **TeleserviceNotProvisioned** 11 12 IllegalEquipment 13 CallBarred 15 **CUGReject** 16 IllegalSSOperation 17 SSErrorStatus 18 **SSNotAvailable** 19 **SSSubscriptionViolation** 20 SSIncompatibility 21 FacilityNotSupported 27 AbsentSubscriber 29 ShortTermDenial 30 LongTermDenial 34 SystemFailure 35 DataMissing 36 UnexpectedDataValue 37 **PWRegistrationFailure** 38 **NegativePWCheck** 43 **NumberOfPWAttemptsViolation** 71 UnknownAlphabet 72 **USSDBusy** 126 MaxNumsOfMPTYCallsExceeded 127 ResourcesNotAvailable **Problem Codes** 300 **Unrecognized Component** 301 Mistyped Component 302 **Badly Structured Component** Invoke Problem Codes 303 Duplicate Invoke ID 304 **Unrecognized Operation** 305 **Mistyped Parameter** 306 **Resource Limitation** 307 Initiating Release 308 Unrecognized Linked ID

7.1.7 Release cause for last Supplementary Service Call (AT+CEER)



Number	Description
309	Linked Response Unexpected
310	Unexpected Linked Operation
	Return Result Problem Codes
311	Unrecognize Invoke ID
312	Return Result Unexpected
313	Mistyped Parameter
Return Error Problem Codes	
314	Unrecognized Invoke ID
315	Return Error Unexpected
316	Unrecognized Error
317	Unexpected Error
318	Mistyped Parameter

7.2 Summary of PIN requiring AT Commands

The following table lists all the AT commands that are available after the PIN was entered.

AT command	Required PIN				
Standard V25.ter AT commands					
ΑΤΑ	PIN1				
ATD	PIN1				
ATH	PIN1				
AT+GCAP	PIN1				
AT+GMI	PIN1				
AT+GMM	PIN1				
AT+GMR	PIN1				
AT+GSN	PIN1				
AT+ILRR	PIN1				
AT commands originating from GSM	07.07				
AT+CACM	PIN 1, PIN 2				
AT+CAMM	PIN 1, PIN 2				
AT+CAOC	PIN 1				
AT+CCFC	PIN 1				
AT+CEER	PIN 1				
AT+CHLD	PIN 1				
AT+CHUP	PIN 1				
AT+CIMI	PIN 1				
AT+CLCC	PIN 1				
AT+CLCK	PIN 1				
AT+CMUT	PIN 1				
AT+COPN	PIN 1				
AT+COPS	PIN 1				
AT+CPBR	PIN 1				
AT+CPBS	PIN 1				
AT+CPBW	PIN 1				
AT+CPUC	PIN 1, PIN 2				
AT+CPWD	PIN 1, PIN 2				
AT+CRSM	PIN 1				
AT+CSSN	PIN 1				
AT+ILRR	PIN 1				
AT+VTS	PIN 1				
AT^SMGL	PIN 1				
AT^SMGO	PIN 1				
AT^SMGR	PIN 1				
AT+CMGC	PIN 1				
AT+CMGD	PIN 1				



AT+CMGFPIN 1AT+CMGLPIN 1AT+CMGRPIN 1AT+CMGSPIN 1AT+CMGWPIN 1AT+CMSSPIN 1AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCHPIN 1AT+CSMPPIN 1	
AT+CMGRPIN 1AT+CMGSPIN 1AT+CMGWPIN 1AT+CMSSPIN 1AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CMGSPIN 1AT+CMGWPIN 1AT+CMSSPIN 1AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CMGWPIN 1AT+CMSSPIN 1AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CMSSPIN 1AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CNMAPIN 1AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CNMIPIN 1AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CPMSPIN 1AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CSCAPIN 1AT+CSCBPIN 1AT+CSDHPIN 1	
AT+CSCB PIN 1 AT+CSDH PIN 1	
AT+CSDH PIN 1	
AT+CSMP PIN 1	
AT+CSMS PIN 1	
AT+CSNS PIN 1	
Siemens defined AT commands	
AT+CXXCID PIN 1	
AT^SACM PIN 1,	PIN 2
AT^SCID PIN 1	
AT^SCNI PIN 1	
AT^STCD PIN 1	
AT^SDLD PIN 1	
AT^SLCD PIN 1	
AT^SLCK PIN 1	
AT^SPBG PIN 1	
AT^SPBS PIN 1	
AT^SPLM PIN 1	
AT^SPLR PIN 1	
AT^SPLW PIN 1	
AT^SPWD PIN 1,	
AT^MONP PIN 1	PIN 2
AT^MONI PIN 1	PIN 2

7.3 AT commands available before entering the SIM PIN

The following table summarizes the AT commands you can use before the SIM PIN has been entered.

Explanation:

- AT command usable without PIN
- --- not usable witout PIN
- n.a. AT command not available at all

AT command	Test	Read	Write / Exceute	Note
Standard V.25t	er AT command	ds		
ATD	n.a.	n.a	•	For emergency calls only
ATE	n.a.	n.a	•	
ATI	n.a.	n.a	•	
ATSn	n.a.	•	•	
ATS18	•	n.a	•	
ATV	n.a.	n.a	•	
ATX	n.a.	n.a	•	
ATZ	n.a.	n.a	٠	
AT&C	n.a.	n.a	٠	
AT&D	n.a.	n.a	•	
AT&F	n.a.	n.a	٠	
AT&V	n.a.	n.a	٠	
AT+IPR	٠	٠	٠	
AT commands	originating from	n GSM 07.07		
AT+CALA	٠	٠	٠	
AT+CBST	٠	٠	٠	
AT+CCLK	٠	٠	٠	
AT+CFUN	•	•	•	
AT+CGMM	•	n.a.	•	
AT+CLIP	٠			
AT+CLVL	•	٠	•	Write commd. only in audio mode 2-6
AT+CMEE	•	•	•	
AT+CMUT	•	•	•	Write commd. depending on audio mode
AT+CMUX	•	•	Error	Only mode 0
AT+COPS	Phone busy	unknown		Not useful without PIN
AT+CPAS	•	n.a.	•	Only 0
AT+CR	•	•	•	
AT+CRC	•	•	•	
AT+CREG	•	•	•	
AT+CRLP	•	•	•	
AT+CSCS	•	٠	•	
AT+CSQ	•		•	

AT+CSSN	•	•	٠	
AT+VTD	•	•	•	
AT+WS46	•	•	٠	12 (GSM digital cellular)
AT+CMGF	•	•	٠	
Siemens define	ed AT comman	ds		
AT^SBC	•	•	•	
AT^SCKS	•	•	•	
AT^SCTM	•	•	•	
AT^SMSO	•	•	•	
AT^SM20	•	•	٠	
AT^SNFD	•	n.a.	•	
AT^SNFI	•	•	٠	Write commd. only in audio mode 2-6
AT^SNFM	•	•	٠	Write commd. only in audio mode 2-6
AT^SNFO	•	•	٠	Write commd. only in audio mode 2-6
AT^SNFS	•	•	٠	
AT^SNFV	•	•	•	
AT^SNFW	•	n.a.	•	
AT^SPIC	•	n.a.	•	
AT^SSYNC	•	•	•	

7.4 List of *# codes

The following commands can be used with ATD (for voice calls only, i.e. use ';')

*# code	Functionality	Possible response(s)
*#06#	Query IMEI:	<imei> OK</imei>
**04[2]*oldPin*newPin[2]*newPin[2]#	Change SIM pwd:	+CME ERROR: <err> /</err>
**05[2]*unblKey*newPin[2]*newPin[2]#	Change/Unblocking SIM pwd:	ОК
[]03*[ZZ]*oldPw*newPw*newPw#	Registration of net password:	
*#30#	Check status of CLIP	+CLIP : <n>,<m> OK (Chapter 4.19, p 69)</m></n>
*#31#	Check status of CLIR	+CLIR : <n>,<m> OK (Chapter 4.20, p.70)</m></n>
*31# <phonenumber>[;]</phonenumber>	Suppress CLIR	(Chapter 4.20, p.70)
#31# <phonenumber>[;]</phonenumber>	Activate CLIR	(Chapter 4.20, p.70)
*#76#	Check status of COLP	+COLP : 0, <m> OK</m>
*#77#	Check status of COLR	+COLR : 0, <m> OK</m>
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)21*DN*BS#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CFU	^SCCFC : <reason>, <status>, <class> [,]</class></status></reason>
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)67*DN*BS#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CF busy	like +CCFC *) (p 58)
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)61*DN*BS*T#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CF no reply	
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)62*DN*BS#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CF no reach	
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)002*DN*BS*T#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CF all	
(choice of *,#,*#,**,##)004*DN*BS*T#	Act/deact/int/reg/eras CF all cond.	
(choice of *,#,*#)43*BS#	Activation/deactivation/int WAIT	+CCWA : <status>, <class> *)</class></status>
(choice of *,#,*#)33*Pw*BS#	Act/deact/int BAOC	^SCLCK : <fac>, <status>, <class> [,] like</class></status></fac>
(choice of *,#,*#)331*Pw*BS#	Act/deact/int BAOIC	+CLCK *) (p 66)
(choice of *,#,*#)332*Pw*BS#	Act/deact/int BAOIC exc.home	
(choice of *,#,*#)35*Pw*BS#	Act/deact/int. BAIC	
(choice of *,#,*#)351*Pw*BS#	Act/deact/int BAIC roaming	
#330*Pw*BS#	Deact. All Barring Services	
#333*Pw*BS#	Deact. All Outg.Barring Services	
#353*Pw*BS#	Deactivation. All Inc.Barring Services	
[C][C]#	Send USSD message	+CME ERROR: <err> /</err>
		OK
C[C] in call	Call hold and multiparty	+CME ERROR: <err> /</err>
		OK
C[C] (excluded 1[C])	Send USSD message	+CME ERROR: <err> /</err>
		OK

Meaning of Abbreviations:

ZZ	type of supplementary services:		Barring services		330
			All services		
DN	dialling number: string of				
BS	basic service: Voice		11		
		Sms			16
		Fax	ax		13
		Sms+fax	ms+fax		
		Voice+fax	ζ.		19
		Voice+sm	s+fax		10
		Data circu	it asyncron		25
		Data circu	it syncron		24
	PAD				27
		packet			26



	data circuit async.+PAD	21
	data circuit sync.+packet	22
	data circ.async+sync.+PAD+packet	20
	all services	
time in seconds		
net password		
character of TE c	haracter set	

*) ^SCCFC, ^SCCWA, ^SCLCK: The output depends on teleservices which are coded in <class>. If no teleservice or bearer service is active for a given interrogation a "7" is generated as default value for the <class> parameter. In addition only for every active class in the network one output line will be created. ^SCCFC and ^SCLCK are modified by giving an additional <reason> or <fac> in front of the regular output string generated by the standard commands +CCFC and +CLCK.

+COLP, +COLR: <m>

T Pw C

0 not active 1 active +CCWA: <status> 0 not active 1 active <class> like +ccfc <class> (p 58)

7.5 Alphabet tables

This section provides tables for the special GSM 03.38 alphabet supported by the ME (see chapter "Supported character sets", pg 10).

Charac	ter table	e of		b7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
default GSM 03.38 alphabet			b6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	
(7 Bits	per cha	racter):		b5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
											_	
b4	b3	b2	b1		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	0	@	Δ	SP	0	i	Р	Ś	р
0	0	0	1	1	£	_	!	1	А	Q	а	q
0	0	1	0	2	\$	Φ	"	2	В	R	b	r
0	0	1	1	3	¥	Г	#	3	С	S	С	S
0	1	0	0	4	è	Λ	¤	4	D	Т	d	t
0	1	0	1	5	é	Ω	%	5	E	U	е	u
0	1	1	0	6	ù	П	&	6	F	V	f	v
0	1	1	1	7	ì	Ψ	1	7	G	W	g	w
1	0	0	0	8	Ò	Σ	(8	Н	Х	h	х
1	0	0	1	9	Ç	Θ)	9	I	Y	i	У
1	0	1	0	10 /A	LF	Ξ	*	:	J	Z	j	Z
1	0	1	1	11 /B	Ø	1)	+	;	К	Ä	k	ä
1	1	0	0	12 /C	Ø	Æ	,	<	L	Ö	I	Ö
1	1	0	1	13 /D	CR	æ	-	=	М	Ñ	m	ñ
1	1	1	0	14 /E	Å	ß		>	Ν	Ü	n	ü
1	1	1	1	15 /F	å	É	/	?	0	§	0	à

¹⁾ This code is an escape to the following extension of the 7 bit default alphabet table.

Extens	ion table	e of		b7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
GSM 7 bit default alphabet		b6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1		
				b5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
b4	b3	b2	b1		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	0								
0	0	0	1	1								
0	0	1	0	2								
0	0	1	1	3								
0	1	0	0	4		^						
0	1	0	1	5							2)	
0	1	1	0	6								
0	1	1	1	7								
1	0	0	0	8			{					
1	0	0	1	9			}					
1	0	1	0	10 /A	3)							
1	0	1	1	11 /B		1)						
1	1	0	0	12 /C				[
1	1	0	1	13 /D				~				
1	1	1	0	14 /E]				
1	1	1	1	15 /F			١					

In the event that an MS receives a code where a symbol is not represented in the above table then the MS shall display the character shown in the main default 7 bit alphabet table.

- 1) This code value is reserved for the extension to another extension table. On receipt of this code, a receiving entity shall display a space until another extension table is defined.
- 2) This code represents the EURO currency symbol. The code value is that used for the character 'e'. Therefore a receiving entity which is incapable of displaying the EURO currency symbol will display the character 'e' instead.
- 3) This code is defined as a Page Break character and may be used for example in compressed CBS messages. Any mobile which does not understand the 7 bit default alphabet table extension mechanism will treat this character as Line Feed.